COORG PROVINCE,

AUGUST, 1878.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

J. D. GORDON, Esq., C. S. I., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.—*Nil.*
REV. AG. & COM.—*Nil.*
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.—*Nil.*
EDUCATIONAL.

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1878.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

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1 to 2	*Locusts.* Sanctioning expenditure of Rs. 119-8-0 incurred in destroying—	No. 382—45, dated 30th Aug. 1878.	...	24th June 1878.	1

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Financial Department,
30th August 1878.

From the Superintendent of Coorg, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Duftur Department, C. No. 35, dated 24th August 1878.

With reference to your telegram of 24th June 1878 regarding steps to be taken for the extermination of locusts, I have the honor to submit for sanction a bill for Rs. 119—8—0 expended by the Subedar of the Yelsavirshime Taluk in rewards paid for locusts killed at the rate of 4 annas a basket each containing 20 seers.

2. It appears that the most effective way of destroying the insects is to beat them down with boughs of trees before their wings are fully grown ; when the locusts are able to fly, a few may be killed early in the morning and late in the evening, but in the day time they are too lively and cannot be approached.

3. In North Coorg, systematic measures were not taken quite soon enough, and the ryots were with great difficulty induced to exert themselves ; they seem to have a superstitious idea that the locusts are a dispensation of Providence and that it is sinful to interfere with them ; most of the rewards were earned by the Dhers and not by the ryots.

4. The plan of lighting large fires at night was tried, but the locusts were not attracted. Attempts were also made to catch them in gumblies, but they did not succeed to any extent.

5 The Subedar reports that the area of the fields devoured is nearly 400 acres, but about one half of the crops have sprouted again vigorously, and the ryots have re-sown 100 acres more, leaving about 100 acres devastated.

6. The charge of Rs. 119—8—0 can be met from the balance of Rs. 290—12—5 available under the head of "Other Miscellaneous Charges" subordinate to grant 30. "Miscellaneous" in the Budget of the current year.

No. 382—Fin. 45, dated Bangalore, 30th August 1878.

Order.—The charges amounting to Rs. 119—8—0 incurred by the Superintendent of Coorg, under the Chief Commissioner's authority, in destroying locusts, are approved, and the bill is returned countersigned. The amount will be debited as proposed to the provision under "Other Miscellaneous Charges" subordinate to grant 30. "Miscellaneous" in the current year's Budget.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Superintendent of Coorg.
„ Comptroller General, Calcutta.

PART I.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

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1 to 2	*Repairs of school buildings.* Requesting the Director of Public Instruction to submit a supplemental budget for—	No. 527—3, dated 5th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 465—28, dated 22nd Oct. 1877.	

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Educational Department, 5th August 1878.

From the Director of Public Instruction, Coorg, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, No. 1138, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1878.

In para 3 of Chief Commissioner's order No. 465—Finl. 28 of the 22nd October last, the proposed budget entry of Rs. 500 for repairs of the Central and Anglo-vernacular school buildings was disallowed, with the remark that "all trifling repairs should be carried out by the people." When the matter was brought before Mr. Gordon at Mercara, on the occasion of his late visit to Coorg, my docket to the Inspector informing him of the above decision was endorsed with authority to execute the repairs and to report on the subject.

2. I have now the honor to submit the report received from the Inspector (No. 434 of the 24th ultimo), and to request the orders of the Chief Commissioner on the proposals contained in the last para, which appear suitable to the circumstances of the different grades of schools.

From the Inspector of Schools, Coorg Circle, To the Director of Public Instruction, Mysore and Coorg No. 434, dated Mercara, 24th June 1878.

I have the honor to submit the following statement :—

1. In your docket No. 326 of the 6th May, you communicate that by Mr. Saunders' order No. 465, dated Bangalore, 22nd October 1877, on the budget provisions for 1878—79, the item of Rs. 500 for petty repairs to school buildings has been disallowed with the remark that all trifling repairs should be carried out by the people.

2. On this order the present Chief Commissioner observed in his endorsement of the 14th May on your docket No. 326 :—

"This intimation has been given to Mr. Richter at so late a period, that it is not possible, even if the new principle can be carried out at all, to act up to it now. The repairs are absolutely necessary and cannot be deferred without certain loss and injury. I authorize Mr. Richter to execute the repairs at once, and to report that he has done so, when he may also deal with the principle involved."

3. Having received to-day the last information, that the repairs according to my estimate of the 24th April, as then sanctioned by Mr. Gordon, have been completed, with the exception of a few items that may stand over till after the monsoon, I may now deal, as requested, with the principle involved in Mr. Saunders' order.

4. In para 3 of the same order it is stated, "that the necessity for the provision has not been shewn."

5. In para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of the 29th October 1874, Genl. No. 530, it is stated, "Nor should any demand be made on the ryots for the repair of Nad schools, except possibly in some exceptional cases which should be reported for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner." If this strict principle applied to vernacular schools, where no school fees are levied, *a fortiori* it applies to Anglo-vernacular schools, where school fees are enforced.

6. When in my letter No. 1004 of the 29th November 1877 to your address, I suggested that the accumulated interest, *viz.*, Rs. 120, of "General Fraser's Fund" should be applied to the necessary repairs of the Anglo-vernacular school house at Fraserpet, the Chief Commissioner ruled in his No. 711—36, dated 15th February 1878, 2. "Any repairs to the school buildings at Fraserpet should be carried out at the expense of Government." It follows that Government would provide funds for the purpose, however, not for this school only, but for the other school houses of the same kind also.

7. The principle of Government keeping in repairs the Mercara Central School and the Anglo-vernacular school buildings is thus not only acknowledged by successive Chief Commissioners, but it is also established by practice, for in all previous Budgets grants have been provided and sanctioned for this purpose.

8. If education is to be fostered by Government amongst a people not very willing to make any sacrifices in the cause of education, it appears to defeat its own object, if Government insisted on imposing a new burden to which the people are averse, especially in places where there is municipal taxation already. I tried in Virarajendrapet, Fraserpet and Kodlipet to induce the headmen to get up a voluntary subscription towards repairing their respective school buildings, but utterly failed.

9. I most respectfully beg to suggest the following definite rules for school repairs in Coorg :—

(1.) The vernacular school houses are kept in repairs by the ryots of the respective Nads or villages, as long as no school fees are levied ; but the ryots may be subsidised from local funds (Plough-tax) regarding furniture (table, chair, black-board, maps) and fitting (doors and windows) and under circumstances by Government regarding timber and bamboos.

(2.) The Anglo-vernacular school houses are kept in repairs by Government.

(3.) The Mercara Central School buildings are placed in charge of the Public Works Department under the head of "Civil Buildings."

No. 327—Edl. 3, dated Bangalore, 5th August 1878.

Order.—The Chief Commissioner concurs in the views which the Director of Public Instruction has now submitted as to the inexpediency of making any change in the former practice according to which the cost of repairing school houses other than those of the village schools devolved on the Provincial Budget. Application will accordingly be made to the Government of India to sanction the provision of Rs. 500 for this purpose, for the current official year, which was disallowed by the late Chief Commissioner in his Proceedings No. 465—28, dated 22nd October 1877. The Director of Public Instruction is requested to submit a supplemental budget for transmissoin to Government of India.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Director of Public Instruction (returning the original enclosure.)
" Chief Engineer and Secretary, P. W. D.
" Superintendent of Coorg.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, was informed in reply, that the bill to prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild elephants in British Burmah was quite suitable to Coorg and may be unobjectionably extended to that District.	3rd August 1878.	
2	The Superintendent of Coorg was furnished with ten English copies of Act III of 1867 extended to Coorg by the Government of India Notification No. 761 of 19th June last.	Do do	12th July 1878.
3	Copies of a bill, with annexures (received from the Government of India) to prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild elephants in British Burmah, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner and to the Superintendent of Coorg, with the remark that the Government of India have been informed that the Act may be extended to Coorg under the provisions of section 5 of Act XIV of 1874.	5th do	3rd August 1878, No. 326—L. 1.
4	The Judicial Commissioner having recommended the remission of the remaining portion of the sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment passed by the Sessions Judge, Ashtagram Division, on Bantar Ramanna, in criminal case No. 3 of 1875, it was observed that having regard to the nature of the offence committed by the prisoner, the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to sanction any remission in the term of the sentence of imprisonment.	6th do	18th July 1876, No. 239—9.
5	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was requested to furnish a draft notification, for submission to the Government of India, extending to Coorg such sections of Act V of 1861 as correspond with certain of the Coorg Police Rules.	7th do	8th July 1878, No. 257—6.
	In reply, the Superintendent of Coorg was informed that a reference will be made to the Madras Government regarding the bill to prevent coffee stealing, and that as soon as it is passed, steps will be taken to expedite its application to Coorg.	9th do	3rd June 1878.
	With reference to the proposal made by the Judicial Commissioner, that a special application should be made to extend the new Code of Civil Procedure, Act X of 1877, into Coorg, he was informed that it appeared to the Chief Commissioner, that as the Act in question takes the place of Act VIII of 1859 which was already in force in Coorg, the formal extension of the new Code will be unnecessary.	14th do	
	Copies of Acts VIII of 1851 and XIV of 1864, extended to Coorg under Notification of the Government of India, Home Department, No. 92 of 17th January last, were forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for republication in English and Kanarese.	15th do	
	The Assistant Secretary to Government, Legislative Department, Fort St. George, was requested to inform, whether the bill to prevent coffee stealing now under consideration will be enacted at an early date.	17th do	9th August 1878.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
10	A draft notification extending to Coorg certain sections of Act V of 1861 (An Act for the regulation of the Police) under the provisions of section 5 of Act XIV of 1874, was submitted to the Government of India, Home Department, for publication in the *Gazette of India* if approved.	19th Aug. 1878.	7th Augu 1878, No 341—11
11	A report on the several points referred to in para 16 "a" to "i" of the Government of India, Home Department resolution No. 1099 of 27th June last in connection with the introduction of the "Indian Arms Act, 1878" to Coorg, was submitted to the Home Secretary.	23rd do	
12	Copy of Government of India, Home Department No. 3—196 of 13th instant, calling for copies of any manual or edition of police circulars that may have been compiled for Coorg, was sent to the Inspector General of Police, with a request that he will furnish copies of any circulars that may have been issued subsequent to the promulgation of the recent rules for the guidance of the regular police entertained for the principal towns in Coorg.	24th do	19th Aug 1878, No. 365—21.
13	The Chief Engineer Coorg Public Works Department was requested to furnish a memo, giving in detail the explanation of the points adverted to in paras 9 and 10 of Government of India No. 603, dated 7th May 1878, regarding the erection of a new jail at Mercara.	28th do	17th June 1878.
14	The orders of the Government of India were solicited on this office letter No. 189—11, dated 14th June last, on the subject of the notification relative to the Acts in force in Coorg, with special reference to the introduction into that District of the new Civil Procedure Code (Act X of 1877).	Do do	14th Aug. No. 354—12.
15	The Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, was requested to furnish this Office with a copy of the Act recently passed by the Legislative Council, to prevent coffee stealing in the Madras Presidency, as soon as the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy in Council to it has been intimated.	Do do	17th August No. 359—14.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Certain jamma sanads submitted by the Superintendent of Coorg, for the seal and signature of the Chief Commissioner, were returned for re-submission after being engrossed on stamp papers of the value prescribed by schedule I, section 23 of the General Stamp Act.	6th Aug. 1878.	
2	The annual report of the Coorg Survey operations for 1877—78, submitted with Madras Survey Superintendent's No. 2319—168 of 7th ultimo, was reviewed, and copy communicated to the Superintendent of Coorg.	12th do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, was requested to expedite the transmission of the particulars regarding the advance made to the late Mr. Joyce, as they were urgently required for communication to the Accountant General, Madras.	3rd August 1878.	18th June 1878.
2	A statement received from the Superintendent of Coorg of the extra famine allowance paid to the civil establishments in Coorg during the quarter ending 31st March last, was submitted to the Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
3	Three notifications of sanction submitted by the Superintendent of Coorg aggregating Rs. 31 for certain works in the town of Mercara, were accepted.	5th do	
4	As solicited by the Superintendent of Coorg, the purchase of 32 sets of letter scales at Rs. 4 each for the use of the taluks in Coorg was sanctioned.	Do do	1st June 1878, No. 161—13.
5	Copy of letter from the Government of India, Home Department, No. 955 of 25th ultimo, disallowing the claim of Appanmaiengar, late Amche Mutsaddi in Coorg, for a pension, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg, for communication to the applicant.	7th do	20th June 1878, No. 206—12.
6	The Superintendent of Coorg was informed that Rs. 19, being the pay of the toll barr establishment at Anechaukur for November 1877, should be recovered from the Subedar, who failed to report that the amount was missing till May following.	8th do	25th July 1878, No. 306—32.
7	With reference to his No. 2127 of 13th July last to the address of the Superintendent of Coorg, the Comptroller General was referred to this office Proceedings Nos. 212—19 and 213—20 of 22nd June 1878, copies of which were communicated to him at the time with the 1st pages of the pension applications of C. Maraiya and Puttamada Mandanna. —Copy to Coorg Superintendent.	Do do	22nd June 1878.
8	A refund bill for Rs. 27, being the sale proceeds of a building site payable to one Ramachandraiya, was returned to the Coorg Superintendent, with the remark that if the site in question was granted for building purposes, it was resumable to Government on failure of compliance with the conditions of the grant, and the sale proceeds were properly credited to Government.	Do do	
9	Certain contingent bills of the Coorg Survey Party were returned to the Superintendent, Madras Survey, duly countersigned.	14th do	
10	The Superintendent of Coorg was informed that the offer of one A. Bopu for the lease of the Nalknad Palace Gardens for 3 years at Rs. 300 per annum, may be accepted, if no better offer has been made in the meanwhile, and that the lessee should be required to furnish security to the amount of Rs. 200 to cover any injury that may be done to the garden during his tenure.	15th do	
11	The Superintendent's report that the right for the collection of tolls at Siddapur for 1878—79 was sold for Rs. 1,575 was approved.	16th do	29th July 1878.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Copy of a letter from the Government of India, No. 1879 of 31st July last, calling for an explanation regarding the particulars on which a pension of Rs. 15—6—0 was granted to P. Mandanna, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg, for explanation.	19th Aug. 1878.	22nd June 1878.
13	A comparative statement shewing the difference between the accounts submitted by him, and those received from the Comptroller General regarding the receipts of the Coorg District for the quarter ending 30th June 1877, was furnished to the Coorg Superintendent for explanation of the discrepancies pointed out therein.	Do do	
14	A permanent payable order No. 3, received from the Comptroller General, in favor of C. Maraiya, late Public Cattle Driver in Coorg, was sent to the Superintendent of Coorg, with the request that the pension to which it relates may be paid from the Coorg Treasury from the date therein specified.	24th do	19th Aug. 1878.
15	A refund bill for Rs. 737, being the amount of sale proceeds of building sites in the Virarajendrapet Municipality, wrongly credited as municipal receipts in April last, was returned to the Superintendent of Coorg, duly sanctioned and countersigned.	26th do	
16	In reply to his No. 1430, dated 15th instant (Famine), the Secretary to the Government of India, P. W. D., was informed that the payments entered for the month of March in the quarterly statement of famine allowances submitted with this office No. 325—6, dated 3rd instant, were on account of payments made for February 1878.	Do do	
17	An extract from the Civil Budget Estimates of 1878—79, shewing the contingent sums placed at the disposal of the Coorg Superintendent, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.	31st do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Superintendent of Coorg having submitted an application for three months' leave on medical certificate to K. Mudaiya, Subedar, Padinalknad Taluk, he was referred to this office Proceedings No. 316—46, dated 29th ultimo, directing the dismissal of K. Mudaiya on account of his conniving at the fraud committed by the late C. Kariyappa in the matter of the Bembu Kadu Estate.	5th Aug. 1878.	23th July, (Forests).
2	On the recommendation of the Superintendent of Coorg, Mr. G. Groves, Overseer, Mysore P. W. D., was appointed to the post of District Surveyor in Coorg.	Do do	
3	Copies of a letter from the Coorg Superintendent No. 1, dated 1st instant, submitting copy of a letter from the Inspector of Post Offices, Calicut Division, regarding the transfer of the Coorg Anche to the Imperial Post from the 1st August, were communicated to the Anche Bakshi and the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.	6th do	4th July No. 244—24.
4	Certain appointments, promotions and transfers consequent on the leave granted to the Naib Sheristadar of the Coorg Superintendent's office were gazetted.—Copy forwarded to the Superintendent.	Do do	
5	Copy of letter from the Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 1991 G., directing that in future all references relating to local funds be addressed to the Home Department instead of the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg.	8th do	
6	A receipt for certain articles of stationery received from Madras was returned to the Superintendent of Stationery duly signed.	19th do	
7	The Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta, was requested to furnish the Treasury officer, Mercara, with a copy of the latest edition of the Financial Codes complete.	21th do	
8	The balance of stationery required for 1878—79 for the use of the several officers under this administration was forwarded.	31st do	
9	The Acting Anche Bakshi's proceedings in closing the anche line from Periyapatna to Fraserpet were approved, and he was requested to communicate with the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan on the subject of the transfer of the Kodlipet Anche Office to the Imperial Post Office, and to report the result of the reference for the Chief Commissioner's orders.	Do do	
10	The receipt of 10 copies each of 120 estate maps sent with his No. 1949—156, dated 12th June last, was acknowledged to the Superintendent, Madras Survey. Four copies each of the above maps forwarded to the Coorg Superintendent.	Do do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The sanction of the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, was solicited to a grant of Rs. 500 for the repairs of Anglo-Vernacular schools in Coorg, as supplementary to the Educational budget estimate of Coorg for 1878—79.	24th Aug. 1878.	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—17-10-78.—50.

MYSORE PROVINCE,

AUGUST, 1878.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

J. D. GORDON, Esq., C. S. I., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.—*Nil.*
FAMINE.

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
FAMINE.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1878.

PART I.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Expenses connected with the trial of European British subjects.* Expenses connected with the trial of European British subjects by the High Court at Madras for offences committed in a Native State to be borne by the Native State or the British Government according to the circumstances of each particular case.	No. 3874—S, dated 21st Aug. 1878.	...	...	1

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Judicial Department,
21st August 1878.

From the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Dept., To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,—Finance,—No. 388 F., dated Simla, the 5th August 1878.

I am directed to forward, for your information, copy of the correspondence noted in the *margin, regarding the expenses connected with the trial of European British subjects by the High Court at Madras for offences committed in the Territory of a Native State.

* From the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, No. 1648, dated 11th December 1871.

To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, No. 194 F., dated 19th March 1872.

From the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Dept., (Judicial) No. 1648, dated 11th December 1871.

Doubts being entertained as to whether the expenses connected with the sending of European British subjects accused of offences committed in the Territory of a Native State, from such territory to Madras, for the purpose of being tried by the High Court and other charges incidental to such trial, should be borne by the British Government or by the Government of the State in which the offence is committed, I am directed to submit the question for the decision of the Government of India.

2. The practice hitherto observed in this Presidency has been for the British Government to defray the travelling and other expenses of the persons who are sent, along with the accused European British subjects, to attend as *prosecutors and witnesses* at the trial; while the expenses on account of the transmission of the *accused* themselves, *viz.*, travelling, custody, and maintenance, have always been borne by the Native State in which the offence was committed.

From the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Dept., To the Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Fort Saint George,—Finance,—No. 194, dated Fort William, the 19th March 1872.

With reference to your letter No. 1648, dated the 11th of December 1871, referring for decision the question whether the charges connected with the sending of European British subjects to the High Court at Madras for trial for offences committed in the Territory of a Native State, should be borne by the British Government or by the Government of the Native State in which the offence was committed, I am instructed to convey the opinion of His Excellency the Governor General in Council that each particular case should be decided on its own merits, out of regard to a variety of circumstances, such as whether the prosecution is at the instance of the Native State, or of the British Government or its local representatives.

No. 3874—Judl. 8, dated Bangalore, 21st August 1878.

Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing letters be communicated to the Judicial Commissioner for information and to Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
" Commissioners of Divisions and Sessions Judges.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

PART I.

EPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

OCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878

1	2	3	4	5	6
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1 to 2	*Remuneration to minor village servants.* Modifying the rates of remuneration of a certain class of minor village servants in the Nundydroog Division.	No. 3335—62, dated 1st Aug. 1878.	...	No. 6552—202, dated 4th Oct. 1876, Part I, Revenue.	1 to 2
3 to 4	*Jodi assessment.* Authorizing that the half assessment as a jodi be based on the survey valuation of inams.	No. 3503—22, dated 7th Aug. 1878.	...	...	3
5 to 6	*Amrut Mahal Kavals.* Orders relative to the Amrut Mahal Kavals.	No 3840—24, dated 19th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 6809—144, dated 20th Oct. 1877, Part I, Revenue.	4 to 9
7 to 8	*Acquisition of land.* Communicating a revised rule for the acquisition of land for public purposes.	No. 4159—26, dated 24th Aug. 1878.	...	...	9 to 10
9 to 10	*Muzrayi charges.* Orders relative to Muzrayi charges.	No. 1701-1709—178. dated 27th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 2658—208, dated 29th Oct. 1877, Part I, Rev.	10
11	*Returns of Revenue Cases.* Orders on the returns of revenue cases for the quarter ending 30th June 1878.	No. 1682-1692—177, dated 27th Aug. 1878.	..	...	11 to 13

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 1st August 1878.

READ again—

(1.) Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1278—21, dated 17th May 1876, para 37, approving of the proposal of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, to determine the rates of remuneration of Totis, Talavars and Nirgantis.

(2.) Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6552—202, dated 4th October 1876, embodying a joint memo prepared by Major Grant and Mr. B. Krishnaiengar, C. S. I., on a definite mode of fixing the rate of remuneration to be paid by the ryots and the village community generally to Talavars, Totis and Nirgantis in the Gudibanda Taluk.

READ—

(3.) Letter No. 9606—147 of the 2nd February 1878, to the Government of India, Foreign Department, submitting a set of draft rules for regulating the remuneration of certain classes of the minor village servants in Mysore, and requesting sanction to the rules being introduced tentatively into the surveyed and settled taluks of the Province.

(4.) No. 31, R. of the 2nd April 1878, from the Government of India, approving of the rules, but doubting whether the rates of remuneration proposed are not too high.

(5.) No. 1947—35 of the 13th June 1878, to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, requesting his opinion as to the rates of remuneration proposed.

(6.) No. 718 of the 2nd July 1878 from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, submitting his remarks on the above subject.

No. 3335—62, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—In their joint memo dated 20th May 1876, embodied in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6552—202, dated 4th October 1876, read in the preamble, Major J P. Grant, the Superintendent of Revenue Survey and Settlement, and Mr. Krishnaiengar, C. S. I., Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, submitted proposals for fixing the rates of remuneration payable to the minor village servants, *viz*, Totis, Talavars and Nirgantis

2. The late Chief Commissioner, after consulting the Survey and Settlement Commissioner and the Commissioners of Divisions, &c., considered that the proposed rates might be modified to the extent of fixing the contribution from each occupant of dry land at 3 seers uniformly for the three classes of village servants referred to, and at 4 seers from the produce of garden and wet lands; and submitted his recommendation accordingly to the Government of India.

3. His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council approved generally of the proposed mode of remunerating the minor village servants, but expressed a doubt whether the rates were not unnecessarily high.

4. In modification, therefore, of the rates previously recommended to the Government of India, the Chief Commissioner directs that the scheme prepared by Major Grant and Mr. Krishnaiengar in their memo above cited, be introduced at first into the Nundydroog Division, so that its practical working may be tested before the system be generally extended. The following notification, authorizing the adoption of the rules in question, will be published in the *Mysore Gazette*.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division.
" Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore, Kolar and Túmkúr Districts.
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
" Superintendent of Inam Settlement.
" Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 1st August 1878.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st August 1878.

Under the authority of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, the Chi Commissioner directs that the following rules be observed in assessing the rates to be paid in the rem neration of the minor village servants, *viz.*, Talavárs, Totis and Nirgantis in the taluks of the Bangalo Kolar and Túmkúr Districts.

Talavárs.

I. In settled taluks, the remuneration of the Talavárs of each village shall consist of an allowan or miras fixed at 3 seers of grain * for each acre cultivated by him, whether garden, wet or dry land payable by every ryot holding land in the village.

* Note.—In the case of lands cultivated with sugar cane, cocoanut or other garden produce, the miras may be paid in paddy or ragi at t option of the occupier.

II. In unsettled taluks, the miras of the village Talavárs is fixed at 2 seers of grain for eac kudu of dry land cultivated, and at ½ seer for each kudu of wet or garden land cultivated, payable b every ryot holding land.

III. The rates to be paid by residents of the village who are not cultivators shall be, in the cas of mohatarfa-payers 1 anna per rupee of such mohatarfa, and for those who do not pay mohatarfa annas per house annually.

Totis.

IV. In settled taluks, the remuneration of the Totis of each village shall consist of a mira allowance fixed at 3 seers of grain for each acre cultivated by him, whether garden, wet or dry land payable by every ryot holding land in the village.

V. In unsettled taluks, the miras of the village Totis is fixed at 2 seers of grain for each kud of dry land, and ½ seer for each kudu of wet and garden land cultivated, payable by every ryot holdin lands.

Note.—The miras will not be levied from non-agriculturists for the remuneration of village Totis.

Nirgantis.

VI. In settled taluks, the remuneration of the village Nirgántis shall consist of miras allowanc fixed at 4 seers of grain for each acre of wet and garden land irrigated from tanks and channels.

VII. In unsettled taluks, the miras of the village Nirgantis is fixed at one seer of grain pe kudu of wet and garden land irrigated by tanks and channels, payable by every ryot holding such land in the village.

Note—Cultivators of lands irrigated from wells are not chargeable with the miras allowance payable to village Nirgantis.

Note—The miras will not be levied from non-agriculturists for the remuneration of Nirgantis.

VIII. In regard to lands cultivated on batayi, the existing usage shall be followed as regards pay ment of the miras allowances.

Enforcement of Payment.

IX. On a complaint being preferred by a village servant of the classes above mentioned of non-payment of the miras payable under these rules by any ryot or other person from whom such contribution is due, the Amildar of the Taluk shall hold an enquiry and pass a summary decision in accordance with the facts adduced. In the event of the decision being in favor of the village servant, the amount awarded shall be realized from the defaulting ryot as a revenue demand and made over to the complainant. The decision of the Taluk Amildar shall be subject to an appeal to the Deputy Commissioner if preferred within 10 days. The order of the Deputy Commissioner shall ordinarily be final.

X. No class of lands shall be exempt from payment of miras under the above rules, whether such be Government, Inam, or Service Inam lands, as all classes equally benefit by the services of the village servants.

(Signed) T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th August 1878.

From the Inam Superintendent in Mysore, To the Inam Commissioner in Mysore, No. 15, dated Bangalore, 19th July 1878.

Adverting to clause A of Rule II of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 266 of the 17th ovember 1877, relative to the alienation of inams belonging to religious institutions, I have the honor o request that the instructions of the Chief Commissioner may be obtained on the following point.

2. In the event of the alienated lands, or villages, not being voluntarily restored by the holders, ey are to be subjected to the payment of one half of the *Assessment* which is payable to the religious stitution; but it is not clear whether the "assessment" alluded to in the case of inam villages is the d recorded beriz or the survey valuation of the village.

3. I presume the minor inams will be disposed of on the old recorded beriz, as they are subject n all excess being charged.

From the Survey and Inam Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept., No. 812, dated Poona, 27th July 1878.

With reference to the above in the * first case I apprehend that there can be no doubt that the half assessment alluded to in clause A, Rule II, should be interpreted to mean half the survey valuation. No inams are as a rule more subject o under-valuation by the old records than devasthan inams, and if half the old recorded assessment was ollected, the State would be a heavy loser.

* Referred to in para 2 above.

2. With reference to the second case referred in para 3 of the Inam Superintendent's letter above— n the case of minor inams the survey valuation should in my opinion be also the basis of collection herever it is or can be made available, for the same reason as in the case of whole villages.

No. 3503—Rev. 22, dated Bangalore, 7th August 1878.

Order thereon.—The Survey Commissioner's proposal to base the half assessment as a jodi on the survey valuation of inams seems to the Chief Commissioner equitable, and is accordingly sanctioned for adoption.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Survey and Inam Commissioner in Mysore.
" Supt. of Inam Settlements in Mysore.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19th August 1878.

READ again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings Nos. 6809—144 of the 20th October 1877, conveying instructions regar the survey and valuation of the Amrut Mahal Kavals.

READ also—

Letter No. 279 of the 27th October 1877, from the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Depart submitting certain remarks regarding cultivation carried on within kaval limits, with reference to C Commissioner's Proceedings Nos. 6809—144, dated 20th October 1877.

Docket No. 7339—161 of the 12th November 1877, to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal De ment, forwarding a printed copy of this office memo No. 417, dated 14th February 1873, conta a precis of the whole correspondence bearing on the subject of leasing out lands within kavals for tivation.

Letter No. 6057, dated 1st November 1877, from the Secretary to Government, Military Department, Saint George, forwarding for such remarks as may appear to be necessary, copy of a letter from Commissary General, and stating that it is very desirable that before the survey and assessment of Amrut Mahal Kavals be undertaken by the Mysore Revenue Survey Parties, an Officer of the Com sariat Department should inspect and draw up a description of the pastures, and that on the C Commissioner's consent being communicated to the Madras Government, an Officer will be deputed.

Minute by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

The question of the kavals or grazing lands may be divided into two parts; 1, relations of the Mysore State as the sovereign proprietor of these kavals, to the Mad Amrut Mahal Department, (or Cattle Breeding Department) as the lessee or holder them, and 2, the relations between the Amrut Mahal and the ryots. I consider it portant that the first and more fundamental question which has been hitherto left in indefinite and very unsatisfactory state should now be taken up and settled on reasona terms. It is most undesirable that the vague term under which these kavals are n held should continue after the transfer of the Province to native rule. And as the tra fer is now so near, the question seems to demand an early consideration and settleme

2. It is not clear to me that the British Government can claim any rights in th kavals. The reservation to themselves of the Amrut Mahal or Cattle Establishments Tippu Sultan at the time of the restoration of Mysore to the native dynasty can scarc be supposed to convey any territorial rights to the kavals in the Native State, not expres provided for by treaty. Neither can the subsequent concession by the late Maha Raja 1813, of free pasturage on such kavals, a concession made out of deference to Brit Authority, be construed now into an admission of such right. Whatever rights may held to have been thus created, necessarily lapsed when, in 1860, the Amrut Mal was broken up, and the kavals surrendered to the Mysore State without any res vation.

3. The re-establishment of the Amrut Mahal must be based only upon a fresh a equitable agreement, providing for the payment of a reasonable rent to the Mys State for the use of the kavals. It must be owned that when the Amrut Mahal was r suscitated in 1866, no such rent was stipulated for by Mr. Bowring who considered th the arrangement, though directly advantageous to Her Majesty's Government, woul also confer benefit on the Province by improving the breed of cattle. But the reston tion of Mysore to its Native Chief had not then been determined on. Shortly after, ho ever, in 1869, when some kavals heretofore in the enjoyment of the Palace were propos to be made over to the Amrut Mahal, after the death of the late Maha Raja, the Gover ment of India, probably having regard to the certainty of the restoration of the Provin to native rule, directed that a fair and not nominal rent should be paid for their use, an that care should be taken to avoid even the appearance of concluding a bargain whic may be too advantageous to the Madras Commissariat Department at the expense of th

Maha Raja's estate. This afterwards in 1871 led to a general demand for tax on all the kavals held by the Amrut Mahal.

4. As regards the Palace kavals above referred to, Mr. Bowring considered that a rent equal to half of the ordinary grazing rates in force in this Province or one anna and two pies per acre per annum might be fairly imposed. No such rent has however been collected. Meanwhile, the Commissariat Department consented to supply one hundred breeding bulls annually to the Mysore State, the value of which they estimated at Rs. 8,000, and which they proposed to consider as equivalent to a small annual rent in recognition of the sovereignty over all the kavals in their possession, any "Terige," or rent realized by the sale of superfluous pastures, or from the cultivation of lands in the kavals, being also paid over to the Mysore State.

5. It will thus be seen that the fundamental question of the tenure of the kavals yet remains unsettled. The extent of the kavals held by the Madras Commissariat Department is roughly estimated by the Survey Commissioner at 3,000 square miles, or nearly one-ninth of the entire area of the Province. It appears to me that this must be an extremely inaccurate and exaggerated estimate, but if we suppose that it be one-fourth of that estimate, or about 700 square miles, the extent is enormous. It is a very serious question whether such extensive lands can be held in a Native State, without leading to complications and difficulties, as between the two Governments, as well as between the Amrut Mahal and the ryots. Such difficulties appear to have arisen during the early tenure of these kavals, and their further development was only arrested by the assumption of the administration by the British Government and the eventual transfer of the control of the Amrut Mahal also to the Commissioner of Mysore (Sir Mark Cubbon).

6. Should the continuance of the Amrut Mahal however be considered desirable, I consider it indispensable that the old system which originated at a time when lands were of little value, when the interests of Government were supreme, and when the rights of the ryots were considered of no concern, should be exchanged for a more definite tenure, in which the kavals would every one of them be a complete holding in itself, involving no interference with ryots, and paying its fair share of rent to the State like other lands in the Province. The value of the bulls supplied, and of any other benefits conferred by the Amrut Mahal, may be separately estimated and paid for. Such an arrangement seems to be necessary, not only in justice to the revenues of the Mysore State, but also to insure the management of the Amrut Mahal upon the sound principles of a purely business concern. This arrangement would be equally desirable whether the Amrut Mahal remains with the Madras Commissariat, or is made over to the Mysore State for management. The past system not only involved interference with the rights of ryots, which would not be tolerated for a day in British Territory, but was also calculated to encourage a wasteful use of public resources, as may be inferred from the extensive area of the kavals held, and the small returns of revenue derived from them.

7. The rent to be fixed should not be merely a nominal or even a general grazing rent, but ought strictly to be the same as what would be assessed on the individual kavals upon principles of a fair survey valuation, whether the lands be used for cultivation or for any other purpose. Kavals in the low-land districts belonging to the Palace are, I know, to be rented out for pasture for annual payments, fully equal to, if not more than, the assessment realized on cultivated lands in the neighbourhood. Kavals situated in sparsely populated tracts would of course, like the cultivated lands there, be assessed at light rates in proportion to the limited demand for cultivation. I can see no good reason for distinctive rates of assessment for cultivation and grazing purposes in the cultivated tracts of country. The necessity for such a distinction diminishes as the cultivated areas expand, and the value of pasture relatively rises in demand so as even to exceed ultimately the profits of cultivation. Having regard however to the fact that the extensive areas comprised in these kavals would be held at a permanent rent, without the fluctuations resulting from relinquishment of cultivated lands after their fertility is ex-

hausted, I consider that one half of the full survey valuation would be a fair rent for the kavals, paid as it would be permanently and without any annual fluctuations or claims for remission. Under such a tenure the kavals would be held without any limitation as to their use, the holders being at liberty to sub-rent them in whole or in part for cultivation or for pasture as suited their requirements, and upon the best terms of rent obtainable; and there need be then no complaints of kaval lands being cultivated to the neglect of kandayam or assessed lands.

8. The "Gida" kavals, or those situated in jungles remote from villages, which are the most extensive, need not be thus assessed. They would be more conveniently leased out at light or moderate rates such as Mr. Bowring proposed or other suitable rate, for *grazing purposes only*, as there is not likely to be any demand for them for cultivation for years to come. The forest interests in them would also by this arrangement be better conserved.

9. I desire these observations to be forwarded to the Madras Government with a request that I may be favored with an early expression of the views of that Government regarding the future arrangement of the Amrut Mahal on the principles above indicated. I am not insensible to the fact that the change proposed is a radical one. But if the settlement is to be final and satisfactory, it cannot be secured by half measures. It must at once be based upon equitable and sound principles. If the Amrut Mahal is fit to be maintained as a useful and profitable concern, it ought certainly to be able to pay a fair rent for the use of the kavals, especially with the increasing demand for cattle. It will be seen that only the kavals in the cultivated tracts, which are valuable, are proposed to be assessed at half the survey valuation. The far more extensive "Gida" or jungle kavals would still be held at light rates for grazing purposes. It is true that the privileges of free pasturage hitherto enjoyed by the Amrut Mahal would be lost. But if they are not based upon the clearest right, it is better that they should be given up in order to avoid the appearance of any undue advantage being taken of a Native State, or of the circumstance of the Province being under our management.

10. Pending this reference to the Madras Government, I direct the Survey Department to proceed with the demarcation and assessment of all the kavals whether in the possession of the Amrut Mahal Department or of the Palace or of private individuals. It is not required to carry out the survey in detail or to break up the kavals into convenient sized survey fields. But a general estimate of the extent of arable wet, dry and garden lands, and of the unculturable waste, comprised in the kavals, with their assessable value in the lump, would suffice. Should any of the kavals, be hereafter given up by the Amrut Mahal, and not be required for the Mysore State use, there need be no occasion to break them up and give them out for cultivation. It would be more advantageous to the public interests and would indeed meet an existing want, if each of such kavals were sold, as a whole, to the highest bidder subject to the permanent rent of half the survey assessment, in order to encourage farming and the breeding of cattle by substantial ryots and other private individuals.

11. The 2nd question of the relations of the Amrut Mahal with the ryots becomes much simplified when a fair rent is levied on the kavals. There would then be no occasions for apprehensions of loss of revenue from the Amrut Mahal holding an undue extent of land, or for complicated arrangements for realizing a revenue from the cultivation or pasturage of the surplus portions of the kaval lands from time to time.

12. The question of the right of Amrut Mahal cattle to graze on the stubble of the ryots' holdings throughout the Province need not be again considered, as the Government of India long ago decided against the continuance of such an objectionable course. It indicates the extent to which the paramount rights of Government in the lands had been carried at the expense of the ryots. In fact, the present kavals, it is believed, con-

sist largely of wet lands under breached or neglected tanks wrested from the occupancy of ryots under the plea of the paramount right of the State. Such a course could only have been tolerated under the old notions of native rule, and cannot be countenanced or perpetuated now.

13. As regards the few exceptional kavals in the Túmkúr District in which special arrangements exist for the ryots under certain tanks cultivating only half the land in a block each year, so as to allow of the cattle of the Amrut Mahal grazing on the other half, or for their not growing sugarcane or a second crop, so as to leave the stubble of the first rice crop available for the public cattle, such cases must be disposed of on their own merits. If the lands can be clearly shewn to have been newly obtained by the ryots for cultivation on the above expressed conditions, arrangements might be made as proposed by the Commissariat Department for assigning to the ryots a moiety of the lands in a block absolutely, and for incorporating the remaining half with the kavals. But I am inclined to believe that such conditions could not have formed part of the original tenure of the lands, and that they must have been subsequently imposed upon the ryots taking advantage of the batayi system. I am averse to taking any portions of the cultivated lands from the ryots except where they are urgently required, and the right of Government to the same is quite clearly established.

14. In regard to cultivated lands situated within the boundaries of kavals, I do not consider it necessary to reserve lands which though once cultivated are now waste. It will suffice to deal with lands now actually under cultivation. Where such lands are extensive, it would be desirable to separate them from the kavals altogether, giving up portions of the kavals or splitting the kavals into two or more parts as may be necessary for the purpose. Where the cultivated lands are small in extent, and so situated as not to be easily separable from the kavals, measures should be taken for purchasing the ryots' rights in them and absolutely incorporating them with the kavals. If the ryots hold Government pattas for such lands, they would be entitled to a fair purchase money and this though the lands should have been held prior to the breaking up of the Amrut Mahal in 1860 for temporary cultivation only. But no compensation would be required if it could be shewn that such temporary tenure has only been since continued, with express provision for surrender of the land when required by Government, or where the lands have been newly obtained since the resuscitation of the Amrut Mahal Department in 1866 for temporary cultivation. The presumption otherwise is that, on the breaking up of the Amrut Mahal in 1860, all the lands then under cultivation passed into the unqualified ownership of the ryots.

15. As regards the rights of ryots to graze on portions of the kavals at customary rates of rent, I believe that such rights, if they at all existed originally, must have been since largely extended by the subordinates of the department, the officers in charge naturally being disposed to allow the ryots a liberal use of the superfluous kavals for which they themselves paid no rent. These rights however to graze on public lands are held on sufferance, and would be sufficiently compensated if moderate portions of the kavals were separated and assigned to the villagers concerned where they have no other grazing land.

16. The kavals being thus cleared of all private rights, the Amrut Mahal would have the full enjoyment of them and might sublet them for pasture or cultivation on the highest terms obtainable.

17. I do not consider it necessary that this simplification of the kavals from private rights and the surrender of superfluous kavals by the Amrut Mahal Department should be postponed for the operations of the Survey. It should be arranged at once by the Deputy Commissioners of the Districts, in communication with the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal ; and this would afterwards facilitate the operations of the Survey Department when they proceed to demarcate, survey and value the kavals. But no

alterations of the boundaries of kavals already surveyed should be made except in communication with the Survey Department.

18. I observe that that the Madras Government proposes to depute an officer of the Commissariat Department to inspect and draw up a description of the kavals. That officer might be asked also to carry out the simplification referred to in the previous para, in communication with the Deputy Commissioners, to whom the necessary instructions would be issued on receiving intimation from the Madras Government.

19. In anticipation of such inspection, I would desire the Deputy Commissioners of the several Districts at once to furnish me, from such records as may be available, with lists of kavals in the enjoyment of the Amrut Mahal and Palace Departments respectively, distinguishing the "Gida" or jungle kavals from those on which half the cultivation assessments should be levied, and shewing the extent, description and value of the lands included in them, any private rights involved, and other particulars as far as they can at once be obtained from records without a local inspection. In surveyed kavals, all the information obtainable from the Survey records should be embodied in the statement.

20. I consider the settlement of retrospective claims as of secondary importance. In fact no such claim could be advanced as regards the kavals generally, as no stipulations for rent were made by Mr. Bowring when re-granting them. As regards the Palace kavals for which a grazing rent was demanded, the value of the bulls annually supplied by the Amrut Mahal to the Mysore State would nearly cover such demand. If this were however to be taken as a return for the use of the State kavals, separate rent would remain to be paid to the Mysore Palace for the Palace kavals from the date of their occupation by the Amrut Mahal.

21. Private kavals or those enjoyed by private individuals under grants from the late Maha Raja and others will of course be settled under the Inam Rules. The Inam Superintendent should however report whether his settlement purports to convey a right to grazing only, or convert the kavals into absolute holdings with liberty to use them for cultivation and other purposes.

22. In conclusion, I direct that the existing arrangements with the Amrut Mahal shall continue pending the settlement of the rent question now referred to the Madras Government.

23. A copy of this Minute will be submitted for the information of the Government of India to whom a further communication will be made on receipt of the views of the Madras Government on the proposals herein contained.

BANGALORE,
12*th August* 1878.

J. D. GORDON,
Chief Commissioner.

No. 3849—REV. 24, DATED BANGALORE, 19TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDERED, that a copy of the Minute above read be submitted for the consideration of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council accompanied by a printed memo, dated 14th February 1873, prepared in this Office, furnishing an explanatory account of the Amrut Mahal kavals in Mysore.

2. Ordered also that a copy of the Minute be forwarded to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, for submission to His Grace the Governor in Council, with reference to his letter No. 6057, dated 1st November 1877.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 19th August 1878.

3. The Survey Commissioner is requested to expedite as far as may be practicable the work in progress of surveying and demarcating the Amrut Mahal kavals in the manner indicated in para 10 of the Minute.

4. The Commissioners of Divisions will issue instructions in accordance with the instructions contained in paras 17 to 19 of the Chief Commissioner's Minute, and obtain from the Deputy Commissioners of Districts the information therein called for.

5. The attention of the Inam Commissioner is requested to the points referred to in para 21 of the Minute in question.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Inam Commissioner.
" Executive Commissariat Officer in charge of Amrut Mahal Department, Húnsúr.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce,
To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, (Land Revenue and Settlements),
No. 4, dated Simla, the 20th July 1878.

In forwarding for your information copy of a rule which the Government of India in the Department of Public Works have decided to substitute for Rule 14, Chapter XIII, Section 1, of the Code of that Department, relative to the acquisition of land for public purposes, I am directed to state that the Government of India believe that the instructions already issued in the Revenue Department for the guidance of officers taking action under the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, in Mysore and Coorg, already provide for the necessary communication between and co-operation of Revenue and Public Works officers as prescribed in the revised rule. If, however, this is not the case, the Governor General in Council will be glad if the rules on the subject in force in Mysore and Coorg are added to accordingly.

2. With reference to the sentence in the draft rule which mentions the acquisition of the land by private negotiation, I am to say that the expediency of acquiring the land in this way in preference to taking action under the Land Acquisition Act is a matter of which the Local Government or Administration of each province must be the best judge. The circumstances of different provinces and of different localities in the same province are so different that no universal rule can be laid down. It should be borne in mind that an indefeasible title is secured by proceeding under the Act, and that the procedure therein provided seems in most cases calculated to save Government from the risk of paying more than the true market value (*plus* the addition of 15 per cent directed in Section 42) for the land. It may, however, occur (especially in localities where the tenure of land is of a simple character) that there is no risk in respect of title in securing land by private bargain, that the price which would have to be paid in this way would be less than that likely to be awarded under the Act, and that more speedy acquisition of the land would thus be secured. Of this, however, the local Revenue authorities, as before observed, must be the best judges; and the Governor General in Council does not doubt that their decision will in all cases be in favor of that course which to a good title will join the greatest economy in the transaction.

3. It may be assumed that in cases where large appropriations are contemplated and lands are required for canals, railways and other extensive works, a special officer would be appointed to take up the lands under the Act.

REVISED RULE.

When land is required for public purposes, the officer of the Public Works Department should in the first instance consult the Chief Revenue officer of the district, and obtain from him the fullest possible information as to the probable cost of the land, per acre or otherwise, together with the value of buildings, &c., situated on the property, and for which compensation will have to be paid. Upon the information thus obtained, an estimate should be framed by the Public Works officer and submitted for sanction. When sanction to an estimate, framed as above directed, has been obtained, the Executive Engineer or other Public Works officer concerned should commit the matter to the Revenue officer, who will take the necessary preliminary action for the appropriation of the land under the Land Acquisition Act, or for its acquisition by private negotiation, subject to the instructions which he may receive from the Revenue authorities to whom he is subordinate.

These instructions provide that when the estimate originally framed and sanctioned is likely, when the land comes to be acquired, to be materially exceeded, the Revenue officer shall refer the matter again to the Public Works officer to ascertain whether the object sought cannot be otherwise secured, either by obtaining some other plot of land in lieu of that originally proposed for acquisition, or in some other manner. When such a reference is made, the officer of the Public Works Department should, in personal communication with the Revenue officer, consider the case, and, if it is found impossible to obtain the land required without materially exceeding the original estimate, submit a revised estimate for sanction.

No. 4159—R.-F. 26, DATED BANGALORE, 24TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDERED, to be communicated to the Chief Engineer, Department Public Works, the Commissioners of Divisions, and the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, for information and guidance.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To —The Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

MUZRAYI.

READ—

Rubkari No. 728, dated 3rd August 1878, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District, resubmitting with explanation a bill for Rs. 11-10-0, being the charges incurred in the purchase of certain articles of stationery required for the preparation of the annual Muzrayi accounts of 1877-1878.

No. 1701-1709—REV. 178, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—The bill is sanctioned as a special case. The charge will be met from the General Surplus Funds of Devasthans in the District.

2. From the Rubkari above quoted it is observed that the pay of the Muzrayi Office Establishment is debited to "Funds of Temples under the management of Muzrayi Officers." This procedure is irregular, and the Deputy Commissioner's attention is drawn to this Office Proceedings No. 2658—208 of the 29th October last which direct that such charges should be defrayed out of the General Surplus Funds of Devasthans.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To —The Deputy Commissioner of the Hassan District returning the bill and the correspondence.
„ Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Mysore, Bangalore, Kolar, Túmkúr, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog, for information and guidance with reference to para 2.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 27th August 1878.

Revenue Accounts.

No. 1682-1692—Rev. 177, dated Bangalore, 27th August 1878.

Order.—The returns of revenue cases, &c., Nos. 5 and 6, for the quarter ending 30th June 1878, having been tabulated, exhibit the following results :—

Regular Revenue Cases No. 6, *Original.*—Including arrears at the end of the quarter, there were 148 cases for disposal, of which 109 were disposed of, leaving 39 pending in the Courts noted in the margin. The date of the oldest case pending in the Mysore District is 28th December 1877.

Dy. Commissioners' Courts	Shimoga	..	1
	Kadur	...	1
	Chitaldroog	...	1
Asst. do do	Mysore	...	1
	Hassan	...	1
Amildars' do	Bangalore	...	4
	Kolar	...	1
	Tumkur	...	3
	Mysore	...	4
	Hassan	...	10
	Shimoga	...	8
	Kadur	...	2
	Chitaldroog	...	2
		Total	39

3. *Appeal.*—Including the arrears on the 30th June 1878, there were 31 appeals for disposal, of which 12 were disposed of, leaving 19 cases pending in the Courts noted in the margin. The oldest appeal pending in the Hassan District court was filed on the 20th March 1878.

Commissioners' Courts	Nundyaroog	...	1
	Ashtagram		4
	Nagar	..	1
	Kolar	..	2
Dy. do do	Mysore	...	1
	Hassan	...	10
		Total.....	19

4. *Referred.*—There were 3 referred cases in the Courts of the Deputy Commissioners, of which 1 was disposed of, leaving 2 cases pending in the Courts noted below :—

Ashtagram.

Deputy Commissioner's Court .. .	1

Nagar.

Deputy Commissioner's Court	1
Total ...	2

Miscellaneous Revenue Proceedings No. 6, *Original.*—Out of 64,831 original miscellaneous proceedings which accumulated for disposal, 61,241 were disposed of as shewn under :—

Proceedings relating to—

I. Cultivation	29,141
II. Accounts	29,632
III. Decrease of Civil Courts	7
IV. Sale for Government Revenue	2
V. Charges against public servants	19
VI. Maramat	2,440
Total... ...	61,241

leaving 3,590 pending in the following Courts :—

Deputy Commissioners' Courts.

Hassan	154
Chitaldroog	289

Assistant Commissioners' Courts.

Mysore	1
Kadur	31

Amildars' Courts.

Bangaloro	174
Kolar	603
Túmkúr	349
Mysore	605
Hassan	261
Shimoga	612
Kadur	318
Chitaldroog	193
Total....	3,590

The attention of the Deputy Commissioners of Hassan and Chitaldroog Districts an of the Amildars of Kolar, Túmkúr, Mysore, Hassan, Shimoga and Kadur should be draw to the heavy arrears shewn against their respective Courts.

6. *Appeal.*—The number of miscellaneous appeals for disposal was 367, of whic 347 were disposed of, leaving 20 pending in the Courts named below :—

Nundydroog	15
Nagar	5
Total....	20

7. *Referred.*—The cases referred to Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners wer 14,189, of which 35 only remained undisposed of in the Courts of the Deputy Commis sioners in the Nundydroog Division.

8. ORDERS, REPORTS, &c., *Original.*—Out of 2,06,803 orders, reports, &c., which ha to be disposed of, only 7,347 were pendin at the close of the quarter in the Court noted in the margin. It is observed that ther is a large number of reports, &c., pendin disposal in the Deputy Commissioners' an Amildars' Courts.

Nundydroog Division.

Deputy Commissioners' Courts...	23
Assistant do do	1
Amildars' do	975

Ashtagram Division.

Deputy Commissioners' Courts...	162
Assistant do do	171
Amildars' do	4,470

Nagar Division.

Deputy Commis.'oners' Courts	405
Assistant do do	15
Amildars' do	1,125
Total.....	7,347

9. *Appeals.*—Out of 671 appeals, 644 were disposed of, leaving 27 pending in the Courts named in the margin.

Nundydroog	20
Ashtagram	7
Total.....	27

10. *Referred.*—Reports, &c., referred to Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners were 14,684, of which 13,455 were disposed of, leaving 1,229 in the under-mentioned Courts :—

Nandydroog Division.		
Deputy Commissioners' Courts ..	..	529
Ashtagram Division.		
Commissioner's Court ..	..	21
Deputy Commissioners' Courts ..	..	669
Nagar Division.		
Commissioner's Court	..	10
	Total..	1,229

The number shewn as pending against the Deputy Commissioners' Courts in the undydroog and Ashtagram Divisions, respectively, is very large.

11. PETITIONS.—The petitions which accumulated for disposal were 19,420, of which 18,750 were disposed of, leaving 670 pending as shewn under :—

	Original.	Appeal.	Referred.	Total.
For disposal	17,698	1,157	565	19,420
Disposed of	17,084	1,139	527	18,750
Pending	614	18	38	670

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Pensions and gratuities.* Pensions and gratuities to be considered before re-organizing an establishment.	No. 3886—5, dated 21st Aug. 1878.	...	...	1

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 21st August 1878.

Government of India, Financial Department,—Pensions, Gratuities, &c., (Code, &c.)—Circular No. 1690, dated Simla, the 22nd July 1878.

The Governor General in Council desires that the attention of the several Departments of the Government of India, and of Local Governments, be drawn to the conditions prescribed in the Civil Pension Code for the admission of claims to compensation pension or gratuity. Such pension or gratuity is only granted to an officer discharged from the Public Service when, *on a reduction* of establishment, his appointment is abolished (Section 50, Civil Pension Code). It is further prescribed in Rule 5 of Section 50, that such abolition must produce a real saving to Government in respect of the cost of the appointment; and that the saving should always exceed the cost of the pension or gratuity to be granted to the incumbent of the abolished appointment.

2. Notwithstanding these clear provisions in the Rules, applications are frequently made for the grant of pension or gratuity to officers discharged from the Public Service, though the discharge of the officer does not result in any saving to the State. The consequence is, that the Governor General in Council is under the necessity of rejecting such applications, or to refer cases of more than ordinary hardship to the Secretary of State for special consideration.

3. It is not desirable that frequent relaxations of the Rules should be permitted. At the same time, it involves serious hardship if officers are thrown out of employment when they have not failed in the discharge of their public duties, and are refused all compensation therefor.

4. The Governor General in Council, therefore, deems it necessary to remind all Departments Local Governments, and officers concerned, that, in any scheme for reorganizing an establishment, the claims to pension or gratuity that may arise in consequence of the reorganization should always be considered before a change is made, and, except in cases of very urgent necessity, no revision of establishment should be carried out which would have the effect of giving rise to claims to compensation pension or gratuity the cost of which cannot be met out of savings effected by the revision. As stated in Rule 5 of Section 50 of the Civil Pension Code, if the saving does not exceed the cost of the pension or gratuity, "it may be better to postpone the reduction of establishment or abolition of appointment."

Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to—

The several Departments of the Government of India.
The several Local Governments and Administrations.
The Comptroller General.
The several Accountants General.
The several Deputy Accountants General in independent charge.
The several Chiefs of Departments under the control of the Financial Department.

No. 3886—Finl. 5, dated Bangalore, 21st August 1878.

Ordered, that the above circular be communicated to all Heads of Departments for information and guidance.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Military Assistant to Chief Commissioner.
" Deputy Accountant General.
" Inspector General of Police.
" Inspector General of Registration.
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Superintendent, Inam Settlements.
" Supt., Revenue Survey, Mysore.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Conservator of Forests.
" Superintendent of Coorg.
" Dy. Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Expansion of Municipal Income.* Orders on the several proposals of the Municipal Commissioners having for their object an expansion of the income of the Town and Cantonment Boards.	No. 1433-35—112, dated 1st Aug. 1878.	...	...	1 to 2
3 to 4	*Famine Relief Expenditure.* Directing that all expenditure for the relief of distress among the people be recorded under "31 Famine Relief."	No. 1468-82—333, dated 3rd Aug. 1878.	..	...	3
5 to 6	*Famine Matters.* Instructions containing enquiries suggested by the Famine Commission on matters relating to famine, &c.	No. 3410—82, dated 5th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 3132—74, dated 25th July 1878, Part I, General.	4 to 5
7 to 8	*Medical Pupils.* Mysore medical pupils who have passed the final examination.	No. 3592—533, dated 9th Aug. 1878.	...	...	6
9 to 10	*Finding of coins.* Information of the finding of coins to be given to the Secretary of the Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay.	No. 3579—87, dated 9th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 345—8, dated 13th April 1878, Part I, General.	7
11 to 12	*Famine Matters.* Extending the date on which the answers to the questions relating to famine matters should be submitted, to the 15th proximo.	No. 3622—89, dated 12th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 3410—82, dated 5th instant, Part I, General.	7
13 to 14	*Erratum.* Communicating an erratum.	No. 3642—90, dated 12th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 3410—82, dated 5th instant, Part I, General.	8
15	*Vacancies.* Directing that all vacancies hereafter to be filled up temporarily.	No. 3697—91, dated 14th Aug. 1878.	...	...	8
16 to 17	*Amalgamation of the District Fund works, &c.* Minute by the Chief Commissioner on the amalgamation of the district fund works with the Public Works Department and on the making of suitable provision for the restoration and conservancy of tanks.	No. 4110—61, dated 23rd Aug. 1878.	...	...	9 to 17
18 to 19	*Stamp duty.* Ancat stamp duty to be levied on bonds of toddy contracts.	No. 4111—98, dated 23rd Aug. 1878.	...	No. 4937—154, dated 2nd Dec. 1873, Part I, General.	17

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
20 to 21	*Articles for the District Fund Department.* Directing that arrangements should be made by Deputy Commissioners for procuring such articles for the District Fund Department which are not obtainable from the Stationery Depôt after authority to the supply has been obtained.	No. 1658-70—389, dated 24th Aug. 1878.	...	...	18
22 to 23	*Prohibition on the acceptance of presents.* Orders relative to the prohibition placed upon the acceptance of valuable presents by Officers of Government.	No. 4241—100, dated 28th Aug. 1878.	...	Notification No. 112, dated 1st July 1878, *vide Mysore Gazette* dated 8th idem, Part I, p. 132.	18

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
1st August 1878.

MUNICIPAL.

READ—

The following communications from the President of the Bangalore Town and Cantonment Municipalities:—

1. Docket No. 598, dated 20th March 1878.
2. Letter No. 619, „ 30th „
3. „ 620, „ „ „
4. „ 3, „ 4th April 1878.
5. „ 99, „ 12th „
6. „ 157, „ 17th „
7. „ 298, „ 9th May 1878.

No. 1433-35—MUNL. 112, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—Among the several proposals put forward by the Municipal Commissioners, having for their object an expansion of the income of the Town and Cantonment Boards, the following are those which are submitted for the orders of the Chief Commissioner prior to any steps being taken to recommend an increase of taxation.

(1.) To re-impose an octroi duty on piece goods imported for consumption within municipal limits.

(2.) To transfer to the municipal revenues the Government excise duty on cocoanuts imported into Bangalore for consumption.

(3.) To levy a municipal tax for conservancy of military and other public buildings.

(4.) To assign to the municipalities the local cess levied on arrack brought into the city for consumption.

2. These proposals are unaccompanied by an approximate estimate of the additional revenue which would be derived by the respective municipalities in the event of their adoption severally, and the Chief Commissioner desires that the President will now furnish such estimate, based on the statistics of ordinary years (not affected by famine or other disturbing circumstance) or on an average of years. The Deputy Accountant General will be requested to afford such aid as will be needed in respect of items Nos. 2 and 4.

3. Mr. Gordon thinks that it may be desirable that he should express his views on this occasion on the several proposals submitted.

4. First, with regard to the re-imposition of an octroi duty on piece goods, the Chief Commissioner could not sanction a measure so retrograde and objectionable. The removal of the duty was carried out some years ago after considerable deliberation, and if the object of the proposal is, as would seem, to afford protection to one class, *viz.* the local weavers, Mr. Gordon is decidedly of opinion that the measure would not on that ground be justifiable even if it should have the result anticipated, which is very doubtful. The interests of trade in other important respects would suffer out of all proportion to the partial and ineffectual protection afforded to a single class. The preferable course to adopt would, he thinks, be to abolish the loom tax which presses so heavily and to impose on the weavers in common with others a house tax suited to their condition and circumstances. The prevalence of the tax on piece goods elsewhere in the Province is not, in Mr. Gordon's opinion, a valid argument for re-imposing it here. The Chief Commissioner's efforts will rather be directed, when circumstances shall permit, towards its removal in other places.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
1st August 1878.

5 With regard to the 2nd head, the Chief Commissioner is prepared to consider favorably the proposal that the municipality should appropriate the octroi duty now levied on cocoanuts imported into the city for consumption.

6. As regards the 3rd head, *viz.* the levy of the municipal house tax on military and other public buildings for conservancy, the Chief Commissioner would enquire how far does the conservancy of such buildings devolve on the municipal establishments. In respect of the Public Offices, a special establishment has been entertained for the conservancy of these buildings at the cost of Government, and it appears doubtful whether, in respect to other public buildings, any cost as regards their conservancy is borne by the municipality. The principle of this proposal appears to Mr. Gordon not one that the Government of India will admit, and, if recognized, the proceeds would not probably afford material assistance to the funds of the municipality.

7. The claim under the 4th head, to the local cess levied on spirits brought into the city for consumption from the Bangalore Sadar Distillery, appears to the Chief Commissioner a reasonable one, provided that it be restricted to a portion of the collections from that source to an extent not exceeding, say, one-third of the amount. The Chief Commissioner will be prepared to give this point his favorable consideration, after receiving the estimate referred to in para 2 above, and when he is thus in a position to review the financial position of the Boards with reference to other practicable sources of additional income.

8. Adverting to the further and contingent proposal made by the Municipal Commissioners to recommend that a tax should be levied on carriages and horses within municipal limits, Mr. Gordon observes that it, in the opinion of the Boards, further taxation be necessary, no reasonable objections can be offered to such a tax. It is one which would reach the well-to-do classes of the community without any hardship, and might be imposed with perfect justice. In like manner, a dog tax may unobjectionably be imposed should circumstances require it.

9. But it is of primary importance that the Municipal Commissioners should turn their attention to the practicability of reducing, by all possible means, the disproportionately large expenditure incurred both in the Cantonment and Town Boards on municipal establishments. In the Town, out of an estimated income of Rs. 66,000, nearly one third is expended on establishments, and one third on the Police, leaving about 20,000 Rs. for expenditure on works of improvement. In the Cantonment also, the establishment costs nearly one third of the income, and after deducting the Police contribution, about Rs. 60,000 only are left for works and other charges. These facts require the early attention of the President, and, before any final steps can be taken to improve the financial condition of the municipalities by provincial contributions or fresh taxation, it will be desirable that the Municipal Commissioners should consider and report whether, under the heads of expenditure referred to, material reductions cannot be effected.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The President of the Town and Cantonment Municipal Commissions.
„ Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division.
„ Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.

Government of India, Financial Dep[illegible]

READ again the following —

Accounts Proceedings, March 187[illegible] N
" " April 187[illegible] N.
Resolution No. 2531, dated 11th D[illegible]

Resolution.—During the years 187[illegible] estimates and accounts were those relat[illegible] revenue and expenditure of the Provincial [illegible] accounts, but represented by a single [illegible] *Provincial Services.*"

2. In 1877—78 this method was [illegible] classified and recorded without any regard [illegible] Local Governments, which are otherwise [illegible]

3. Under the first plan, the charg[illegible] imperial purposes, and no provincial [illegible] this principle, the Local Governments were [illegible] moderate expenditure which might fall [illegible] people arising from calamities of seasons [illegible] was opened, such expenditure was recorded [illegible] *and unforeseen charges.*"

4. But now that it has been found [illegible] it seems to the Government of India best [illegible] under the appropriate head of "31 *Famine Relief*."

5. In future, therefore, all expenditure [illegible] drought or flood, or other calamity, will be [illegible] *Miscellaneous.*"

6. The object of these orders is only [illegible] not to make any change in the several [illegible] nents as regards this class of expenditure [illegible] or only so much of such expenditure as would [illegible] sub-head "*Miscellaneous and unforeseen charg*[illegible]

7. Nor are these orders intended to [illegible] December 1877, which prescribe the principles [illegible] Famine Relief will be kept. That Resolution [illegible] head of "31. *Famine Relief*," for the record [illegible] Government, upon occasion of a great and well d[illegible]

ORDERED, that this Resolution be communi[illegible]

To the Public Works Department.
To the several Local Governments and Admi[illegible]
To the Comptroller General, and to the [illegible] General in independent charge.

No. 1468-1482—D.-F 353. [illegible]

ORDERED, to be communicat[illegible]

To—The Famine Commissioner.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Chief Engineer of P. W. D.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Deputy Accountant General
" Examiner, P. W. Accounts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 5th August 1878.

From C. A. Elliott, Esq, C. S. I., Secretary to the Famine Commission, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, General Department, No. 26, dated Simla, the 22nd June 1878.

I have the honor to forward for submission to the Chief Commissioner, copies of a circular containing enquiries suggested by the Famine Commission on matters relating to the general condition of the people, to famine relief, and to famine prevention; the answers to which will, it is hoped, materially assist the Commission in forming their views on the different points submitted to them by the Government of India.

2. It has occurred to the President and members of the Commission, that the best method of obtaining answers to these questions speedily would be to select the most competent and experienced of the officers under orders of the Chief Commissioner, and to direct them to reply to such of the questions as refer to matters within their particular sphere. For instance, the greater part of the 1st Chapter* might be made over to some one specially qualified officer, who would compile for the whole Province, and if possible for each district of it, such statistics as are required to throw light on its economic condition. The other questions which are less susceptible of purely statistical treatment might be made over both to officers of the Department specially concerned, and also to those district officers who have most experience in administrative matters, and whose opinions are most trusted by the Chief Commissioner. The inquiries contained in question 1 might be separately answered by the Meteorological Reporter: those in questions 6 and 7 by the Director of Agriculture where such an official exists, or by some officer who has made a special study of agricultural subjects; those in question 23 by the Head of the Forest Department, as well as by district officers who have taken an interest in Forest management those in questions 24 and 25 by the Sanitary Commissioner or any officer of the Medical Department who has given his attention to vital statistics and the general health of the population. The answers to questions 11, 12 and 26 would only be of value if given by officers of wide administrative experience and accustomed to a close and thoughtful observation of the country and people. The facts desiderated in question 9 could perhaps be best ascertained if they were recorded in the first place by some capable native official in each district, and the results tested and compared by some specially selected superior officer in each division or considerable number of districts.

* Questions 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22.

3. In the same way, Chapters II and III can only be answered by officers who have had practical experience in dealing with famines in their different stages; and it is requested that the questions may be sent to all such officials, whether district officers or in subordinate grades, who have been in responsible charge of any definite part of the relief operations, including officers of the Department of Public Works or the Medical Department, with the instruction that each should answer those queries regarding which he has direct personal knowledge.

4. The questions contained in Chapter IV are of a more technical character, and can, it is conceived, be best answered in the form of a memorandum drawn up by the Chief Engineer and the Head of the Irrigation Department, respectively, though the opinions of selected executive officers may also usefully be invited. There are certain points such as those involved in questions 6, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 (wholly or in part), on which the views of the most experienced civil officers should also be obtained.

5. It has been arranged that the duty of superintending the compilation and the preliminary consideration of the replies received from the various parts of India shall be undertaken by the members of the Commission named in the margin, and the President would suggest that you should, with the permission of the Chief Commissioner, communicate to the local member of the Commission who is specially accredited to your Province the names of the officers to whom the different parts of this set of questions are to be sent: and that their replies should be forwarded direct to him, in order to be compared, examined, and, if necessary, returned for correction or amplification before they are submitted to Mr. Gordon, and before the general opinion of the Local Administration is recorded, so far as it may be the desire of the Chief Commissioner to do so.

Bengal	Mr. Batten.
Assam	
Panjab	Mr. Cunningham.
Burmah	
N.-W. P. and Oudh ...	Mr. Elliott.
Central Provinces ..	
Bombay	Mr. Peile aided by Mr. Vasudeo.
Madras and Mysore ...	Mr. Ballard aided by Mr. Ranga Charlu.

6. The above remarks refer to the detailed questions contained in the circular; but the Commission trust that they may also be favored with the opinions of the Local Administration on any subjects connected with famine on which the Chief Commissioner may be inclined to record his views.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 5th August 1878.

7. I am further to request that it may be enjoined on all officers consulted that they should submit their replies with as little delay as possible, with a view to these being brought into a shape for consideration by the whole Commission not later than the 1st October next; and that the circular may be published in your Gazette for general information.

Read again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3132—G. 71, dated 25th July 1878, communicating to the officers of the Administration concerned, the circular list of queries received under cover of Mr. C. A. Elliott's letter above quoted.

No. 3410—Genl. 82, dated Bangalore, 5th August 1878.

Order.—The object of the instructions contained in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings read above, was to elicit from the several officers to whom they were communicated such opinions and facts as they were able to furnish on the various topics treated of in the Famine Commissioner's circular. It will be convenient, however, as suggested in Mr. Elliott's letter, that, in regard to those questions which involve the systematic collection and arrangement of statistics and other data available in the Chief Commissioner's Office as well as in other offices, the duty should be assigned to a special officer; and the Chief Commissioner considers that Mr. C. Rangacharlu, C. I. E., who as an officer serving under this Administration, may conveniently undertake this work as a portion of duties which devolve upon him as the coadjutor of Mr. G. A. Ballard, in the preliminary operations of the Famine Commission inquiry.

2. In the prosecution of this work Mr. Rangacharlu will require the assistance of the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners, and the Chief Commissioner desires that their hearty co-operation as well as that of other officers with whom he may find it necessary to place himself in communication, may be promptly afforded.

3. Officers will thus be relieved of the labor of collecting and submitting statistics other than those specially sought for by Mr. Rangacharlu; but it will be necessary that full replies should be given independently by Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners on questions 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19 (last two sentences), 20, 21, 23, and 24 of Chapter I for the respective Districts. These replies, with such remarks as they may be able to make on other portions of that Chapter, together with such answers as can be furnished on certain parts of Chapter IV, will, as already directed, be sent direct to this office, in the first instance.

4. Mr. Rangacharlu will be requested to compile with the aid of the Additional Secretary and in consultation with the Famine Commissioner the statistical and other information needed to reply to questions 24 and 25, Chapter I and Chapter II and Chapter III.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Famine Commissioner.
" Chief Engineer, P. W. D.
" Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Settlement.
" Conservator of Forests.
" Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.
Mr. C. Rangacharlu, C. I. E.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 9th August 1878.

From the Principal, Madras Medical College, **To the** Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D., Mysore Division and Ceded Districts, **No. 140,** dated Madras, 27th June 1878.

I have the honor to report for the information of the Mysore Government that the Native Medica Pupils as per accompanying list supported by that Government have passed their Final Examinatio successfully, and that they will receive their certificates of qualification as 3rd Class Hospital Assistant.

2. Instructions as to the disposal of these young men solicited.

List of Mysore Medical Pupils who passed the Final Examination Committee.

Order of merit in class at the College.	Names.	Number of marks obtained in—							General Conduct.	Remarks.
		Medicine.	Surgery.	Midwifery.	Hygiene.	Minor Surgery.	Total No. of Marks obtained.	Whether passed or not passed.		
		50	50	50	50	50				Extract from Report of the Final Examination Committee, dated 4th June 1878.—"In conclusion, th Board thinks it may be useful to draw attention to the apparent superiority of the Mysore Medical Pupils to the other candidates. Of 12 Mysore Pupils none was rejected. The highest number of marks was obtained by one of these (220 by V. Rangasami). Their lowest total was 153. The average number of marks obtained by these students was 187. The average of the other passed candidate 169."
1	C. Narsimulu ..	50	32	54	34	50	200	Passed.	Good.	
2	G. L. Lakshmanasami ...	40	47	50	25	17	179	do...		
3	M. Abdul Aziz ...	30	38	50	42	50	210	do...		
4	V. Chengalraya Naidu ...	25	35	42	42	25	169	do...		
5	G. L. Ramasami ...	40	33	34	42	34	183	do...		
6	V. Rangasami Naidu ...	50	34	50	42	50	226	do...		
7	V. S. Rajagopal Modr....	35	38	50	34	42	199	do....		
8	M. B. Annavu Pille ...	40	41	42	50	34	207	do...		
9	Y. Ramasami ...	30	40	34	34	42	180	do...		
10	P. J. Ramsingh ...	25	40	34	17	42	158	do..		
11	Abdul Khadar ...	20	34	50	50	25	179	do...		
12	V. Sampangi Modr. ...	17	35	50	17	34	153	do...		

No. 3592—GENL. 533, DATED BANGALORE, 9TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER.—**The Deputy Surgeon General,** Mysore Division, submits the letter above read from **the Principal of the Medical College,** Madras, with a list of Mysore Medical Pupils who **have passed the Final Examination,** and the Chief Commissioner is gratified to observe **from the report of the Committee that** the pupils from this Province have al done so well, **and especially V. Rangasami Naidu.**

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D., Mysore Dn. and Ceded Districts, **for communication of a copy of this order** to each of the **Hospital Assistants referred to.**

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
12th August 1878.

From the Offg. Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Public), To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, No. 31—1325, dated Simla, the 20th July 1878.

In continuation of Home Department Circular No. 18-768, dated the 3rd April last, which rected that necessary orders might be issued to Collectors for giving the Asiatic Society, Calcutta, e option to purchase one of the coins whenever two or more of the same kind are found, and also for eeping that Society informed of the fact of any coins having been found, under the Indian Treasure rove Act, I am desired to say that similar option and information should be afforded to the Secretary the Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay, unless there is some strong reason to the contrary. I am, erefore, to request that the necessary orders may be issued to Collectors for this purpose.

No. 3579—87, DATED BANGALORE, 9TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER.—Communicated to Commirsioners and Deputy Commissioners for information and guidance, in continuation of Chief Commissioner's order No. 315—8, dated 8th April 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
" Dy. Accountant General.

Read again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3132 G. 74, dated 25th July 1878, communicating to the officers of the Administration concerned the circular list of queries received under cover of letter No 26, dated 22nd June 1878, from Mr. C. A. Elliott, Secretary to the Famine Commission

Also—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3410—G. 82, dated 5th August 1878, conveying instructions supplementary to the above.

No. 3622—89, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER.—With reference to the circular quoted above, fixing the 20th of the current month as the date for the submission of answers to the several questions relating to famine matters, the Chief Commissioner resolves to extend the date till the 15th September next, at latest, in order that the officers who have been selected to furnish the information required may have as long time as can be granted under the circumstances of the case to carefully consider the subject and to furnish replies to such of the questions referred to as they may feel qualified to answer satisfactorily.

2. Mr. Gordon must enjoin on these officers the necessity for not exceeding the limit now fixed, and he would impress on them also the fact that it will be preferable to give thoughtful answers to some of the questions on which they can speak with confidence rather than to attempt to deal superficially in a given time with a vast number of subjects.

T. CLARKE.
Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Conservator of Forests.
" Supt., Revenue Survey and Settlement.
" Deputy Accountant General.
" Chief Engineer, P. W. Department.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 14th August 1878.

READ again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3410—G. 82, dated 5th August 1878, assigning to Mr. Rangacharlu the collection and arrangement of statistics, &c., required to answer the list of questions contained in the Circular from the Famine Commission.

No. 3642—GENL. 90, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDERED, that the following erratum in the order above read be communicated to the undermentioned officers.

The word "who" in para 1, eighth line, to be erased.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ Famine Commissioner.
„ Chief Engineer, P. W. Department.
„ Supt, Revenue Survey and Settlement.
„ Conservator of Forests.
„ Deputy Accountant General.
„ Mr. C. Rangacharlu, C. I. E.

No. 3697—GENL. 91, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER.—Having regard to contemplated revision of establishments in the Province the Chief Commissioner directs that until further orders all vacancies that may hereafter occur may be filled temporarily.

Ordered to be communicated to the Heads of Departments undermentioned.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Chief Engineer, P. W. D.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
„ Dy. Accountant General.
„ Director of Public Instruction.
„ Conservator of Forests.
„ Superintendent, Inam Settlements.
„ Town and Cantonment Magistrate.
„ Inspector General of Police.
„ Dy. Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
23rd August 1878.

Minute by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

I have had under my consideration the proposals made by the Offg. Chief Engineer, Major Moncrieff, 1st, for the amalgamation of the District Fund works with the Public Works Department, and 2ndly, for making efficient and at the same time economical provision for the restoration and conservancy of the irrigation tanks in the Province. These proposals having been communicated for the opinions of the several Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners, the replies received from them have been reviewed by the Officiating Chief Engineer in a second Note, in which he enters into further details as to the manner in which his proposals in regard to District Funds are intended to work. The scheme in regard to tanks has been further elaborated by the Famine Commissioner and the Officiating Chief Engineer who have prepared a complete Draft Code on the subject. I proceed to review these several papers.

2. As regards the proposed amalgamation, I observe that the works executed from the Provincial and District Funds, whether relating to roads, irrigation works, cutcheries, schools, jails or hospitals, are so similar in their character and are so much more local than imperial, that the present dual management of them cannot but be productive of needless expense and waste of power. There can be no question as to the expediency, nay, the necessity, of bringing these works under one management and one system.

3. For the most part the officers consulted have given a general and somewhat unqualified assent to the proposed transfer of the management of the District Fund works to the District Engineer. The few who oppose the measure have gone more fully into the subject, and their opinions are entitled to examination and consideration.

Major Pearse apprehends a rise of rates and greater costliness of District Fund works, or as he puts it a smaller quantity of higher priced and better work, instead of a larger quantity of cheaper and rougher work.

Major Clarke advocates that the Public Works Department should be made a branch of the District Administration, the Engineer Officer being an Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner in carrying out all executive details with the aid of the Taluk Establishments.

Major Hill would go still further and relieve the Engineer altogether of the actual execution of works and of all accounts, making him merely a sort of Consulting Engineer subordinate to the Deputy Commissioner, and he would entrust to the Revenue Officers the execution of all works, District and Provincial.

4. I incline to the belief that the somewhat exclusive management of works by the Public Works Department heretofore has had the effect of raising rates beyond what may be secured under a system of freer competition, and this should be borne in mind in any organization that may be made. But on the other hand the cheaper work of the unlearned and unskilfully-checked revenue agency is perfunctory in its character; the money spent is apt, as observed by Captain Maltby, to go anywhere but into the works, whilst the system perpetuates an arbitrary and oppressive exaction of forced and often unpaid labor.

5. The proposal to make the District Engineer subordinate to the Deputy Commissioner is not only incompatible with that sense of professional honor naturally entertained by the Officers of the Public Works Department, but is also objectionable on the score of diminishing the independence and sense of responsibility on the part of the Engineer Officers charged with originating and administering the Public Works in the District.

6. For these reasons I concur with Major Moncrieff that the District Fund and Irrigation works as separate branches of Public Works should cease, and that the charge and control of the whole of the Public works of a District should vest in the District Engineer as an independent officer, and should be worked and accounted for upon the system and principles of the existing Public Works Department.

7. But I am less clear as to the capacity of that Department to undertake the charge of all the works in detail, merely transferring, as occasion requires, a certain number or class of them to the Amildars. A District Engineer and an Assistant Engineer with a few subordinates is all that can be allowed for a District, with perhaps an Additional Assistant for the Cauveri and Head-quarter Districts, and it is scarcely possible that they can undertake satisfactorily the entire charge and custody of scattered works over the area of a whole District. The better arrangement in my opinion would be to make the Amildars with their present establishment of Taluk Mestris custodians of all the Public works in their respective taluks, under the direct orders and control of the District Engineer, the latter reserving for execution by himself or by his Overseers such works as, by reason of their magnitude or special importance, it may seem proper so to treat; and also buildings at head-quarters' stations.

The establishment of Mestris, who will be nominated only upon certificates of qualification, might under the control and instruction of the Engineer be trained for better work, or gradually replaced by better material.

The arrangement would secure for works in general, without additional cost and within easy reach, an establishment possessing local knowledge and influence and known and recognized by the people. Such an establishment would be gradually trained and kept up to an approved standard of work under professional direction and control, and their operations would gradually diffuse among the people the principles and practice of good workmanship; whilst a special field for superior workmanship would be reserved in the special works which are under the direct and immediate supervision and execution of professional officers.

8. The reduction of establishment and the saving of cost under this arrangement is to be looked for, not so much in the District Fund Establishment as in that of the Public Works Department.

9. Whilst I propose practically to divest the Deputy Commissioner of some concern in the details of the execution of works by Amildars, which would be accounted for by them directly to the District Engineer, I should desire that not only the Deputy Commissioner, but also members of a properly-organized District Committee, should assume the higher position of representatives of the public interest in the District, and should bring to bear not only on the Local Fund works but on all Public works in the District, that local interest and supervision which is so much wanting in the present system. They would have a voice in all projects and estimates for works undertaken in the District which should be submitted to the Head of the Administration, accompanied by their opinion in regard to their usefulness and costliness. They might be authorized to sanction within the allotted grants works within Rs. 500, and they would decide and recommend what works should be undertaken within the year out of the Local Funds and the grant from Provincial Funds made to the District. They might call on the District Engineer to report on works, to frame estimates, and to carry out repairs, and when a system of contracts for works shall be gradually organized, they might, in conjunction with the District Engineer, consider and conclude such contracts under free competition. The District Engineer and Amildars should severally have authority to carry out repairs and urgent works within specified limits, and the Deputy Commissioner may also carry out petty repairs within small limits, and to buildings under his charge. He might also under special arrangement and sanction undertake the execution of any particular work when it is desirable that he should do so. But the

principle should be recognized that all Public works of every description by whomsoever undertaken should pass through, and be accounted for to, the District Engineer, whilst he should furnish the Deputy Commissioner and Committee with copies of progress and completion reports submitted to higher authority, and with such other information as may be necessary to keep them fully informed of the progress of works in the District. I conceive that these measures will best accord with the administrative arrangements of the Province and the requirements of future Native rule. With a clear definition of duties there can arise no difficulty from the Amildar being to a certain extent placed under two masters, as that officer concentrating in himself the entire taluk administration has been accustomed under past systems to receive and carry out orders from a variety of Departments.

10. The Chief Engineer should proceed at once to reorganize the Department Public Works of the Province and to carry out such reductions as may be practicable. It will be well that he should draw up in conjunction with a Revenue Officer of experience, a revised Code of Rules for the working of the Department, and hereafter a Manual of instructions, regarding tanks, roads, ordinary buildings, &c., for the guidance of the Amildars and Taluk Mestris should be prepared.

11. The system of audit and account of the Department Public Works should be inquired into with the view of proposing any simplification, or saving of establishment, that may be feasible having in view of what may be required hereafter simply for a Provincial Native Administration complete in itself. I direct that these preliminary steps may be taken in anticipation of the sanction of the Government of India to whom a copy of this Minute will be forwarded.

12. Proceeding now to consider the subject of tank administration, I accept the conclusion arrived at by Mr. Elliott and Major Moncrieff that the serial system of tank restoration owing to the enormous outlay and great length of time involved must of necessity be abandoned. The data assumed on the subject must for a long time to come remain hypothetical. The fact is we are not devising a new series of tanks, but merely dealing with existing tanks whose capacity has been adjusted to the irrigable area by practical knowledge, and which require for their usefulness and safety that the bunds and revetments shall be maintained in an efficient state of repair, that a liberal wasteweir and sufficient height of bund over water level be provided.

13. I agree also in the conclusion that the Government through its Department Public Works should undertake at its own cost, the restoration and maintenance of only a certain number of the larger tanks which are either required as "Stop Tanks" or are of special importance on engineering grounds, on account of their revenue, or as providing the water-supply of large towns; and that all other tanks classed as village tanks, whether used for irrigation or merely for the supply of drinking water, should be left to be restored and maintained by the ryots, under a legalized system of village labor.

14. Major Moncrieff in his first memo proposed that the Government tanks should be such as yield a revenue of Rs. 100 and upwards; but in the Draft Code, since prepared, the larger limit of Rs. 1,000 or at least Rs. 500 is fixed. This limit rigidly observed might prove inconvenient whilst practically adopting the 500 limit. I should prefer to leave generally the classification to be made with reference to the circumstances of each District and of each tank. The Government tanks would then be repaired and maintained at Government cost, no labor being exacted from the ryots for the purpose, except on occasions of sudden danger requiring immediate repairs, when of course any labor and materials required would be impressed and paid for at the highest rates prevailing. Such procedure would be limited to cases of real and pressing emergency. Several of the officers consulted appear to apprehend that the surrender to the ryots of the village tanks, which it is expected would comprise a very large proportion of the total number, would result in the entire neglect of these tanks, loss of revenue to Government and the

impoverishment of the people. But I am inclined to believe that a somewhat exaggerated idea has been formed of the extent of revenue involved in these tanks and of the repairs hitherto done to them at Government cost. Seventeen hundred of them in the Mysore District are represented as producing a revenue of only Rs. 27,000, and the number of tanks actually repaired by Government in each year is, as a matter of fact, very small so that the proposed measure would result in prompt attention being given to all at once in lieu of the present system of selecting a few only annually for repairs, and consigning by far the greater number to neglect. I am aware that, owing specially to the backward condition of the ryots in the Province, there would be considerable difficulty in reviving their interest in maintaining their tanks in repair, but the attempt must be made at some time and it had better not be delayed. I should hope that Public Officers relieved of the anxiety of distributing the small available funds among the large number of tanks requiring repair, will be better able to see that the ryots fulfil the duties naturally devolving on them. When the system is once established, we shall have the ryots in every village trained to do the needful repairs to their own tanks, instead of our looking to a small Government agency who can but imperfectly discharge that duty. The ryots would be able to perform the necessary earth-work, but frequently may not have the means necessary for the outlay on revetments, sluices and waste-weir repairs. In such cases advances of Government money may be made to them, and recovered in the course of a few years by temporary addition to their assessments. I should advocate donations of Government money in very exceptional cases only. The Draft Code provides for the tank bunds and other works being apportioned among the ryots for maintenance, the divisions being marked off by stones. But such division I believe would not be feasible, specially in regard to tank work, and the arrangement would be attended with great inconvenience owing to the necessity for frequent alterations according to the fluctuating extent of the ryots' holding. I think that the repairs would much more conveniently be performed in common, the liability of each ryot to contribute in labor or money being determined according to the acreage of irrigated land held by him at a fixed rate per acre, or at more than one rate where the benefits of irrigation derived vary in value, and in the case of others not holding wet lands, but only deriving from the tanks drinking water for themselves and cattle, at a much lower rate upon each occupied house in the village

15. The penal clauses in the Draft Code may I think be simplified and revised with a view of fitting them into the existing criminal law.

The portion of the Draft Code however which seems to me to require careful reconsideration is that which provides for the levy of an additional assessment of 25 per cent on the lands irrigated by the Government tanks. This provision would seem to be open to objection. Ordinarily the levy of a wet assessment is supposed to provide for a return on the outlay incurred in the original construction of the irrigation works, and no further liability can devolve on the ryot except perhaps for maintaining the work in repair, a duty which has not long been strictly enforced, and which certainly ceased altogether on the recent introduction of an irrigation cess in express commutation of it.

I am aware that the ordinary wet assessment is not always an adequate return for the large original outlay in the construction of irrigation works, an outlay which has again to be incurred, where the work has been destroyed involving reconstruction anew. In these cases, having regard to the fact that the lands which lie valueless will acquire great value on the reconstruction of the work, the ryot may perhaps properly be called on to contribute a portion of the cost as a condition precedent of the Government again laying out a large sum. But such exceptional cases cannot justify the general levy of the additional 25 per cent in addition to the recognized wet assessment under all the Government tanks.

The present rates of wet assessment in unsurveyed taluks are low, having regard to the great rise which has taken place in the price of food, and as a consequence in the

cost of all works. The rates are especially low on the lands irrigated by the Cauvery and other river channels. The Survey Commissioner will be requested to see that his rates provide for an adequate wet assessment, not lower than what obtains in British Territory without unduly trenching on the value of property possessed by the ryot in the land. Meanwhile in consideration of the heavy cost devolving on Government in connection with Public works, I would sanction in unsurveyed taluks the levy of an additional 12½ per cent (or two annas in the rupee) upon the assessment of wet lands under Government tanks and of 25 per cent or four annas in the rupee on the lands enjoying certain irrigation, under the Cauvery and other river channels, maintained and repaired at Government cost, exceptional cases in which the present assessment is high, being exempted from this increase. This will be in addition to the irrigation cess of one anna in the rupee which may in anticipation of the survey be collected under Government irrigation tanks and channels in the unsurveyed as in the surveyed taluks. When a proper survey assessment is introduced, the additional assessment will cease, and the irrigation cess will alone continue to be levied.

16. As regards the village tanks which are made over to the ryots for maintenance, the Draft Code proposes to collect the irrigation cess upon them also, for the purpose of meeting the pay of the establishment kept up for the inspection of these tanks, and for contributions required towards the reconstruction of such of them as are in ruin. The pay, however, of the small inspecting establishment required, may be borne properly by Provincial Funds, and the contributions which may be necessary in rare individual cases can scarcely justify a general levy of the irrigation cess, when the cost of maintenance for which it is intended is altogether thrown upon the ryots. I desire therefore that in the surveyed and unsurveyed taluks the irrigation cess should cease to be collected under the village tanks made over to the ryots for maintenance. The cost of repairs to these tanks—large or small—should be entirely borne by the ryots, Government aid where necessary being given only in the shape of advances to be repaid by temporary, addition to the assessment. Tanks now totally out of repair, or which may hereafter be breached through no neglect on the part of the ryots, may be treated as exceptional cases, and donations of a moiety of the cost of reconstruction may be made from Provincial Funds under special sanction, or a reduction in the assessment, permanent or temporary may be made to enable the ryots to reconstruct the tanks at their own cost.

17. I should desire to apply these rules to river channels as to tanks. Since writing the above, I have had the advantage of perusing opinions obtained from Colonel Pearse, Colonel Campbell, Major Hill and Mr. Ricketts, Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners in the Province, and also from Colonel Johnson, Superintending Engineer, on the proposed Tank Code. Colonel Johnson's remarks appended to this Minute are entitled to great weight, from his long connection with the irrigation works in this Province. They are well considered and contain several useful suggestions.

18. All the officers consulted entertain doubts, more or less strong, in regard to the feasibility of the scheme which involves the virtual transfer to the ryots of the responsibility of maintaining their tanks in nearly all cases. If Government tanks are to be those yielding a revenue of Rs. 1,000 and upwards, their number would be only 242, if a minimum revenue of Rs. 500 were adopted, their number would be 790 out of a total of 37,080 tanks, or taking into account only tanks yielding a revenue of Rs. 50 and upwards, out of a total of 14,075.

	No.
Tanks yielding no revenue	13,625
„ „ below Rs. 50	14,280
„ „ between „ and 100	4,311
„ „ „ 100 and 500	4,944
„ „ above Rs. 500	790
Total.....	37,080

It is argued that such a radical change would be impracticable with the present agency of ill-remunerated and inefficient Village Patels. I should not look for the conversion of the Patels into more efficient instruments by mere remuneration. But I believe that under proper supervision, guidance and control they may be found equal to a work in which they have the most direct interest, and which is within their ordinary

experience. I should desire that it be clearly understood that the responsibility of the Public Officers, *viz.*, the taluk officials and Mestris under the orders of the District Engineer for the efficiency and safety of the tanks is to be in no way reduced, and that it will still be their duty to see the necessary repairs executed: only the incidence of the charge of such repairs would be transferred from the Government to the ryots who would contribute their labor and money. The wording of the Code is apt to produce the impression that the Patels are to do every thing of their own authority and accord, that the Taluk Mestris are simply to make one or two annual inspections, and that the Amildars are merely to visit with punishment cases of neglect brought to their notice. I do not, however, contemplate any change of the present system of active supervision on the part of the taluk officials, both in respect of inspection and actual execution of repairs to village tanks. An important point however which would require consideration is how far the ryots would be able to bear the cost of the restoration of the tanks, considering the admittedly neglected state into which they have been allowed to fall.

19. I incline to the opinion that under the circumstances it would be proper for the Government, in the case of all tanks very much out of repair, to contribute a moiety of the cost of restoration other than that of earth work, in the first instance; all future repairs being entirely borne by the ryots. The remaining moiety would also be advanced by Government where absolutely necessary, and recovered by a temporary addition to the assessment of the lands under the tank. It may be provided that such addition shall ordinarily not exceed 25 per cent, and shall in no case exceed 50 per cent of the assessment, and shall not extend over a longer term than 10 years. Taking as an illustration a tank with a revenue of Rs. 500, 50 per cent for ten years would provide for an advance from Government of Rs. 2,500, and with an equal contribution from Provincial Funds there would be available for other than earth work Rs. 5,000, an amount amply sufficient for extensive repairs, perhaps even for reconstruction. Similarly a tank yielding a revenue of Rs. 50 could obtain a maximum advance of Rs. 250, and a like amount as Government contribution, in all Rs. 500.

20. I am of opinion that all attempts to reconstruct tanks with the view of attaining the highest standard of scientific perfection should be given up, and that the Government should be content to deal with the tanks as they are found, putting them in a serviceable state, providing them with sufficient waste-weirs and height of bund and prohibiting any enlargement of capacity without sanction. For these repairs a much smaller sum than that above indicated would probably amply suffice. The smaller tanks may perhaps require proportionately greater aid with reference to their revenue than the larger. It would be desirable to give the ryot a voice, not necessarily of course a controlling voice, in regard to the repairs proposed, both as to their nature and their costliness.

21. I should propose to allot a moiety of the annual grant for irrigation works, say about 200,000 per annum, for contributions to village tanks, the remainder of such grant being devoted to Government tanks and Government river channels, together with the 12½ per cent and 25 per cent additional assessment, and 6¼ per cent of irrigation cess, proposed to be collected under them. I feel confident that with such contributions, the ryots doing the earth work themselves, the village tanks* could be put into an efficient state at the rate of 2,000 tanks a year, or the whole number of 10,000 tanks above Rs. 50 revenue in five years. The advance to be made towards the ryots' share of the cost need not exceed a grant of 5 lakhs spread over three years, after which period the recoveries ought to suffice for the further advances required.

* Say average for each tank,
Government contribution 100
Ryots 100
for other than earth work.

These proposals, it will be seen, provide for a more certain and distinct appropriation of funds under definite rules than what is provided for in section 9 of chapter 2 and sections 2, 3, and 4 of chapter 4 of the Draft Code, and they aim at ensuring prompt simultaneous repair of the tanks generally, with a proper adjustment of costs, in lieu of the present unequal, and, it may be said, unfair system of devoting an undue share of the available public funds to a few tanks at the expense of the others which cannot, for years, expect to receive any attention.

22. Several of the officers consulted lay stress on the advantages of maintaining the traditional system of looking to the ryots for the maintenance of earth work, the cost of skilled labor devolving on the Government. This system, though much better than altogether ignoring the ryots' responsibilities, is necessarily imperfect. The separation of earth work from other work is inconvenient. It is much better when this can be done to throw the entire responsibility on the parties most interested.

The exemption of the ryots under Government tanks from liability to do earth work is also objected to, but the distinctive treatment of these tanks becomes necessary on account of their special importance, and the undue costliness of the works required for them, and the exemption of the ryots, it will be seen, is accompanied by an irrigation cess which would cease whenever Government should consider it unnecessary to keep such tanks under its own direct management.

23. Colonel Johnson considers that from 1 to 3 highly paid Inspectors of Tanks for each District would suffice, each inspecting 1,500 or more tanks in a year, their duties being confined strictly to inspection and to a certain extent to investigation, but not extending to the execution of works. I think that a less highly paid Inspector or Mestri for each Taluk for inspection and execution of tank, road and other works, a better arrangement. There may be one or two Inspectors of higher qualifications for each District for the first few years for the purpose of determining and laying down the requirements of each tank.

24. It would be necessary that the several chapters of the Draft Code should be revised and simplified with reference to the views above indicated.

25. In regard to tanks belonging to inam villages, the inamdars are responsible to Government for their maintenance: they may exact from their ryots any customary contribution of labor, or substitute, where all the parties concerned desire it, the arrangements provided for village tanks. Where the inam tanks are large and important or are required as stop tanks, special arrangements should be made for their restoration and maintenance in communication with the inamdars.

26. To sum up briefly the arrangements proposed in respect of tanks—

(1.) Village tanks will be restored and maintained by the ryots. For restoration *in the first instance only* the Government will contribute one half the cost of other than earth work only.

The other half of the cost, where necessary, to be advanced by Government and recovered by temporary addition to the assessment.

Tanks totally breached now or hereafter from unavoidable causes to be specially treated under the orders of the Chief Commissioner.

Ryots under these tanks to pay no other additional assessment nor any irrigation cess.

(2.) Government tanks will be restored and maintained entirely by Government, the ryots being wholly exempt from labor contributions, but paying a water cess of 6¼ per cent

in all taluks, and temporarily an enhanced rate of assessment (12½ per cent higher) in un surveyed taluks.

These additions to be at once levied in anticipation of the survey and settlement, and appropriated towards the cost of these repairs.

The *ad interim* addition to assessment in unsurveyed taluks to be 25 per cent in the case of lands under river channels in lieu of 12½ per cent under Government tanks.

(3.) A portion of the annual irrigation grant from Provincial Funds to be appropriated for a few years as contributions to village tanks, the remainder with collection of water cess and temporary additional assessment being available for Government tanks and Government river channels.

(4.) Recoverable advance required for village tanks to be provided by a separate grant once for all of five lakhs of rupees.

27. When once an adequate survey assessment is introduced, the public faith pledged by the terms of the settlement would require that the repair and maintenance of tanks by Government should involve the levy only of the irrigation cess, and of no further assessment, though it may be possible if it be found necessary and proper and be not contrary to survey guarantee to raise the rate of such irrigation cess hereafter.

13th August 1878.

J. D. GORDON,
Chief Commissioner.

FOOT NOTE.

A rough estimate of available funds for irrigation works will stand as follows. :—

For Village Tanks.

Annual grant from Provincial Funds temporarily for 5 years, besides an equal contribution from ryots	2,00,000

For Government Tanks and Government River Channels.

1.	Annual grant from Provincial Funds..	2,00,000
2.	Permanent irrigation cess at 6¼ per cent on 11½ lakhs. Government tank revenue and 3 lakhs river irrigation revenue—about	90,000
3.	Temporary addition to assessment till survey on 3 lakhs irrigation revenue at 25 per cent	75,000
4.	Ditto at 12½ per cent on 4 lakhs of Government tank revenue yet unsurveyed	50,000
	Total for Government Tanks and Channels .	4,15,000

So that fully 4 lakhs will always be available for the Government tanks and river channels. As items 3 and 4 cease on the introduction of survey, there will become available instead the amount of the grant for the village tanks.

Note—Total irrigation revenue roughly	32,60,000
Deduct rain water irrigation	6,00,000

Remainder Irrigated Revenue.

River irrigation revenue, all Government, mostly in Mysore, less in Hassan and Kadur		3,00,000	26 lakhs,
Tank revenue under survey settlement ..	15,00,000		
Do unsurveyed in Mysore, Hassan, Kadur and in Túmkúr	8,00,000		
		23,00,000	

Note—Half of tank revenue surveyed and unsurveyed respectively assumed roughly as revenue under Government tanks.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 23rd August 1878.

No. 4110—GENL. 61, DATED BANGALORE, 23RD AUGUST 1878.

ORDERED, that a copy of the above Minute by the Chief Commissioner be submitted to the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, for the consideration and orders of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, and hat copies of the marginally noted papers be forwarded therewith.

1. Note by the Offg. Chief Engineer, dated 14th January 1878.
2. Note by the Famine Commissioner, dated 23rd January 1878.
3. Note by the Offg. Chief Engineer, dated 6th April 1878.
4. Draft Mysore Tank Code, with statement of objects and reasons, dated 15th April 1878.
5. Note by Colonel Johnson on the Tank Code, dated 22nd May 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 364—Genl. 154, dated 29th July 1878.

With reference to No. 4937—Gl. 154, dated 2nd December 1873, has the honor to forward copy f Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 366, dated 22nd instant, and of its enclosures, regarding he stamp duty to be levied on bail bonds of toddy contracts.

The view entertained by the Deputy Commissioner that as the original bonds by the contractors are luly stamped with the *ad valorem* duty for the amount of the contracts, the bail bonds come under rticle 20 of the second schedule of the Stamp Act, appears to the Commissioner to be correct ; but the avor of the Chief Commissioner's definite instructions is solicited.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 366, dated 22nd July 1878.

I have the honor to bring to your notice that, in accordance with the instructions conveyed in Secretary's docket No. 4937—154, dated 2nd December 1873, (received with your office circular No. 404, lated 14th idem) both the bonds of toddy contracts and their security bonds are now subjected to pay the full stamp duty prescribed in article 5 of schedule I of the General Stamp Act. But from the copy of * correspondence herein enclosed, it will be seen that the Registrar General has decided that security bonds in respect of contracts to supply wood to the Forest Department are liable to a stamp duty of Rs. 2 each under article 20 of schedule II of the Stamp Act, which runs thus :—

* To Inspector General of Registration No. 54, dated 25th March 1875.
From Do No. 4, dated 3rd April 1875.

"Bond or mortgage deed executed as a collateral security for the performance of any act, where "such performance is secured by some instrument previously executed on stamped paper in accordance "with the law in force in British India at the time of its execution."

As the performance of the act of paying the toddy revenue according to instalments is secured by a bond executed on stamped paper by the contractor, I doubt if the security bond in respect of such contract does not properly fall under article 20, schedule II. I therefore request that the Chief Commissioner may be moved to reconsider the ruling containing in the Secretary's docket above quoted.

No. 4111—GENL. 98, DATED BANGALORE, 23RD AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—**The Chief Commissioner concurs in the view that, where the original bond executed by a contractor is duly stamped with the *ad valorem* duty for the amount of the contract, bonds executed as collateral security fall under article 20 of the schedule II of the Stamp Act, and are liable only to a stamp of Rs. 2 in each case. These instructions will be observed hereafter, in supersession of those conveyed in this office No. 4937—154, dated 2nd December 1873.**

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of the Nagar Division.
" Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions.
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
" Inspector General of Registration.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
28th August 1878.

District Funds.

Read—

Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's No. 158, dated 8th August 1878, requesting to be supplied with ten metallic tapes of 100 feet for the use of the Mestris in the District.

Chief Engineer's endorsement thereon, No. 2129, dated 17th August 1878, stating that it would save trouble if the Deputy Commissioner was authorized to obtain the articles himself.

No. 1658-1670—D.-F. 389, dated Bangalore, 24th August 1878.

Order thereon.—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, may himself obtain the metallic tapes furnishing a bill of the cost.

2. It will be desirable that in regard to all articles of the kind referred to, which are required for the use of the District Fund Department, and which are consequently not obtainable from the Stationery Depôt, arrangements should be made by the Deputy Commissioners for procuring them, after authority to the supply has been obtained from this Office.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.
" Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
" Chief Engineer and Secretary, D. P. W.

Read—

Letter No. 407—99, dated 17th August 1878, from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, soliciting orders in the matter of certain presents received by the Amildar of————from————during the latter's visit to Melkota in March last, on the occasion of the Vairamudi procession at that place.

No. 4241—Genl. 100, dated Bangalore, 28th August 1878.

Order.—The Commissioner is referred to the orders of the Government of India contained in Circular No. 1299 G., dated 20th June 1876, published in the *Mysore Gazette* under Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 112, dated 1st July 1876. These orders which it will be observed are applicable to all servants of Government, prohibit the receipt of any presents of the nature referred to.

2. The articles in question will accordingly be taken charge of by the Deputy Commissioner and deposited in the District Treasury pending their disposal by sale.

3. The Commissioner is requested to inform the donor of the prohibition placed upon the acceptance of valuable presents by officers of Government, and of the necessity imposed upon him therefore of not offering them such gifts in future.

4. It will be requisite that the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, should be reminded of the orders of the Government of India quoted above, and that the Commissioners of Divisions should draw the attention of all officers to them.

T CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
" Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions.

PART I.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Order Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Grant to the Anglo-Indian Aid Association* Sanctioning payment for one year to the Anglo-Indian Aid Association ... sum of Rs. 100 per mensem ... from 1st January 1878.	No. 3535—12, dated 7th Aug. 1878.	...	No. 381—63, dated 19th April 1878, Part I, General.	1 to 3
3 to 4	*School hours.* Arent the matter of school hours.	No. 3640—78, dated 12th Aug. 1878.	...	...	4

From the Director of Public Instruction, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1136, dated Bangalore, 17th July 1878.

Referring to Chief Commissioner's order No. 384—63 of the 16th April last, I have the honor to forward for consideration and orders of the Chief Commissioner, a letter addressed to me, under date the 9th instant, by the President of the Anglo-Indian Aid Association, seeking the renewal of the Government grant, the sanction for which expired on the 1st of January last.

2. In my report No. 4044 of the 20th March last, on the operations of the Association, it was shewn that the principal expenditure now incurred by them was on account of a Home in which their apprentices were lodged, clothed and fed; and that as no part of the cost of so doing seemed to be borne either by the masters who had the services of the apprentices, or by the parents on whose behalf they were articled, the arrangement did not appear to be one tending to inculcate self-reliance on the part of the community to be benefitted. In this view the Chief Commissioner concurred.

3. The committee, with reference to this subject, state that the boys are for the most part so destitute that no contribution can be obtained for their support from their parents or friends. On the other hand, for at least one out of the three years of their apprenticeship their services are of little value to their employers, who, moreover, charge no premium for receiving the apprentices. But an arrangement seems to have been made whereby the employers are to contribute towards the support of the boys a small sum (how much is not stated), to be paid monthly, and increased as they become more useful. This is undoubtedly a step in the right direction, and is also I understand in accordance with the articles of apprenticeship, which require that the master should "find and allow unto his apprentice, good, wholesome, and sufficient food, clothes, lodging, washing and all other things necessary, fit, and reasonable for an apprentice." In estimating the income of the Association it would be necessary to have some particulars as to the amount obtained from this source.

4. The arrangement above referred to, if adequate to the case, certainly removes one serious ground on which objection was taken to the tendency of the Association's past operations. The quarterly statements referred to in para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's order were, I may state, duly submitted to this office at the appointed times, nor would the grant have been passed except on such fulfilment of the prescribed conditions.

5. In para 4 of the order discontinuing the grant, it was intimated that any scheme devised by the Association having for its object the establishment of an Industrial School for the purpose of instructing and training poor European and Eurasian lads, who are quite destitute of means, in various useful trades, would be favorably considered. Regarding this proposal the committee represent that, having had an Industrial School for some time, they are entirely convinced, after full consideration, that it would not be expedient for them to give the plan a second trial. The reasons for this decision are stated in detail. But while the committee regard the whole matter as beyond the scope of a small local Association like theirs, its importance is urged as an undertaking that might be carried out with advantage by Government in connection with the Educational Department.

6. The Association, therefore, in requesting that the order withdrawing the grant may be reconsidered, come before the Government with the conviction that they cannot better further the interests of the Anglo-Indian community, than by adhering to the apprenticeship system, and maintaining the Home, with the modifications above described, as to the means of support for the apprentices in the latter. The proposals in this shape, I beg to commend to the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner. Should it be considered that the proposed course is now free from objections and deserving of the aid of Government, further details might be obtained of the estimated resources of the Association, as data on which to base the amount of grant that should be given. The latter might also be made to vary, up to a certain limit, as the number of apprentices connected with the Association, in accordance with the conditions prescribed when the grant was first given.

From the President, Anglo-Indian Aid Association, Bangalore, To the Director of Public Instruction, Mysore and Coorg, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1878.

I am desired by the committee of the Bangalore Anglo-Indian Aid Association to say that they have delayed acknowledging the receipt of Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, under date

the 16th April 1878, with your communication in connection therewith, regarding the grant-in-aid given to the Bangalore Anglo-Indian Aid Association, chiefly because they were anxious to view the matter in all its bearings, before replying with regard to the suggestion that they should re-open an Industrial School, in place of the apprenticeship system which they have (as they consider) successfully adopted for some time past.

2. The committee are entirely convinced, after full consideration, of the inexpediency of giving the Industrial School a second trial. They feel persuaded that an Industrial School to be successful requires —(1) a very large capital, (2) a large staff of Instructors in various trades, (3) some definite system of quasi-military discipline, and (4) a command of patronage for the boys when trained. This committee has none of these things. An Industrial School, which it might found, would have to depend chiefly upon casual gifts, would hardly have more than one or two Instructors, would lack the prime element of authoritative management, and would provide very insufficient means for the employment of the pupils when trained. If an Industrial School can be established by your Department, with anything like the facilities possessed by the Sappers' Workshops, or by the Gun Carriage Manufactory, or by the Railway Workshops, much good can be effected. But the whole matter seems beyond the scope of a small local Association, like ours. Meanwhile the committee would respectfully urge its importance upon yourself and, through you, upon the Chief Commissioner.

3. The committee feel it incumbent on them to notice your remarks in paragraph 10 of your letter to the Chief Commissioner, which are quoted by him with approbation, and seem to contain the chief reason for the withdrawal of the grant-in-aid. It is said that the operations of the Association are not of a character to inculcate self-reliance. This is founded upon the fact that the boys are for the most part lodged and fed in a Home, and upon the supposition that no part of this cost falls either upon the parents or employers. The parents, it is true, do nothing for them. It seems to have been lost sight of, however, that the children are, for the most part, absolutely destitute, having been received in many cases from the Friend-in-Need Society, or Bangalore Cantonment Orphanage, or rescued from the streets. They are therefore either orphans, or the children of destitute persons. Nor, in most cases, can the services of these lads be considered as more than an equivalent for the anxiety and care involved in teaching them a trade. They break tools, spoil work, and are of little value for at least one out of the three years of their apprenticeship. But it is not the case that the employers contribute nothing towards the support of the boys. A small sum (which will be increased as the boys become more useful) is paid monthly by the masters of the various lads, and no premium is charged by them for receiving the apprentices. The committee, in fact, do not see how they could have inculcated self-reliance upon the boys more effectually than they have striven to do. The boys are now working for their living, and are aware that at the expiration of their apprenticeship, they must depend for advancement in life upon the knowledge they have attained in their respective trades. On this head the committee are most anxious to satisfy the Chief Commissioner's wishes.

4. In paragraph 2 of the Chief Commissioner's order, it is stated that the minimum number of youths and girls apprenticed to render the full amount of the grant claimable is 30, and that the number entertained by the Association has fallen short of this minimum, and that the committee has failed to furnish the required returns. The minimum number fixed was, you will remember, two-thirds of 40, and the average on our rolls has never fallen below this number. The lists are with you, and you would not have sanctioned the payment of the grant for any month without satisfying yourself that the number of apprentices and the number under instruction was up to the mark. Nor has the committee ever failed to forward the required returns to you, as you are of course aware. Perhaps you will be able to satisfy the Chief Commissioner in regard to these two points.

5. The committee is thankful to find that they are deemed to have done "a certain amount of good;" but they are inclined to think that this beneficial result is somewhat greater than your remarks seem to acknowledge; and that there is a real and pressing demand for the existence of an Association like this, while such an Association will hardly be held together without the assistance of the Local Government. The Home especially should not be closed, and the committee desire to express a hope that, if they are compelled to cease their operations, you will be able to provide for its maintenance.

6. On these grounds therefore the committee beg to ask that you will again submit the matter to the Chief Commissioner, with a view to the continuance of assistance hitherto given; feeling sure that you share with them a desire to give all practicable aid to a very needy section of the community.

May we ask the favor of your submitting this letter with your remarks thereupon to the Chief Commissioner?

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 8th August 1878.

No. 3535—Edul. 12, dated Bangalore, 8th August 1878.

Order Thereon.—Having considered the Director's report above read, and having also recently visited the Home referred to, the Chief Commissioner is glad to be able to admit that the Association, though it has not accomplished what was aimed at, is certainly doing a work of some usefulness, and is therefore deserving of some encouragement and support.

2. The weak point in its operations seems to be that, with very few exceptions, the youths sent out as apprentices are not really learning to become useful, but are, for the most part, what may be termed, mere errand-boys.

3. Mr. Gordon also observes that the Association is not seemingly aided by the community to which the boys belong, to the extent that may be fairly expected, for, of a sum of Rs 103½ which represents the subscriptions for the month of July 1878—in itself a very insignificant amount—about Rs. 67½ only are contributed by the Eurasian residents. This circumstance does not indicate that much practical interest is felt by this class of the community, and if the aid of Government is looked for, the disposition to aid the movement more largely must be manifested.

4 In the expectation however that further efforts will be made to this end, the Chief Commissioner is willing, in anticipation of the sanction of the Government of India, to sanction the payment for one year to the Association, of a sum of Rs. 100 per mensem, with effect from the 1st January 1878, the date on which the former grant-in-aid was discontinued; and meanwhile the committee will be able, Mr. Gordon trusts, to devise and submit some measure for giving effect to the more practical training of the youths, in which case he will gladly endeavour to increase the assistance given to it.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Director of Public Instruction.
" President, Bangalore Anglo-Indian Aid Association.
" Deputy Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 12th August 1878.

READ—

Letter No. 1256, dated 30th July 1878, from the Director of Public Instruction, submitting for the Chief Commissioner's information certain correspondence from the Anglo-Vernacular schools regarding the inconvenience attending the adoption of the mid-day hours of school.

No. 3640—EDL. 13, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner has considered the objections urged by the masters and parents of the pupils against the mid-day school hours; but, apart from the merely personal considerations which appear largely to influence their arguments, the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the more weighty reasons which led after much consideration, to the abandonment of the early hours for school attendance, require, in the interest of the boys whose health is liable to injury by the former system, as well as on other public grounds, that the practice now adopted should be firmly and consistently maintained.

2. Mr. Gordon understands that in the Madras Presidency the mid-day school hours have for many years past been in use, and if in a climate like that of Madras this practice is found to work advantageously, it is impossible to admit the objections that have been raised here on the score of the heat.

The Chief Commissioner believes that the same practice can be established in Mysore, and that it will ultimately prove acceptable to all concerned.

3. The only relaxation of the rule which the Chief Commissioner will be prepared to allow, if recommended by the Director, would be a change of hours during the hot-weather months, *viz.*, March to May in each year. Mr. Gordon trusts that the Managers of the Aided schools will find it to their advantage to follow the example set by the Government schools in the matter, and the Director of Public Instruction should not fail to press the subject on their attention.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Director of Public Instruction, returning the original enclosures.

PART I.

FAMINE DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

1.	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*... Ozanne.* ... M. C. Ozanne's services replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.	No. 2157, dated 1st Aug. 1878.	...	...	1
2	*... and Lamb.* ... services of Lieutenant Lamb placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras.	No. 2507, dated 1st Aug. 1878.	...		1
3	... ... services of Mr. Davidson replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.	No. 2508, dated 1st Aug. 1878.	...	..	2
4	... ... the Government of India that an addition to the statement of prices and rain-fall ... para will be added to the fortnightly report describing the prospects of the Province	No. 2533, dated 5th Aug. 1878.	...	...	2
5	*... for Maynard.* The services of Major Maynard replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	No. 2630, dated 13th Aug. 1878.	...	...	3
6 to 7	*Support of famine orphans.* Anent the support to be given by Government to famine orphans.	No. 2532, dated 14th Aug. 1878.	...	...	3 to 11
8 to 9	*Officers on famine duty thanked.* Government recording their special thanks due to the officers who served in Mysore during the famine.	No. 2584, dated 14th Aug. 1878.	...	...	12 to 13
10 to 11	*Roadside deaths.* Deputy Commissioners to understand that roadside deaths are not to be looked upon as matters of course.	No. 2679, dated 14th Aug. 1878.	...	..	13
12	*Cordial acknowledgments for excellent service.* Conveying for the information of the Government of India the Chief Commissioner's cordial acknowledgments for the excellent service rendered by certain officers during the famine.	No. 2711, dated 15th Aug. 1878.	...	...	14

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Progs.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
13	*Consolidating the travelling allowance of Mysore Revenue Officers on famine duty.* Granting to the Officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey still on famine duty a consolidated travelling allowance per mensem.	No. 2716, dated 17th Aug. 1878.	..	...	15
14	*Consolidation of the travelling allowance to Mysore Revenue Survey Officers on famine duty.* Soliciting approval of the Government of India to the grant to the Officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey still on famine duty a consolidated travelling allowance per mensem.	No. 2717, dated 17th Aug. 1878.	...	...	15 to 16
15	*Hospital Assistant Morat Lall.* The services of Hospital Assistant Morat Lall of the Bengal Medical Establishment replaced at the disposal of the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Calcutta.	No. 2736, dated 19th Aug. 1878.	..	...	16
16 to 17	*Medicine and Medical aid to Orphanages.* Orphanages not supported by Government are not entitled to medicine and medical aid at the Government expense.	No. 2863, dated 31st Aug. 1878.	...	...	17

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department,
1st August 1878.

No. 2457.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 1st August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department,

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to state for the information of the Government of India, that the services of Mr. E. C. Ozanne, BO. C. S., temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

A. WINGATE
Addl. Secretary.

No. 2507.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 1st August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to state for the information of the Government of India, that, under the authority conveyed in your telegram of the 30th July 1878, the services of Lieutenant H. C. Lamb of the 4th Bengal Cavalry, temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras, and that he has been directed to proceed immediately and join at Salem as requested by that Government.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

A. WINGATE,
Addl. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department,
5th August 1878.

No. 2508.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 1st August 1878

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to state for the information of the Government of India, that the services of Mr. J. Davidson, BO. C. S, temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
A. WINGATE,
Addl. Secretary.

No. 2533.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 5th August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram of the 31st ultimo, approving of the proposed substitution of a fortnightly statistical statement for the present weekly relief report, and requesting that information about the rain-fall, prices, and general prospects may also be given in the proposed statement.

2. In reply, I am desired to say that statistical statement referred to in my telegram of the 29th ultimo is the appendix to the present weekly report, which includes information of prices and rain-fall. In addition to this statement, a para will be given as directed describing briefly the general prospects of the Province.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

No. 2630.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 13th August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works (Famine) Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to report for the information of the Government of India that the services of Major F. M. Maynard, District Superintendent of Police, Unao, Oudh, who was temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

From the Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, To the Secretary to the Govt. of India, Foreign Department, Simla, No. 835, dated Bangalore, 8th May 1878.

I am directed to reply to your letter No. 767 G, dated 16th March 1878, regarding the support to be given by Government to the famine-orphans in Mysore and Coorg.

2. The annexed statement shews the number of orphans supported in the orphanages established by Government, by Religious Societies, and by private individuals, on the 1st April 1878. The total number was 2216 in Mysore and 26 in Coorg.

3. Efforts have been made to stimulate the liberality both of private persons and of Societies, and to provide refuges for the waifs and strays left on our hands by the great calamity which has swept over the country. And these efforts have not been unsuccessful. There are however no Native Institutions in Mysore which could be utilized in this way. One Native Gentleman has come forward liberally and undertaken to found and endow an orphanage to accommodate 100 children: and a copy of the correspondence with him regarding the conditions of this Foundation is enclosed for the information of the Government of India. One English Lady is erecting a building at Kolar which (in addition to a disused public office made over to her by Government) will provide room for 600 children. The Roman Catholic Missionaries have founded or are founding no less than five such institutions, one of which is located in the building known as the old Museum, the value of which was graciously remitted to them by the Viceroy during his visit here. The Wesleyan Missionaries have built one orphanage and are building 2 more. The London Mission Society has received a small number of children. A European Gentleman in trade in Bangalore has undertaken to receive a few orphans to be taught carpet weaving, and if the experiment succeeds he will be glad to take more: the correspondence shewing the conditions on which these orphans are entrusted to him is appended for information. Altogether the number for whom provision has been or is being made is shown in the subjoined statement. In each case the Famine Commissioner has examined either the actual building, or the plans of the building under erection, and has satisfied himself that the accommodation is sufficient for the numbers whom it is proposed to receive.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

District.	Name of Orphanage.	No. of Orphans.
Bangalore ...	Roman Catholic Orphanage ..	600
	Wesleyan Missionary Society ...	100
	London Missionary Society ...	34
	Rai Bahadur Narayanaswamy Medaliar	100
	Mr. Lee, Carpet Factory ...	30
Kolar	Miss Anstey's	600
Túmkúr	Wesleyan Missionary Society ...	200
Mysore	Roman Catholic Missionaries ...	300
Hassan	Wesleyan Missionary Society ...	225
	Roman Catholic Missionaries at Setlalli	100
Shimoga	Do do ...	200
		2,489
Coorg	Basel Missionary Society ...	26
		2,515

It appears therefore that the number provided for is larger than the number at present on our hands.

4. There is still a constant small influx of orphans who are picked up in streets and lanes: on the other hand there is a steady decrease both from deaths and from the re-appearance of parents and near relations to claim the children.

5. As soon as the private Societies are ready to receive children in the buildings now under construction, they will be transferred from the Government Orphanages, and the latter will be closed when no longer required. In three or four months it is probable that there will be no Government Orphanages left, and the number of orphans to be provided for at the end of the year (up to which time the English Charitable Fund will support them) will be in all probability not much over or below 2,000.

6. I am to solicit therefore that the Government of India will be pleased to sanction a grant of Rs. 2 a month for these orphans, and for all famine-orphans who may hereafter be made over by the orders of a Magistrate to these or to any other institution. This grant will not, it is calculated, entirely cover the expenditure on their food, clothing and education, but it will meet the greater part of the cost, and the balance must be provided by private charity.

7. It will be a subject of some anxiety to provide for the future career of these children and for enabling them to support themselves in any useful and independent walk of life. The great loss of life and of the means of cultivation throughout the country has thrown much arable land into fallow, and depopulated some entire villages: and it is natural to think that the most suitable course is that the orphans should be trained to agriculture, and should be established ultimately as ryots on Government lands. The Chief Commissioner proposes to submit his views on this subject to the Government of India, when his plans have been more thoroughly matured.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

Statement showing the Number of Orphans in the hands of Government and Missionary Bodies in Mysore and Coorg on 1st April 1878.

District.	Locality.	Number of Orphans.			Remarks.
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Bangalore ...	Government Orphanage (managed by a Committee of Ladies) ...	240	224	464	
	Wesleyan Mission Orphanage ...	0	106	106	
	London do ...	20	14	34	
	Catholic Orphanage	251	227	478	
	Total.....	511	571	1,082	
Kolar ...	Government Orphanage	21	12	33	
	Miss Anstey's Orphanage... ..	138	116	254	
	Total.....	159	128	287	
Tumkur ...	Government Orphanage	96	133	229	
	Do Hospital	19	15	34	
	Total Government.....	115	148	263	
	With Missionaries	65	2	67	
	Grand Tota	180	150	330	
Mysore ...	Government Orphanage	48	59	107	
	With Missionaries	45	26	71	
	Total.....	93	85	178	
Hassan ...	Government Orphanage	20	30	50	
	With Missionaries	63	83	146	
	Total... ..	83	113	196	
Kadur ...	Government	3	3	6	
Shimoga ...	Government	...	...	...	
	With Missionaries	51	61	112	
	Total.....	51	61	112	
Chitaldrug ...	Government Orphanage	10	15	25	
	Total Mysore.....	1,090	1,126	2,216	
Coorg ...	Mercara Camp	10	14	24	Handed over to the Rev. Kaundinya.
	Virrajendrapet Camp	...	2	2	
	Total Coorg.....	10	16	26	

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

Appendix A to Letter No. 835, *dated 8th May* 1878, *to the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.*

RAI-BAHADUR ARCOT NARAYANASWAMY MODALIAR'S ORPHANAGE.

Memorandum by the Famine Commissioner of Mysore.

I visited Rai-Bahadur Arcot Narayanaswamy's Orphanage to-day: it is in a temporary place where the orphans sleep in several old corners, and there are no proper arrangements for their accommodation. The food given (as stated by him) is ample, and the children generally look thriving, though there are some very bad cases of itch, and two of swelled feet, and some are extremely emaciated. The numbers I saw were 37. Four of them girls, and three more boys were said to be absent at the time, total 40. Some of these had been received quite recently on November 13th from the Siledar Lines. Mr. Arcot Narayanaswamy says he had permission from Major Cole to send a man down to pick out what orphans he liked; if this is the case, Major Cole must have misunderstood my wishes. No one would have entrusted Government orphans to him after seeing the place where they are sheltered. However, he tells me that he has bought a building near by called the "Victoria Hotel," and intends to remove his orphans there, and if he does, there will be ample and good accommodation for 100 orphans, and I shall be then prepared to receive from him an application for them. But before I comply with it, I should wish to have a statement in writing shewing—

(1.) what establishment he proposes to entertain to look after the children;

(2.) how he proposes to bring them up, and put them out in life when they are grown up—

(3.) what security there is for the continuance of the Orphanage in the case of his death.

I ask for this information not through any doubt of his charitable motives or his willingness to provide all that is right, but because I am not satisfied that he has sufficiently thought over the future and realized the responsibilities he is undertaking.

C. A. ELLIOTT,
Famine Commissioner.

November 27th, 1877.

From Rai-Bahadur A. Narayanaswamy Modaliar, To Major R. A. Cole, Mysore Commission, Bangalore, Mysore Hall, dated 25th February 1878.

With reference to your letter No. 491, dated 4th December last, while you were in charge of the Bangalore Relief Camps, I beg to submit, with reference to the 1st question put by the Famine Commissioner, that I intend employing 2 male and 2 female servants to attend to the wants of the orphans, the number being increased or decreased according to the circumstances.

As a general rule (2nd question) the orphans will be taken care of and maintained in my Orphanage, and during the period of their sojourn in my Orphanage they will be taught some one language of an elementary character, and in carpentry, brick-laying, tailoring and such like industrial works.

I shall make provision to set apart Rs. 20,000, besides the building for the continuance of the orphanage by my heirs and executors to be named by me hereafter.

Orphans could not be removed to Victoria Hotel which was not vacated till recently; these replies were not sent earlier, so please excuse the delay and oblige.

From Rai-Bahadur A. Narayanaswamy Modaliar, To A. Wingate, Esq., Addl. Secy. to the Chief Commissioner, Famine Dept., dated Mysore Hall, 11th March 1878.

I shall be glad if you will be pleased to make arrangements to hand over to me about 30 orphan children to be kept and taken care of by me along with those already in my charge.

If you will kindly give me orders for the above children to receive from places where they are, I shall be glad to select and take them.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

Note by the Famine Commissioner, dated 23rd March 1878.

I visited this Orphanage to-day with Mr. Wingate, and was well satisfied with the appearance of the children, and the arrangement of the house. The children number 34, and there is plenty of room for 30 more. I think the additional 30 may safely be given if Mr. Narayanaswamy Modaliar will agree to establish the Orphanage under the following conditions:—

(1.) A bond to be executed placing the house and 20,000 Rs. in trust for the use of the orphans, the trustees being I should say the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, the Director of Public Instruction, and a Native Gentleman of the Town, to be selected by the endower. Provision should be made for filling up the two former places when the administration is assumed by the Raja.

(2.) The Orphanage to be looked on as an aided school and inspected from time to time by the Director of Public Instruction.

C. A. ELLIOTT,
Famine Commissioner.

23rd March 1878.

No. 3789, F., dated Bangalore, 27th March 1878.

Order thereon.—A copy of the Famine Commissioner's Note should be sent to Rai-Bahadur A. Narayanaswamy Modaliar, and he should be asked if he is willing to execute a bond for placing the house now occupied by the orphans already under his care, and a sum of Rs. 20,000 in trust for the use of famine orphans, the trustees being the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, the Director of Public Instruction, and a Native Gentleman of the Town to be selected by Rai-Bahadur Narayanaswamy Modaliar. Rai-Bahadur Narayanaswamy Modaliar should also state, whether he will consent that the Orphanage should be regarded as an aided school, and be inspected from time to time by the Director of Public Instruction.

2. On these conditions the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the 30 additional orphans asked for may be given.

A. WINGATE,
Addl. Secretary.

From Rai-Bahadur A. Narayanaswamy Modaliar, To A. Wingate Esq., Additional Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Famine Department, dated 15th April 1878.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of the Chief Commissioner's printed order No. 3789 F., dated 27th March 1878, and to state that I am willing to execute a bond placing the house and 20,000 Rs. in trust for the use of the Orphanage, provided that, (*a*) the Government supplement the endowment by equal amount as is done in case of other Public and useful institutions, (*b*) the management of the Orphanage be left to me, my heirs or successors, (*c*) the Orphanage be called after the names of my deceased brothers Muniswamy Modaliar, and Muttuswamy Modaliar, the designation may be thus "Brothers Muniswamy and Muttuswamy Orphanage" (*d*) caste children be received and taken care in this Orphanage.

I would humbly beg further to submit that the funds should be placed in the hands of a Board of trustees consisting of myself or my heirs, the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, the Director of Public Instruction and two Hindu gentlemen to be appointed by me or my heirs. It is my particular wish to introduce industrial arts into the Orphanage, and I have no objection whatever to the inspection from time to time of the Orphanage school by the Director of Public Instruction.

From the Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, To A. Narayanaswamy Modaliar, Esq, Rai-Bahadur, Mysore Hall, Bangalore, No. 419, dated Bangalore, 17th April 1878.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th instant, and in reply to say that the Famine Commissioner has no objection to the management of your Orphanage being left in your hands, to the Orphanage being called after the names of your brothers, and to the funds connected with the Institution being placed in the hands of a Board of trustees consisting of yourself, or your legal heirs, the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, the Director of Public Instruction and two Native Gentlemen to be appointed by you or your heirs.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

2. As regards the application for an endowment by Government equal in amount to that subscribed by you, I am desired to state that Government cannot do more than grant, after the Mansion House Funds are exhausted, Rs. 2 per month for each orphan.

3. Lastly with reference to the proposal to restrict admission to the Orphanage to caste orphans I am to state that the Manager of the Institution may confine himself to any class, but that the Government allowance would be given only for orphans sent by a Magistrate.

From Rai-Bahadur Arcot Narayanasawmy Modaliar, To A. Wingate Esq., Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, dated Mysore Hall April 1878.

I beg to state that I consent to the terms proposed in paras 2 and 3 of your letter No. 419, dated 17th instant.

* * * *

Appendix B to Letter No. 835, dated the 8th May 1878, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

From Standish Lee, Esq., Woollen and Carpet Factory, To C. A. Elliott, Esq., Famine Commissioner, Mysore, dated Bangalore, 16th April 1878.

I applied some time back for orphans, and was refused. I now beg to make the following proposal for your individual consideration and disposal.

I would be glad to take charge of, as a tentative measure, 30 big boys, house and feed them and teach them weaving. Maintenance being allowed until such time as they are able to earn wages sufficient to keep themselves. From my experience, they would be self-supporting in 6 months. I would be glad to produce my pay sheets for your inspection, so that you may judge, from the wages earned by the children now employed, whether the trade would prove ordinarily remunerative.

The boys and their food at all times be accessible to inspection of Government officers. The working hours could be regulated by you, and the boys might be removed at your pleasure.

My proposal possesses very great advantages over the system of Orphanages. Charity forms no factor in my terms, and I am free to admit that I make the proposal for my own advantage, but only to the extent, as if I were dealing with free labor. I want *permanent* labor at good wages, and cannot get it in sufficient quantity at present.

A moment's reflection would shew that had the parents of these children the disposal of them, they would readily accept my terms, while they would strenuously oppose their children being made over to alien religious bodies, to be brought up amid surroundings (I mean plenty and ease) that would unfit them for the hardships in life they were born to ; destroy all kindredship with their kith and kin ; and render them out-castes, without a handicraft to earn a livelihood.

An offer of your best asylum, with all its comforts, would be readily refused by the parent of the poorest child now working for me.

I would also beg to point out that, while an application from me for 6 European orphans from the Lawrence Asylum has been readily entertained, it appears an anomaly that my offer to employ native orphans in the trade of their forefathers should be refused.

From A. Wingate, Esq., Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, To Standish Lee, Esq., Woollen and Carpet Manufactory, Bangalore.

In reply to your letter of the 16th ultimo to the address of the Famine Commissioner, I am directed to inform you that the Chief Commissioner consents to let you have 30 boys from the Government Orphanage to employ in weaving on the following terms.

2. The boys and everything connected with them, their work, their food, their quarters, &c., will be at all times open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore and the Surgeon of the Mysore Commission, as well as to that of whatever Sub-committee the Mysore General Relief Committee may appoint. You will in all particulars conform to their wishes, and should the Chief Commissioner be dissatisfied with the condition of the boys, or your treatment of them, they will at any time be withdrawn.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

3. Subject to these conditions, you will keep the boys for six months during which you will receive the capitation allowance of Rs. 3 per mensem from the General Relief Committee: at the expiry of that time, should you wish still to maintain them the Chief Commissioner will be prepared to receive and consider any proposals you may make to that effect. It is his wish, however, that none of the boys should be kept in a state of tutelage for a space of more than two years from the present date, by which time they will probably have reached the age of 14 or 15.

4. The boys will all be of the weaver caste. You will be allowed to select them from the Orphanage, subject to approval of any officer the Chief Commissioner may appoint on that behalf.

5. The Chief Commissioner hopes that your management of the boys may be such that they will have no wish to run away, and you can place a peon over them and exercise such authority as the Superintendent of the Orphanage does now. But if they do desert you and engage themselves to work with other traders, the Police will not be employed to bring them back.

6. Mr. Gordon understands that you wish to employ girls as well as boys. He will give this his consideration after a month or two if the present experiment is found to succeed.

7. I enclose herewith for your information an extract from the proceedings of the Mysore General Relief Committee of the 30th ultimo. As soon as you are ready for the boys, if you will be good enough to let me know, arrangements will be made for your receiving them.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Mysore General Relief Committee held at Bangalore, 30th April 1878.

* * *

Major Moncrieff brought to the notice of the Committee a letter addressed by Mr. S. Lee, Proprietor of the Woollen Manufactory, Bangalore, to the Famine Commissioner, and Mr. Elliott's notes on the same.

After some discussion, it was resolved that this Committee are prepared to grant to Mr. Lee a capitation allowance of Rs. 3 per mensem on each orphan received by him from the Famine Department for a period not exceeding six months, provided he will abide by the following conditions:—

1st. That the number is not to exceed 30 at present.

2nd. That the orphans be received from the Famine Department under the sanction of the Chief Commissioner.

3rd. That the hours of work be regulated by a Sub-committee composed by Major Moncrieff, Mr. Wingate, and Captain Curley, who will also supervise the arrangements made for the housing, feeding, and clothing of the boys and inspect them as often as necessary.

4th. That in addition to this Committee, the orphans are to be subject to such supervision and inspection as may be considered necessary by any Committee appointed by the Local Government.

5th. That Mr. Lee be responsible for the keeping of the boys and use every reasonable precaution to prevent their running away, and that in the event of any boy leaving, Mr. Lee cannot look to this Committee to get him back.

6th. That the capitation allowance be paid monthly in arrears on a bill signed by Mr. Lee and countersigned by one member of the Sub-committee and may at any time be withdrawn.

A. WINGATE,
Addl. Secretary.

From the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1835 G., dated Simla, the 10th July 1878.

I am directed to acknowledge your letter No. 835, dated 8th May 1878, regarding the support to be given by Government to the Famine orphans in Mysore and Coorg.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Governor General in Council sanctions the grant of rupees two per mensem for each of these orphans, as recommended by you.

3. The report you purpose submitting on the subject of providing for the future livelihood of these orphans will be awaited by His Excellency in Council.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

No. 2532, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—A return called for by the Chief Commissioner shewed the number of orphans in the hands of Government, Missionary bodies, and private individuals on the 1st April 1878, to be 2,216 in Mysore and 26 in Coorg. Of the former number, 948 were still under Government care, as well as all the Coorg orphans; but it was believed that all the children would eventually be provided for in the manner indicated below :—

	No.
By Roman Catholic Orphanages	1,200
„ Miss Anstey's Kolar Orphanage	600
„ Wesleyan Mission Orphanages	525
„ Rai-Bahadur Narayanaswamy Modaliar	100
„ The London Mission	34
„ The Bangalore Carpet Factory	30
„ The Basel Mission, Coorg	26
Total...	2,515

2. To enable these Societies and individuals to erect the necessary accommodation and to maintain the orphans, the Mysore General Relief Committee consented to assist with building grants and a contribution of Rs. 3 per mensem for each child from Mansion House Funds till the 31st of December 1878.

3. Famine orphans were thus temporarily cared for, but it was understood that when the charitable grants-in-aid ceased, help would be required from Government to allow of those who in a time of emergency had received the children continuing to keep them. Accordingly the Chief Commissioner applied to the Government of India for a grant of Rs. 2 per mensem per head as had been sanctioned on former occasions in other parts of India. His Excellency the Viceroy has now been pleased to accord his sanction to the proposal.

4. The information in the hands of the Chief Commissioner is not of sufficiently recent a date to enable him to state what number of orphans are now in the hands of Missionaries, &c., and what number remain with Government. But Deputy Commissioners will, without loss of time, collect the information and submit a return in the form shewn below :—

Return of Famine Orphans in the District of————on the 1st September 1878.

Name of Orphanage.	Under whose management.	Number of Famine Orphans.				No. for whom accommodation is still available or to be provided.		Date when such further accommodation will be ready.	Remarks.
		Boys.		Girls.					
		Healthy.	Sick.	Healthy.	Sick.	Boys.	Girls.		

5. A similar return will be furnished for the 1st of each succeeding month, and any increase or decrease in numbers from the date of the last return will be accounted for in the column of remarks.

6. The allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem will commence from the 1st January 1879 in respect of all orphans coming within the terms of para 6 of this office letter No. 835, dated 8th May 1878, printed with these Proceedings. Payments will be made monthly in advance upon nominal rolls signed by those in superior charge of the Orphanage, and countersigned by the Deputy Commissioner of the District and Commissioner of the Division.

7. The continuance of the grant will depend upon the pleasure of the Chief Commissioner. Deputy Commissioners, after consulting those who have received orphans, will report at an early date at what ages for boys and girls respectively they consider the grants might properly cease, or under what exceptional circumstances it might be permitted to continue. The Chief Commissioner will then be in a position to lay down a few simple rules which will be in force as long as the Province is administered by the British Government.

8. When a Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner sends a destitute child to any Orphanage, he will notify the fact to the Commissioner of the Division, and when any Orphanage in receipt of the Government grant admits new children, a report will be made to the Deputy Commissioner for submission to the Commissioner detailing the name, sex, age, caste and village and giving any details known of the child's history and stating whence and how the child is received.

9. The Commissioners of Divisions will submit quarterly reports to Government upon the Orphanages in their Division.

10. It is a matter of importance that, if possible, all orphans now in the hands of Government should be made over to those who have engaged to receive them before the end of December next, and Deputy Commissioners will use their best efforts in this direction.

11. In addressing the Government of India, the Chief Commissioner stated it would be a "subject of some anxiety to provide for the future career of these children and for "enabling them to support themselves in any useful and independent walk of life", and he intimated his intention to endeavour to train the orphans if possible to agriculture. The Chief Commissioner lays the greatest stress on the importance of this object, and he looks to the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners, in consultation with the Missionaries and others in charge, to give effect expeditiously and effectually to what he believes will result in permanent benefit to the children and to the Province. Mr. Gordon would wish to have *as early as practicable* the opinion of the Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners regarding the arrangements necessary for settling the children in deserted villages or in villages partly depopulated. The Commissioners will particularly consider on what terms the right to occupy land can be given; what whole or partial remission of assessment can be made in the case (1) of lands long waste or altogether uncultivated: (2) of lands till recently under tillage: (3) of wet lands. Whether any restrictions should be put on the grant; and generally what would be right and fitting to do under the circumstances. It should be remembered that the Government grant of Rs. 2 per mensem per child may properly be withdrawn when land has been given. Proposals on the above, or for providing emoluments to village servants, for assistance in repair of a tank, or the like, will have as favorable consideration as it may be in Mr. Gordon's power with due regard to other interests to grant.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Deputy Accountant General.
" Superintendent of Coorg, for information and guidance.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 14th August 1878.

Government of India, Public Works Department—Famine—Resolution, No. 1385, dated Simla, the 26th July 1878.

Service done by Military Officers during the Recent Famine.

During the famine of 1874, many officers, non-commissioned officers and men, belonging to the Army in Bengal, took an active part in the operations for the relief of famine, and did excellent service to the country and to the Government. When sore need for additional assistance was felt last year at the crisis of the famine in Madras and Mysore, officers of the Army were, with the permission of Their Excellencies the Commanders-in Chief, invited to volunteer for famine-duty. Eighty officers responded to the invitation, and among them were represented the three Armies of India, and all branches of the Service.

2. Now that the work of the famine is nearly over, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the annexed extracts from the Proceedings of His Grace the Governor of Madras in Council, and of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore. The Governor General in Council cordially endorses the acknowledgments expressed in these papers to the gentlemen who have gallantly, under a trying climate, and in spite of disease, done a soldier's part in the campaign against famine.

The special thanks of the Government of India are due to the undermentioned officers who served in Mysore :—

Lieut.-Col. G. W. Holdsworth, Bengal Infantry.
Capt. F. D. Mander, 13th Bombay Infantry.
„ W. Chard, H. M.'s 2-7th Royal Fusiliers.
Lieut. E. A. Mostyn, H. M.'s 2-7th Royal Fusiliers.
„ C. O. Nicholetts, 5th Bombay Light Infantry.
„ W. J. Orr, 25th Bombay Infantry.
„ R. S. Simpson, 21st Bombay Infantry.
„ S. C. F. Peile, 2nd (Queen's Own) Bengal Light Infantry.
„ C. M. Fitzgerald, 3rd Bengal Infantry.
„ C. H. Des Vœux, 4th Bengal Infantry.
„ H. C. Lamb, 4th Bengal Cavalry.
Captain J. Healey, H. M.'s 66th Foot.
Lieut. P. E. Anderson, 25th Bengal Infantry.
Jemadar Cheda Singh, 16th Bengal Cavalry.

3. His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has been grieved to learn that the famine-duty has cost one gallant officer his life, and that a number of other officers have suffered severely in health. The Government of India hopes to grant, with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State, special concessions to officers who have suffered in health from their labors in the Madras Famine; the precise form which these concessions shall take will shortly be made known.

4. His Excellency the Governor General in Council will hereafter take opportunity to acknowledge the good service done, during the recent famine, by many officers, European and Native, belonging to the Public Works, Civil, Medical, Survey, Police, and other Departments.

Copy of the foregoing Resolution, with annexures, forwarded to the Military Department for information; and also for publication in the *Gazette of India*.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department,
14th August 1878.

No. 2584, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—Communicated to the undermentioned Officers for information.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

To—Lieut.-Col. G. W. Holdsworth, Bengal Infantry.
Capt. F. D. Maunder, 13th Bombay Infantry.
„ W. Chard, H. M.'s 2-7th Royal Fusiliers.
Lieut. E. A. Mostyn, H. M.'s 2-7th Royal Fusiliers.
„ C. O. Nicholetts, 5th Bombay Light Infantry.
„ W. J. Orr, 25th Bombay Infantry.
„ R. S. Simpson, 21st Bombay Infantry.
„ S. C. F. Feile, 2nd (Queen's Own) Bengal Light Infantry.
„ C. M. Fitzgerald, 3rd Bengal Infantry.
„ C. H. Des Vœux, 4th Bengal Infantry.
„ H. C. Lamb, 4th Bengal Cavalry.
Capt. J. Healey, H. M.'s 66th Foot.
Lieut. P. E. Anderson, 25th Bengal Infantry.
Jemadar Cheda Singh, 16th Bengal Cavalry.

READ—

Docket No. 942, dated 3rd August 1878, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, reporting on five road-side deaths which occurred on the Mysore and Túmkúr roads during the week ending 13th ultimo.

No 2679, DATED BANGALORE, 14TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—The report submitted in the docket above read is not altogether satisfactory. The reply of the Police Assistant Commissioner is not incompatible with cases of gross carelessness, nor does it shew that the three persons whose dead bodies were found and who are reported to have been on the grain-dole were duly receiving the grain.

2. The Chief Commissioner desires it to be perfectly understood by all Deputy Commissioners that road-side deaths are not to be looked upon as matters of course, and that searching enquiry must be made when they occur.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 15th August 1878.

No. 2711.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 15th August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works (Famine) Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner, on the occasion of the departure from Mysore of the officers whose names are given below, to convey for the information of the Government of India his cordial acknowledgments for the excellent service they have all rendered in connection with the Famine whilst they were employed in this Province.

Mr E. J. Ebden, BO. C. S.
Mr. A. Wingate, BO. C. S.
Mr. E. C. Ozanne, BO. C. S.
Mr. J. Davidson, BO. C. S.
Major Maynard, B. S. C., Oudh Police.
Mr. G. K. Betham, BO. Forest Department.

2. All these officers deservedly received special commendation from Mr. Elliott in his farewell minute, and the Chief Commissioner desires to record his entire concurrence in the favorable opinions then expressed, and to convey to them his special thanks for their very valuable services.

3. I am to add that the Chief Commissioner will be glad if this expression of his approbation and thanks can be communicated to the Governments of Bombay and North-West Provinces and Oudh under which these gentlemen are now serving, and also to the officers themselves.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department, 17th August 1878.

No. 2716, DATED BANGALORE, 17TH AUGUST 1878.

ORDER.—It has lately come under the notice of the Chief Commissioner that the extension of charges of the Mysore Revenue Survey Officers,* who are still upon Famine Duty in this Province, entails much greater expense in travelling than was formerly the case. Mr. Gordon is therefore pleased to sanction, in anticipation of the approval of the Government of India, the grant to the above officers of a consolidated travelling allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem, with effect from the 1st instant

Capt. D. Cowie.
Capt. A. H. Macintire.
Mr. G. F. Meiklejohn.
Mr. W. E. A. James.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

To —The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ Deputy Accountant General.

Captain D. Cowie,	Special Relief Officer,	Bangalore	District.
Captain A. H. Macintire	„	Túmkúr	„
G. F. Meiklejohn, Esq.	„	Do	„
W. E. A. James, Esq.	„	Bangalore	„

No. 2717.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE,
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 17th August 1878.

From

The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore
Famine Department

To

The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works (Famine) Department,
SIMLA.

Sir,

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to address you on the subject of the travelling allowance at present drawn by Officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey employed on Famine Duty. The return to their Presidencies of the majority of the Military and all the Civil Officers who had been lent to this Province for Famine Duty has rendered necessary the enlargement of the charges under the Revenue Survey Officers. As long as there was one Special Relief Officer in each Taluk, very long marches were unnecessary and undesirable, and then the travelling allowance they drew of Rs. 150 a month and 8 annas a mile for marches of over 50 miles, was sufficient: but now that one Officer has several taluks under him, he is put to considerable extra expense by being obliged to go often in a bullock coach, keeping up his horses all the time; yet with bullock-coach travelling he will rarely go over 50 miles in a day so as to be entitled to the mileage rate.

2. Under these circumstances, I am desired to solicit the approval of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council to the grant of a consolidated travelling allowance of Rs. 200 a month to each of the four Officers * of the Mysore Revenue Survey, who are now employed on Famine Duty.

* Capt. D. Cowie.
Capt. A. H. Macintire.
Mr. G. F. Meiklejohn.
Mr. W. E. A. James.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department,
19th August 1878.

3. The reduction of Relief Officers has caused material saving, and Mr. Gordon hopes that the retention of the remainder will not be long necessary. The aggregate additional charge now proposed will not therefore be large, and it seems just to the Officers that they should not suffer from the increase of their jurisdiction for the public convenience.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

No. 2736.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE
FAMINE DEPARTMENT,
Dated Bangalore, 19*th August* 1878

From
The Addl. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Famine Department.

To
The Addl. Secretary to the Government of India,
Public Works Department,
SIMLA.

SIR,

I am directed to report for the information of the Government of India that the services of Hospital Assistant Morat Lall of the Bengal Medical Establishment, temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been replaced at the disposal of the Surgeon General, I. M. D., Calcutta.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Famine Department,
31st August 1878.

EAD—

Letter No. 382, dated 7th August, from the Surgeon to the Mysore Commission, inquiring whether orphanages not supported by Government are to be supplied with medicines gratis or on payment.

Also letter No. 393, dated 21st August, from the Surgeon to the Mysore Commission, reporting that with one exception medicines supplied to orphanages not supported by Government have not been paid for.

No. 2863, DATED BANGALORE, 31ST AUGUST 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—The terms upon which orphans are made over to private individuals or bodies are that Government pay a capitation grant while the body or individual meet all costs of support of the orphans. This clearly includes medicine and medical attendance which cannot be supplied gratis by Government to those aided orphanages which are not under the direct management of Government.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.

O—The Dy. Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department
" Surgeon, Mysore Commission.
" Commissioners of Divisions
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
" Civil Surgeon, Mysore.
" Civil Surgeon, Nagar.
" Deputy Accountant General.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner concurred in the view expressed by him that the functions assigned to the Local Government under Chapter XXXI of Act X of 1872 can be exercised only by the Chief Commissioner, and that the instructions conveyed in a letter from this office in 1864 were accordingly withdrawn.	2nd Aug. 1878.	
2	Copy of Government of India, Home Department No. 1265, dated 12th *ultimo*, conveying approval to the adoption in this Province and Coorg of the table of registration fees prepared under section 78 of Act III of 1877, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Registration, with a request that a draft Notification with a copy of the revised table of registration fees may be submitted to this office for publication.	Do do	
3	A warrant for the rendition of certain individuals was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, duly signed.	3rd do	
4	Notification appointing Khadar Mohadin, Amildar, and 3rd class Magistrate, Tarikere Taluk, to exercise the powers vested in a Magistrate of Police by Act XIII of 1859, was gazetted, and copy sent in reply to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Post Master General, Madras, was informed that as reported by the local Inspector General of Police no clue has as yet been obtained as to the perpetrators of the mail robbery denoted or the property lost.	Do do	
6	Copy of Government of India, Legislative Department No. 1078, dated 24th July 1878, forwarding copy of the Negotiable Instruments Bill No. III, together with the 2nd report of the select committee, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for opinion.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner directed that two prisoners who escaped from the gang employed on the State Railway, and who were conditionally released, should undergo the full term of their original sentence.	Do do	
8	Notification investing T. Raghavendra Rao, Munsiff, Chikmagalur Sub-Division, with the powers of a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII of 1859 to be exercised by him in the taluks denoted, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	5th do	
9	A warrant for the rendition of certain individuals was forwarded in reply to the Kolar Deputy Commissioner.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks with reference to certain lists submitted for the conditional release of certain prisoners in the jails of Tumkur, Shimoga and Mysore, were communicated in reply to the Judicial Commissioner.—Communicated to Chief Engineer and Secretary, Department Public Works.	6th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
11	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's opinion on the bill to amend the Code of Civil Procedure was submitted to the Government of India, Legislative Department.	7th Aug. 1878.	
12	In reply to a reference from the Judicial Commissioner recommending the conditional release of certain prisoners from the Kolar jail, that officer was informed that the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to release any more prisoners conditionally.	8th do	
13	The opinion of the Judicial Commissioner was asked for with reference to certain points as denoted in connection with the application of one Sivacharanagiri Gosayi for permission to sue as a pauper for the recovery of certain charities left him.	Do do	
14	In reply to No. 15—964, dated 26th July 1878, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department, that there were no offices in this Province and Coorg to which Barristers or Advocates are appointed.	9th do	
15	As recommended by the Judicial Commissioner, the release on certain conditions of five juvenile offenders undergoing sentence of imprisonment in the Kolar jail, there being no separate accommodation for them, was sanctioned.	Do do	
16	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that he would receive instructions on the conditional release of prisoners from the Mysore jail through the Judicial Commissioner.—Communicated to Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
17	A warrant for the rendition of one Nanjavva was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, duly signed.	12th do	
18	Copy of a communication from the Judicial Commissioner, bringing to notice the inconvenience which is felt from the circumstance that no authority exists in this Province under which prisoners can be removed from one jail to another or lunatic prisoners from a jail to a Lunatic Asylum, was submitted to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, together with draft rules suited to the object in view prepared in consultation with the Judicial Commissioner, for approval and sanction.	14th do	
19	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that certain rules submitted for regulating the appointment, punishment and removal of ministerial officers in the subordinate Courts were approved and would be published under notification.—Gazetted.	Do do	
20	Notification directing Mr. K. Mahomed Ali, Assistant Commissioner, Kadur District, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the English language, was gazetted and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	16th do	
21	In compliance with the instructions contained in letter No. 1078 of the 24th ultimo, copy of a letter from the Judicial Commissioner containing his opinion on the provisions of the Negotiable Instruments Bill No. III in its third stage, was submitted to the Government of India in the Legislative Department.	Do do	
22	A list of prisoners in the District jail of Kolar, whose release is recommended unconditionally, received from the Kolar Deputy Commissioner, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for perusal.	19th do	
23	A warrant addressed to the District Magistrate, North Arcot, for the rendition of six persons therein named, was returned duly signed to the Kolar Deputy Commissioner.	22nd do	
24	The Chief Commissioner's orders on a petition from one Sivacharanagiri Gosayi, requesting permission to sue as a pauper for the recovery of	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	certain charities left him, were communicated to petitioner and the Judicial Commissioner.		
25	Copy of Bill No. II to consolidate and amend the law relating to railways in India, together with the preliminary report of the select committee on its provisions, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for any remarks he may have to offer on its provisions.	24th Aug. 1878.	
26	Copy of this office communication on the subject with reply from the Government of India, Legislative Department, relating to cheques bearing the Mysore stamp, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General to report whether any practical inconvenience or difficulty would arise from applying the provisions of para 2 of Foreign Department notification, No. 13 J of 18th January 1870, to cheques supplied by Banks and Firms at Madras and elsewhere in Her Majesty's territories to be used by their constituents in this Province.	Do do	
27	A letter from the District Magistrate, Nilgiris, forwarding two warrants returned unserved by the Talúk Magistrate (Amildar) of Kadaba, Túmkúr District, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for explanation as to the disregard shewn by the Amildar to existing orders on the subject.	Do do	
28	Copy of Government of India, Home Department, No. 2—215, dated 14th August 1878, regarding the number of convicts to be sent to Port Blair, was communicated to the Judicial Commissioner for information and guidance in continuation of previous correspondence.	27th do	
29	Adverting to Government of India instructions as contained in Resolution of 21st June last, the Judicial Commissioner was requested with reference to the several provisions of the Indian Arms Act XI of 1878, on which the orders of the Local Government have to be framed, to prepare and submit draft rules for the approval of the Chief Commissioner.	30th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on an abstract statement of the results of the jamabandi settlement of the Maddagiri Taluk, Túmkúr District, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	1st Aug. 1878.	
2	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders relating to the submission at once to this office of pattas for certain coffee lands for registry, were communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks with reference to certain land made over to the Madras Railway Company, for a platform at the Kamasandra village in the Belmangala Taluk, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	2nd do	
4	The Chief Commissioner's remarks on an abstract statement of the jamabandi settlement of the Koratagere Taluk, Túmkúr District, for 1877—78, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	3rd do	
5	The Chief Commissioner's review on the annual report of the Inam Department for the year ending 31st March 1878 was communicated to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner and Superintendent, Inam Settlements.	Do do	
6	Copies of Government of India No. 92, dated 10th July last, relating to the experimental cultivation of Bamieh Cotton at Cawnpore, were forwarded to Commissioners of Divisions and Superintendent, Government Experimental Farm, through Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
7	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the payment of compensation amounting to Rs. 171—4—0, for certain land at Kolar selected for a Christian burial ground was authorized, and he was requested to submit the usual alienation statement.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	5th do	
8	Under circumstances represented by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was granted to a proposed alienation of certain additional land unculturable and unassessed waste, intended to be given to certain individuals whose house sites were taken up for the Mysore State Railway.	Do do	
9	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 58 R, sanctioning the permanent remission of assessment amounting to Rs. 1—0—4, payable on certain land in the Nundydroog Division, alienated during the quarter ending 30th June last, was communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	7th do	
10	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on a review of the jamabandi settlement report of the Kallambella and Agrahar hoblis of the Sira Taluk, Túmkúr District, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Order
11	Two coffee pattas Nos. 8549 and 8550 in duplicate were returned duly signed to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	8th Aug. 1878.	
12	One do do No. 8551—41.	Do do	
13	One do do No. 8096.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned certain arrangements made by the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, for leasing out the sale of the Bagani toddy by villages in the Belur and Manjarabad Taluks during the current official year.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on a compensation statement amounting to Rs. 658—8—9, proposed to be paid to the owners of certain houses in the Closepet Taluk, taken up for the Mysore State Railway, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Secretary in the Department Public Works.	9th do	
16	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the orders to be observed in the appointment of Totis for certain palyams in the Bangalore Taluk were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	10th do	*Vide* V. Progs. June 1[8] R. A. [illegible] Index.
17	A coffee patta No. 10317 in duplicate was returned to the Hassan Deputy Commissioner duly signed by the Chief Commissioner.	13th do	
18	The Chief Commissioner's orders regarding the sale by auction of certain resumed coffee estates in the Hassan District, which are too small to be of any value to the Forest Department for purposes of conservancy, were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
19	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the payment of a compensation of Rs. 162—13—2 on account of houses and lands taken up for the Mysore State Railway in the Town of Closepet.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Secretary, Department Public Works.	Do do	
20	The Chief Commissioner's orders on a petition from Rai Bahadur A. Narayansami Modaliar of Bangalore, complaining of the Survey Department having increased the assessment of certain land in his possession, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner and the petitioner.	14th do	
21	In returning a transfer list of coffee pattas for May 1878, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to explain why no pattas were issued in the instances denoted, &c.	Do do	
22	As suggested by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, the postponement of the introduction of the improved excise system into the Hassan District, till 1st April next, was approved.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders directing that the sale of a coffee estate in the Lakvalli Taluk be set aside and the former owner put in possession, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Hassan Deputy Commissioner was authorized to issue the usual notification cancelling coffee patta No. 2317 which the pattadar has failed to produce.	Do do	
25	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that no interest was leviable on arrears of kandayam due for 1877—78 by ryots.	15th do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions directing the refund of Rs. 20—2—0 due to the Makandar of Kirangur for February 1870 were communicated to the Commissioner of Ashtagram.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	16th Aug. 1878.	
27	Three printed copies of the returns of food grains for the fortnight ending 15th July last were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace manuscript copy.	17th do	
28	The Chief Commissioner's remarks on an abstract statement of the results of the jamabandi settlement of certain hoblis of the Chikballapur Taluk, Kolar District, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
29	In reply the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner did not consider it desirable to let out Government dry lands this year on batayi tenure in the unsurveyed taluks and to the ryots being allowed ⅓rds of the yield.	19th do	
30	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed the the Chief Commissioner saw no reason to rescind the order for the sale of certain coffee land in the Manjarabad Taluk.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. for Jan. 1878, Part R. A. & C. No.
31	As submitted by Nagar Commissioner, the sale of certain land for arrears of land revenue amounting to Rs. 40—4—6 was approved.	Do do	
32	As submitted by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the alienation of certain unassessed lands proposed to be granted for building purposes in the Dodballapur, Nelamangala and Closepet Taluks of the Bangalore District, was sanctioned.	21st do	
33	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey has expressed his willingness to place the services of two or three measurers of the Revenue Survey Department at Mr. James' disposal to assist in measuring the land required for the State Railway.	Do do	
34	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was granted to Rs. 7,262—2—7 against the Bangalore District, on account of jodi remitted on inams of minor village servants for 1876—77 being written off the accounts, as the amount in question had been included in the jamabandi.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
35	In reply, information relating to certain Kayamgutta villages in the Shimoga, Honnali and Banavar Taluks, was furnished to the Superintendent, Inam Settlements.	22nd do	
36	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions on a review of the proceedings connected with certain lands applied for for coffee cultivation, were communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
37	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to report upon what data the village of Mallappanhalli was reported to be kayamgutta as reported in Deputy Commissioner's communication to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, as denoted.	23rd do	
38	As submitted by the Commissioner Ashtagram Division, a bill for Rs. 20—1—6, being the arrears of the annuity claimed by one Ramachendra Dikshita of the Hassan Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
39	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the alienation of an extent of dry land required for constructing a shed for the Assistant Engineer, No. II. Tank Division, at Kollur, in the Shrinivaspur Taluk, and that application	26th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	will be made by the Government of India, for the permanent remission of assessment.—Communicated to Secretary, Department Public Works, and Deputy Accountant General.		
40	As submitted by the Hassan Deputy Commissioner, the contingent bill of the Muzrayi Department of his District for July last was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with bill.	26th Aug. 1878.	
41	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that if certain Jodidars in the Bangalore District were able to pay arrears of revenue due by them for 1876—77 and 1877—78, but recusant, the demand should be enforced by sale of property.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	27th do	
42	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the alienation of certain land in the Bangalore Taluk made over to one Athavulla Shah Durga for a flower garden was sanctioned, and the Commissioner was informed that application for remission of assessment (Rs. 1—10—6) will be made to the Government of India.	Do do	
43	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg for the fortnight ending 15th instant, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	28th do	
44	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that under the circumstances represented the Chief Commissioner declined to grant Rai Bahadur Mallappa Chetty an extent of wet land at nominal rates of assessment in consideration of his building a travellers' chattram (rest house) at Kadgodi.	Do do	
45	The Chief Commissioner's remarks on a review of the jamabandi settlement of the Honnavalli Taluk, Túmkúr District, for 1877—78, were communicated in reply to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, sanction was accorded to the continuance of the extra establishment as denoted for the Bangalore Central Jail for three months from 1st instant.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	1st Aug. 1878.	
2	Rupees 85—12—0 in adjustment of the hire of carts engaged for the conveyance of officers' luggage to Mysore on the occasion of His Highness the Maha Raja's marriage, were remitted to the Amildar of Bangalore.	2nd do	
3	As submitted by the Chitaldroog Deputy Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 5—5—4, being cost of 300 printed forms of monthly accounts supplied by the Government Press, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
4	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 78, on behalf of Venkatramana, Distillery peon, Gudibanda Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	On the representation of the Surgeon to the Commission, the payment of gratuities aggregating Rs. 427 to hospital servants as denoted was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
6	On the representation of the Inspector General of Police, the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 66 to one Channamalla, a police peon, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
7	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the repair of eight tents amounting to Rs. 178—8—10 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	5th do	
8	As solicited by the Inspector General of Police, sanction was granted to a house being rented at Chitaldroog for the use of the Police Assistant's Office at a cost of Rs. 10 per mensem for six months.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
9	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department telegram sanctioning further loan of five lakhs to be drawn this month by instalments, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
10	A bill for Rs. 4—2—8, being five days' pay to the Anche Mutsaddi of the Shimoga District Office, was returned to Nagar Commissioner, unsanctioned, with a remark that the Mutsaddi has forfeited his pay by his own negligence in failing to join his substantive appointment in proper time.	6th do	
11	A statement shewing the loans made to Municipalities, &c., during 1877—78, was submitted to the Government of India, Financial Department.	7th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Copies of Government of India, Home Department No. 189, conveying sanction to the increase from Rs. 150 to Rs. 250 per mensem of the pay of Mr. E. R. Subbarayer, Assistant Master, Engineering School, Bangalore, with effect from 1st April last, were communicated to the Director of Public Instruction, Secretary, Department Public Works, and the Deputy Accountant General.	7th Aug. 1878.	
13	As submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, the retention of an extra lascar in the medical stores for a further period of six months from 1st August 1878, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
14	As submitted by the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, an estimate for repairs made to a hill tent belonging to his department was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
15	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the payment of an invalid gratuity of Rs. 102—9—6 to one Baiga, Revenue peon in the Chikballapur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
16	On the representation of the Inspector General of Police, the payment of gratuities aggregating Rs. 513—12—3 to certain police peons, as denoted, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
17	On the representation of the Nundydroog Commissioner, the payment under the circumstances of a reduced pension of Rs. 28--10--3 to Mohamed Ali Hazari, Peshkar, Kolar Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
18	As solicited by the Military Assistant, an appropriation of Rs. 235, for repairing and improving the Overseer's lodge in the Government Farm at Kunigal, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th do	
19	On the representation of the Deputy Inspector General of Police, the payment of a compensation gratuity of Rs. 280 to Nanjundaiya, late Hilledar, Budihal Taluk, Chitaldroog District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	
20	Referring to a communication from the Judicial Commissioner, regarding a re appropriation to meet charges in the Tumkur District Jail, that officer was requested to ascertain and report what savings may be effected in other Districts under the head of jail expenditure.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that section 74, rule 4 of the Civil Pension Code, provided for the admission of oral evidence to verify service, but that in the particular case of one Daffedar Hutcha Nayik under reference, the man's name did not appear in the Barawards of the Kandachar establishment forthcoming in this Office up to the year 1841.	Do do	
22	Rupees 4--6--11, in adjustment of the cost of Carolina rice seed supplied to the Mysore Administration, were forwarded for credit to the Officer in charge of Her Majesty's Treasury, with a request that a receipt for the amount may be furnished for transmission to the Government of India.	Do do	
23	Under the circumstances represented, the sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to the disbursement from Provincial Funds of Rs. 10,000 for the purchase of furniture for the reception rooms of Government House.	Do do	
24	On the representation of the Military Assistant, sanction was accorded to the transfer to the pension list of the Sawar Establishment of Siledar Gulam Mohadin of the 1st Regiment, with effect from 1st August 1878.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
25	A duplicate bill for Rs. 13—8—0 for repairing the meteorological shed in the compound of the Bowring Civil Hospital was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, with instructions that the amount may be paid to the Surgeon to the Commission as an advance, pending the return of the original bill countersigned by Mr. Pogson, Astronomer to the Madras Government.—Communicated to Surgeon to the Commission. Original bill forwarded to Mr. Pogson for countersignature.	12th Aug. 1878.	
26	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders directing the grant of house allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem to Venkatpataiengar, Acting Head Master of the Chitaldroog District School, were communicated to the Director of Public Instruction.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	14th do	
27	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department No. 396 F., dated the 6th instant, relative to the liabilities of this Province already incurred and likely to be incurred and requesting that a comprehensive view of the present and prospective financial position of the State should be prepared with the least possible delay, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General to submit the required report for submission to the Government of India.	Do do	
28	In reply, Mr. Srinivasaiengar, late Assistant Commissioner, was informed that a pension equivalent to a moiety of the applicant's substantive pay was the maximum sum allowed by the rules, and was granted only when the services have been considered thoroughly satisfactory, but that in his case the amount of pension had been fixed at Rs. 200 per mensem, which the Chief Commissioner regretted could not be modified.	16th do	
29	In reply, the Government of India in the Foreign Department were informed that a duplicate copy of this office letter No. 10906—776 F., dated 13th March last, giving cover to the revised proposition statement for the Mysore Government Stationery Depôt was forwarded on the 11th June last with this office No. 1791—22.	Do do	
30	The sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to an additional loan of 5 lakhs of rupees to be paid during September next.	Do do	
31	As solicited by the Superintendent, Government Museum, sanction was granted to a glass case being made up at a cost of Rs. 20, required for the display of electro-types and medals.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	17th do	
32	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, sanction was accorded to the expenditure of Rs. 81—4—0, required on account of stationery to be purchased for the preparation of the survey jamabandi accounts of the Tarikere Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
33	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, sanction was granted to the payment of Rs. 10 per mensem for school premises at Seringapatam, chargeable against the budget provision for that purpose, and he was requested to furnish a statement giving particulars of all such charges now incurred under provisional sanction for submission to the Government of India.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	19th do	
34	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the limitation as regards famine allowance to men of the Siledar and Barr establishments, fixed in this office order of 29th July last, was not applicable to the compensation for gram allowed to Siledar horses.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. for July, Part II, Financial No.
35	A sum of Rs. 18, being amount remitted by the Military Assistant in adjustment of an advance given to certain lascars of his office, was acknowledged.	20th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
36	The gratuity roll of one Gangadharam Modaliar, late Muzrayi Gumasta of the Dufter Department of this Office, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for verification.	20th Aug. 1878.	
37	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that an advance of Rs. 200 on account of the Jakkur fuel plantation during 1878—79 was authorized, subject to a detailed bill of charges being submitted to this Office for sanction.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
38	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that there are no available funds for the purchase of new tents this year for the Hassan District, and under the circumstances it was desirable that the single poled tent of the issue of 1871 should be sent into Mysore by the Deputy Commissioner for such repairs as are requisite.	21st do	
39	Rupees 22—6—0 in adjustment for printing invitation cards for His Highness the Maha Raja, were remitted to the Superintendent, Government Press, Bangalore.	22nd do	
40	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was instructed as to the pay and batta of certain peons and ploughmen who accompanied Mr. Harman on tour.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
41	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the disbursement from the unexpended allotment for takavi advances in the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, of the sum of Rs. 300, to one Kempanna of Nittur for the purchase of draught bullocks for dâk purposes, was sanctioned on the terms stated.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, Fin. No.
42	As solicited by the Officer in charge of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, the grant of an additional sum of Rs. 1,500 to meet the contingent and extra charges of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury during the current year, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	26th do	
43	As solicited by the Military Assistant, the appropriation of Rs. 263 from the Barr Lines Repair Fund, being moiety of the cost proposed to be contributed to enable the Municipality to sink a well near the Barr Lines at Shimoga, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
44	A letter with enclosures from Mr. Steel, late Curator, Government Book Depôt, on the subject of his services prior to the formation of the Government Educational Department, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for opinion whether the construction to be placed upon a letter from this office dated 7th February 1854 constitutes a claim to count as service the period during which Mr. Steele was employed in certain schools which were aided if not wholly supported by Government contributions.	Do do	
45	As submitted by the Anche Bakshi, a supplemental contingent bill amounting to Rs. 19—6—8 on account of hire of a cart engaged for office use while on circuit of inspection, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	27th do	
46	Four statements of pensions and gratuities sanctioned during the quarter ended 30th June 1878 were submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	28th do	
47	The Executive Engineer, Bangalore, was requested to remit Rs. 24 on account of expenditure incurred by the Chief Commissioner's orders on Government House.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
48	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill amounting to Rs. 150, on account of stationery required in connection with the survey settlement of the Nelamangala Taluk, Bangalore District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	28th Aug. 1878.	
49	A statement shewing the money remaining at the several Treasuries of the Province on the 1st August 1878 was returned after perusal to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
50	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs. 392—15—4, for repairing survey boundary marks in Government unoccupied waste lands in the Bangalore District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	29th do	
51	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the claim put forward for a gratuity by the family of one Mutta, late Daffedar of his Office, was inadmissible, the Daffedar having died before the act of his retirement was completed.	30th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A duplicate packing account of stores per S. S. "Peshwar" was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, with a request that the vacant columns may be filled up, signed and returned to this office.	1st Aug. 1878.	
2	Notification replacing the services of Mr. A. Wingate, Bo. c. s., at the disposal of the Government of India, and directing that officer to proceed to Simla, was gazetted and copy sent to Mr. Wingate.	Do do	
3	The Chief Commissioner's orders on a report submitted by Mr. J. Lacey, B. L, appointed Government Inspector under Section 56 of the Indian Company's Act X of 1866, to investigate the affairs of the Ashtagram Sugar and Rum Works Company (Limited) were communicated to Mr. H. C. Gooch, Pleader, Mr. C. N. Smith, Liquidator, Mr. Arathoon, Managing Director and Mr. J. Lacey, B. L.	Do do	
4	Three printed copies of the report were forwarded as requested to Lieutenant-Colonel S. P. Scott, Coimbatore.	Do do	
5	Rupees 450, being the amount of fee sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner for his labors as Government Inspector, were forwarded to Mr. J. Lacey, B. L.	Do do	
6	Information on certain points in connection with the conservancy of the gathering grounds of the northern feeders of the Ulsur tank was submitted in reply to the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division, Bangalore.	Do do	
7	As solicited, the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, was furnished with correspondence which took place in 1835 in regard to certain villages in the Narsipur Taluk.	Do do	
8	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, an estimate amounting to Rs. 1,319, for repairing the Malakoppadakere tank No. 585 in the Shimoga Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
9	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, an estimate amounting to Rs. 96, for repairing the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Channapatna in the Bangalore District, was sanctioned.	Do do	
10	A district fund notification of sanction for Rs. 121, for repairing the musafarkhana at Tullok in the Chitaldroog District, was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
11	The Editor of the Karnataka Prakasika (a local vernacular newspaper) was requested to state whether he had any authority for publishing a statement that 200 casualties had occurred among the men employed in the Revenue Survey during the past season, the fact being that the total losses during the field season from all causes were 48.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the grant of a pension of Rs. 6—14—5 per mensem to one Lamba Rao, Sheristadar, Devanhalli Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	2nd Aug. 1878.	
13	Copies of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, directing the discontinuance of the present pratice of admitting to the Amildar's examination Government officials other than probationary Amildars, were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner and other heads of departments for information.	Do do	
14	A letter from the Collector of North Arcot, requesting to recover arrears of revenue due by one Mr. G. S. Anour, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for compliance.—Communicated to Collector, North Arcot.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was authorized to transfer to the Educational Department, for a taluk school, of the old cutcherry (office) building at Bagepalli.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
16	Notification relating to the presentation of diplomas to the passed students of the School of Engineering and Natural Science by the Chief Commissioner on Thursday the 8th instant was gazetted.	Do do	
17	The despatch of a copy of the Mysore Census of 1871 and supplement was intimated to the Quarter Master General in India, Simla.	3rd do	
18	A receipt for 10 wrought iron safes received from the General Superintendent, Public Works Workshops and Stores, Madras, was forwarded to that officer.	Do do	
19	In reply, the President, Municipal Commission, Bangalore, was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of the issue of a fresh grant in lieu of one granted in 1873, for the Cantonment Boys' School.	Do do	
20	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department, of the despatch of five copies of the Mysore Administration Report for 1876—77 on the 13th April last.	Do do	
21	A monthly statement of money in the treasuries in this Province for 1st July 1878 was returned to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
22	A manuscript copy of the return of average wages in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg for the half year ending 30th June 1878, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
23	Certain printed forms were forwarded as requested to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on the budget estimates of the Municipalities of the Hassan District for 1878—79 were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, who was requested to submit explanation on certain items as denoted.	Do do	
25	Five notifications of sanction Nos. from 4 to 8 amounting to Rs. 397 for certain works in the Kolar District were accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
26	A memo of the cost of certain forms furnished to the Chitaldroog District office to be met from district funds was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, with a request to remit the amount, *viz.*, Rs. 6—8—6, to this office.	Do do	
27	The usual monthly tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective officers employed in this Province and Coorg,	5th do	

	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	with proportionate return for 1st August 1878, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.		
	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Controller of His Highness' House-hold would remit to him a sum of Rs. 131—13—0, being amount expended in excess of that allotted on account of entertainments held in honor of the marriage of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore.—Communicated to Controller, His Highness' Household, with a request that the sum referred to may be remitted.	5th Aug. 1878	
	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that Assistant Apothecary Smith's application for retransfer to the Madras Presidency will be borne in mind, but that he cannot be permitted to relinquish his present post at Hassan until an opportunity be found of replacing him.	Do	do
	In reply, the Secretary to the Government of Bengal was informed that the Chief Commissioner acknowledged with thanks the receipt of Volumes VI to XIX, in four sets, of Hunter's statistical account of Bengal.	Do	do
	It was represented to the Director General of Stores, India Office, London, that serious inconvenience would arise if any further delay occurred in the receipt of the stationery and medical stores applied for in October 1877 and December 1876, and it was solicited that all practicable arrangements may be made for their prompt transmission.	6th	do
	Notification appointing Mr. W. J. Cuningham, BO. C. S., Special Assistant Commissioner, temporarily as Additional Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the Famine Department, *vice* Mr. A. Wingate, was gazetted.	Do	do
	The sanction of the Government of India, Famine Department, to the above arrangement, was solicited.—Communicated to Mr. Cuningham, Special Assistant Commissioner.	Do	do
	Notification granting Kuppusami Naidu, Amildar, Dodéri Taluk, three months' leave on medical certificate and arrangements consequent thereon was gazetted, and copy sent to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do	do
	In reply, Mr. J. Lacey, Special Relief Officer, Bangalore Cantonment, was informed that certain lepers at present on the grain-dole should be sent to the Surgeon to the Commission with a view to their admission into the Leper Asylum if considered fit objects for treatment there.—Communicated to Surgeon, Mysore Commission, President, General Relief Committee, and Additional Secretary, Famine Department.	Do	do
	Returns of sickness and mortality among prisoners in the jails of the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg, for the month of May 1878, were forwarded in accordance with the instructions of the Government of India, in the Home Department, to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, Simla.	Do	do
	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to publish Act I of 1868 (the General Clauses Act) preceded by Government of India, Foreign Department Notification No. 93 J., a transcript of which was furnished.	Do	do
	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders sanctioning appropriations for incomplete works in the Kolar District, as also on a re appropriation statement for Rs. 714, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, and the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do	do
	An irrigation cess fund notification of sanction for Rs. 327, for filling in the breach of and repairing the Turvekere tank, Shimoga District, submitted by Nagar Commissioner, was accepted, and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do	do

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date previ Orde
40	Certain docket forms as denoted were forwarded to the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner.	7th Aug. 1878.	
41	The Bombay Government were informed that, as requested, the services of Mr. G. Betham, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, had been transferred for employment in the Forest Department of that Presidency, and it was requested that the sanction of the Government of India may be obtained to the transfer.—Gazetted. Communicated to Survey and Settlement Commissioner for information.	Do do	
42	The authority of the Madras Government was requested to a copy of the Revised Vaccination Code or Manual referred to being procured by this Administration from the Sanitary Commissioner in Madras.	Do do	
43	In reply, copy of a letter from the Director of Public Instruction, supplying information as regards the position and prospects of the officers of the Educational Department in this Province and Coorg, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	*Vide* V Progs. July 18 Part I " Genl."
44	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on certain points connected with the budget estimates of the Pettah Municipality for the current year were communicated to the President of the Board.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
45	Certain maps of the Koppa and Lakvalli Taluks were forwarded to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, with a request that they may be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
46	Copy of Government of India, Military Department, No. 74 S., dated 3rd July last, commenting on the annual report of the inspection of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was forwarded to the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, for information and for communication to the officers and men of the corps.	Do do	
47	An estimate for Rs. 337 for repairing the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Anantapur, Shimaga District, was returned to the Nagar Commissioner duly sanctioned.	Do do	
48	As submitted by the Commissioner, Ashtagram Divison, a district fund notification of sanction for one rupee on account of the purchase of coir rope was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
49	Notification granting Amildar Ranganna, Manjarabad Taluk, twenty days' privilege leave and arrangement thereon was gazetted, and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	8th do	
50	The Deputy Inspector General of Police and other officers were requested to prepare and forward question papers on the subjects, as denoted, for the examination of Amildars and Police Inspectors to be held on the 28th and 29th instant.	Do do	
51	A receipt for certain colored maps of the Mysore Topographical Survey, received from the Assistant Surveyor General, Calcutta, was forwarded to that officer, with a request for additional copies as specified.	Do do	
52	Notification granting A. Virasami Modaliar, Amildar, Nelamangala Taluk, leave of absence without allowances for 4 months and 18 days with effect from 24th July 1878 was gazetted, and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, in reply.	9th do	
53	Copies of order relating to the examination of Assistant Commissioners to be held on the 16th September next and following days, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, Commissioners of Divisions, Deputy Accountant General, Conservator of Forests and Inam Commissioner.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
54	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was authorized to declare the appointment of Municipal Commissioner, No. 3 Division, vacant.	9th Aug. 1878.	
55	Sixteen printed copies of the catalogue of books registered in this Province, during the quarter ending 30th June 1878, together with a copy of each of the books mentioned therein, were forwarded to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
56	Two do with two copies of each of the books entered therein were submitted to the Under-Secretary of State for India, India Office, London.	Do do	
57	An extract from the catalogue of books registered in this Province, under Act XXV of 1867, during the quarter ending 30th June 1878, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department, for entry in the book of registry.	Do do	
58	A report was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department, that no casualties have occurred among European pensioners durin the half year ending 30th June 1878.	10th do	
59	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 31st July 1878, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
60	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that on the expiry of his leave, Rajgopalaiengar, lately on special jamabandi duty, should be directed to revert to his post in the Inam Superintendent's Office with effect from 1st August 1878.—Communicated to Inam Commissioner and Superintendent of Inam Settlements.	Do do	
61	In reply, the Officiating Deputy Inspector General of Police was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of the examination of the Inspectors of Police denoted in the judicial portion of the forthcoming Amildars' examination.	Do do	
62	Notification granting Annaji Rao, Munsiff, Hánsúr Sub-Division, leave of absence for 30 days, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
63	A return (blank) of deaths among European uncovenanted officers employed in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg, during June 1878, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
64	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that a draft notification defining the municipal limits of Shimoga was approved, and it was requested that a statement giving the area and assessment of the occupied and unoccupied lands within the limits as now defined, &c., be submitted.—Notification gazetted.	Do do	
65	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, on the sufficiency of the Indian Penal Code to check the spread of contagious diseases among animals.	Do do	
66	In reply, the Post Master General, Madras, was informed that for reasons given it did not appear to the Chief Commissioner that certain revised rules relative to the use of service labels in Native States were applicable to this Province.	Do do	
67	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to publish in English and Kanarese a notification followed by the table of registration fees with rules as denoted, and to furnish English and Kanarese copies to this Office.—Communicated to Inspector General of Registration.	12th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
68	In reply, the Deputy Inspector General of Police was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of certain Sub-Inspectors of Police being permitted to appear for examination in the subjects denoted.—Communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	12th Aug. 1878.	
69	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks relative to an application made by Nagar Commissioner for the services of an Hospital Assistant for employment at Chitaldroog were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
70	Referring to Government of India, Home Department, No. 7—205, dated 18th July last, a copy of the rules relating to measures to be adopted in India on the outbreak of cholera or the appearance of small-pox, circulated with Home Department Resolution No. 205, dated 1st November 1877, was forwarded to the Assistant Quarter Master General, Mysore Division.	Do do	
71	A copy of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under date 31st ultimo relating to a claim made by the Controller, Military Accounts, Madras, to the payment by this State of Rs. 45,650—14—7 on account of stores supplied to the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was submitted for the consideration of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
72	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department on certain points in connection with the "Indian Arms Act, 1878."	Do do	
73	In reply, the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, were informed by telegram that in anticipation of sanction the services of Mr. Betham had been placed at the disposal of the Bombay Government and that that officer left on the 5th instant.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
74	Referring to certain correspondence relating to a case of the misuse of service postage stamps, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was requested to make a further investigation on certain points as indicated.	Do do	
75	Fifteen copies of the Annual Report on the Administration of Jails in this Province for 1876 were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner.	13th do	
76	One copy do with copy of the Administration Report for 1876—77, was furnished to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.	Do do	
77	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that Mr. Srinivas Rao, Assistant Commissioner, should be warned to appear at the examination of Assistant Commissioners to take place next month and informed that on his failing to do so or to pass the prescribed test he will be relieved of his duties and placed out of employ.	Do do	
78	A district fund notification of sanction for Rs. 94 for repairing the road in Attikuppa Taluk, Hassan District, was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
79	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that the contingent bills for May and June 1878, received from the Kadur District, had been forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, with the bills.	Do do	
80	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was informed that the appointment as Mutsaddi, Honnavalli Anche Office, of one Alasingraiengar on a salary of Rs. 10 per mensem, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
81	Copy of a communication from the Chief Engineer relative to the provision of appointments for certain students at present qualifying in	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	the School of Engineering and Natural Science was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests to report the requirements of his department with a view to one or two of the five students referred to being, if necessary, allotted to the Forest Department.		
82	The Proceedings of an ordinary meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Board held on the 24th July last were recorded.—Communicated to President.	14th Aug. 1878.	
83	As submitted by the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, a deviation statement for constructing iron girder bridges over the Mavingudda and Yellammanhalla on the Anantapur-Kaliurkatte road was sanctioned. —Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
84	The Assistant Adjutant General, Mysore Division, was requested to order the usual salute to be fired on Saturday the 17th instant on the departure of the Chief Commissioner from Bangalore.	Do do	
85	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner accepted the explanation offered by the present Amildar of the Banavar Taluk for failing to appear for the Amildars' examination this year.	Do do	
86	The Deputy Accountant General was directed in reply to make over to the Superintendent, Government Press, certain forms remaining in his Office.—Communicated to Superintendent, Government Press, with instructions.	Do do	
87	Notification granting Daud Khan, Amildar, Mysore Taluk, 10 days' privilege leave from 25th July 1878, was gazetted and copy sent to the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division.	15th do	
88	Do granting Mr. P. N. Krishna Murti, B. A., Assistant Commissioner, Nanjangud Sub-Division, privilege leave from the 22nd to 31st July 1878 both days inclusive, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
89	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of the order permitting Lakshmiarsappa, Sheristadar of the Judicial Assistant Commissioner's Court, Shimoga District, who had attained the age of 55 years, remaining in the service for another year.	Do do	
90	Copy of circular dated 22nd June last from the Famine Commissioner, relative to famine matters, with copies of this office circulars as denoted, was forwarded to Mr. P. Krishna Rao, late Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, to favor the Chief Commissioner with replies to the questions, such as his lengthened experience of the country and administration would enable him to afford.	Do do	
91	Notification granting Captain E. S. Ludlow, Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, one month's privilege leave and embodying arrangements consequent thereon was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
92	Copies of Government of India, No. 6—378, dated 12th June last, from the Home Department, together with the pamphlet on the results of a trial of the cinchona febrifuge manufactured at Runghee, were forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Surgeon, Mysore Commission, and Civil Surgeons, Mysore and Shimoga; the Deputy Surgeon General being requested to give effect to the instructions contained in para 3 of the Government of India letter.	Do do	
93	As submitted by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, certain municipal notifications of sanction aggregating Rs. 2,846 for works to	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	be carried out in the Town of Mysore were accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.		
94	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that explanation submitted by him relative to differences in the estimates of the current and past years in the budgets of the taluk kasba municipalities in the Mysore District was accepted.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with copy of explanatory statement.	16th Aug. 1878.	
95	A district fund re-appropriation statement for Rs. 180 for repairing cattle pounds, reservoirs, &c., in the Hassan District, was sanctioned. —Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
96	An estimate amounting to Rs. 163 for repairing the 1st class travellers' bungalow at Shimoga was returned to Nagar Commissioner duly sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
97	Referring to a re-appropriation statement for Rs. 275 for adjusting the expenditure incurred on widening the roadway at the Madanbhavi tank bund in the Shimoga District, the attention of the Nagar Commissioner was drawn to the remarks of the Public Works Examiner as denoted, and he was informed that the Examiner had been authorized to pass the sum in account.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
98	An estimate for Rs. 144 for excavating the head of a channel to the kodi tunnel of the Channapatna tank, submitted by Ashtagram Division Commissioner, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
99	In reply, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed of the reason as to why the contingent charges of certain special relief officers entered in the district fund bill for November 1877 were disallowed.	17th do	
100	A letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, submitting his explanation in connection with the pension frauds committed in the Shimoga District Treasury, was referred in original to the Deputy Accountant General for his remarks.	Do do	
101	The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that on the report of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, on the conduct of the Amildar of the Anekal Taluk, the Chief Commissioner had directed (through the Additional Secretary, Famine Department) his suspension from office, and he was requested to make temporary arrangements for filling the vacancy pending the issue of orders.	Do do	
102	An indent in the prescribed form for Jubbulpur tents required for use by this Administration was submitted for the approval and sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
103	The supply of certain tents for the Kadur Deputy Commissioner was intimated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, with instructions.	Do do	
104	Extracts from Madras Government orders relative to the movement of troops during the ensuing annual relief were forwarded to the Commissioners, Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions, and Superintendent of Coorg.	Do do	
105	On the representation of the President, Town Municipal Commission, the grant of gratuities aggregating Rs. 445—11—2 to two peons was sanctioned, the amount being debited proportionately to Provincial and Municipal Funds.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
106	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner authorized an extent of unassessed village free grazing land as denoted, being granted to the Roman Catholic Mis-	19th do	

	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	sion at Shimoga for the formation of a garden for the new Orphanage, till the question of the disposal of the orphans was determined, when the necessity for its permanent alienation would be considered.		
07	The despatch of certain coins as denoted to Mr. Theobald, Deputy Superintendent, Geological Survey, Punjab, was intimated to that officer with a remark that the Chief Commissioner would be glad to have any interesting coins for the Mysore Museum which he may be able to supply in exchange.	19th Aug. 1878.	
08	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders relative to a loan of Rs. 11,000 for certain district fund works in the Kolar District were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
09	A district fund notification of sanction for Rs. 100 for repairing a tunnel on the Chintamani-Bagepalli road in the Kolar District was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
10	The receipt of certain instruments forwarded by the Officiating Chief Engineer for the Irrigation Cess Surveyor of the Shimoga District was acknowledged.	Do do	
11	Referring to a communication from the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, that officer was informed that the Chief Commissioner desired that Abdul Aziz, Deputy Peshkar, Bangalore Taluk, may be appointed to act as Amildar of the Anekal Taluk on probation.—Gazetted.	Do do	
12	The Superintendent, Government Press, was directed to distribute certain judicial forms being printed direct from the Press.—Communicated to Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
13	Notification making an appointment and transfer of Amildars in the Nundydroog Division, Bangalore District, was gazetted, and copy sent to Commissioner.	Do do	
14	Notification relating to the transfer of certain villages of the Kudlur Hobli, Tarikere Taluk, to the Birur Hobli, Banavar Taluk, was gazetted, and copy sent in reply to Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
15	A supplemental list of Assistant Commissioners who intend appearing for the Assistants' examination, received from the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner.	20th do	
16	The Chief Commissioner's orders relative to the provision of a Barr guard for the Government Press premises were communicated to the Superintendent of the Press, Chief Engineer and Military Assistant.	Do do	
17	Referring to a communication from him on the subject, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that Mr. Apothecary Watts was appointed Marriage Registrar of Kadur, because a Native being then the Deputy Commissioner could not exercise those powers, but that so long as there was an European Deputy Commissioner no such special provision was necessary.	Do do	
18	A packing account of stores per S. S. "Poonah," was returned to the Executive Engineer in charge, Public Works Stores, Madras.	Do do	
19	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, the payment of the salaries of a temporary Assistant Surveyor and two Lascars employed in the Chitaldroog District, from 1st November 1877 to 31st March 1878, from district fund savings, was sanctioned, as also the retention of the establishment till the end of October 1878.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
20	A district fund notification of sanction for Rs. 17—13—0, being cart hire for conveying tools from Bangalore to Hassan, was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
121	As submitted by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, the alteration of certain items in a comparative statement shewing the estimate and the value of work actually executed to the district fund Moyahalla bridge in the Manjarabad Taluk, Hassan District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	20th Aug. 1878.	
122	The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to submit explanation with reference to the provision of funds in the district fund budget for constructing bridges on the Sira-Amrapur road.	Do do	
123	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, four district fund notifications of sanction amounting to Rs. 411, for repairing tunnels on certain roads in the Bangalore District, were accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
124	Do one amounting to Rs. 90, for sinking certain wells in the Bangalore District, was accepted.	Do do	
125	Copy of a communication from the Magistrate of North Arcot relative to certain articles of jewellery and ready money, the property of one Mulavalla Narayansami, was forwarded for disposal to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
126	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, was requested to send on to this office replies prepared to certain passages in the Famine Commissioner's Circular.	Do do	
127	Notification appointing Venkat Rao, Inspector of Police, Nelamangala Taluk, to act as 5th grade Amildar and 3rd class Magistrate of the Nelamangala Taluk, on probation, *vice* Sham Rao, placed out of employ till further orders, was gazetted, and copies sent to the Inspector General of Police, and Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
128	Letter No. 1440. dated 10th July 1878. from the Government of India, Financial Department, and its enclosure, regarding the travelling allowances of Hospital Assistants and members of office establishments, was forwarded to the Compilor, Mysore Gazette, for re-publication.—Copy of letter to Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	21st do	
129	Under the circumstances represented, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed in reply that the Amildars of the Chitaldroog and Davangere Taluks may appear for examination next year.	Do do	
130	In continuation of this office No. 2638—34 of the 5th ultimo, submitting the opinion of the Chief Commissioner on the arrangements to be made for taking the next census of India in 1881, copy of a note by Mr. C. A. Elliott, C. S. I., late Famine Commissioner of the Province, expressing his views on the several queries referred to in para 2 of Government of India letter No. 2 of the 20th February last, was transmitted to the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. o Progs. for July 1878, Part II, General.
131	One copy each of books containing specimens of the various vernacular character passing through the Post Office in India was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction and the Superintendent, Government Museum.	Do do	
132	A receipt granted by the officer in charge of Her Majesty's Treasury at Bangalore for 7s. 9d. paid into it on account of Carolina rice seed furnished to this administration by the Secretary of State, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	22nd do	
133	In compliance with instructions received from the Government of India, in the Financial Department, a report on the subject of the exten-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	sion of the Opium Act of 1876 (since repealed by Act I of 1878) to this Province, was submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department, Simla.		
134	Messrs. Higginbotham & Co. were requested to register this office for a copy of the "Indian Famine Campaign of 1876—78."	22nd Aug. 1878.	
135	A report was submitted to the Government of India of the departure on 6 months and 20 days' furlough to Europe of Major A. G. D. Logan, Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class.	Do do	
136	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the Chief Commissioner accepted the explanation of Kasturi Rangachari, Amildar, as to his inability to appear for examination this year, but that he must be directed to appear for examination next year.	Do do	
137	Certain correspondence as denoted regarding the refusal on the part of the Reverend Monsieur Nevue, Roman Catholic Priest at Mysore, to bury certain individuals of the Roman Catholic persuasion who died lately at that station, was forwarded to the Right Reverend the Vicar Apostolic of Mysore, with a request that the Chief Commissioner will be glad to know whether the action of the priest had his approval.	Do do	
138	In reply, copies of circulars issued from this office to the officers invited to reply to the questions of the Famine Commission were furnished to Mr. G. A. Ballard, Member of the Famine Commission, Revenue Board Office, Madras, with an intimation that he will be supplied with copies of such other orders as may hereafter issue.	Do do	
139	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to make enquiry as to the cause of the Dodkere tank in the Devanhalli Taluk being left in an unrepaired condition, and whether the jodidars have paid the contribution required of them in respect of the original repairs.	Do do	
140	Notification investing Mr. K. Mahomed Ali, Assistant Commissioner, Kadur District, with the power of a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII of 1859, as also to try offences against the Forest Rules, was gazetted, and copy sent in reply to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
141	In reply to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, who recommended the retirement of Venkoba Rao, Amildar of Kankanhalli, on gratuity, owing to failing health, that officer was informed that in the absence of the requisite medical certificate of unfitness for further service, the Amildar will not be eligible for gratuity or pension on discharge.	Do do	
142	A district fund notification of sanction submitted by Nundydroog Commissioner, amounting to Rs. 713, for repairing and adding to a tunnel on the Kolar-Sompur Road in the Bangalore District, was accepted, and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
143	As submitted by the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, an estimate for Rs. 84 for retracing the road from Pennapet to the junction of Attur-Wynad road was sanctioned to be met from Coorg District Funds of Rs. 600 provided in the current year's District Fund Budget.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
144	As submitted by the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, the expenditure incurred against the amount provided for contingencies in an estimate for improving the road from the main line between Shimoga and Hiriyur to the junction of the Nyamti and Hasur lines, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
145	An irrigation cess fund notification of sanction amounting to Rs. 480, for filling in the breach of tank No. 92 in the Shimoga District, was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
146	The proceedings of an ordinary meeting of the Town Municipal Board held on the 27th July 1878 were recorded.—Communicated to President, Town Municipal Commission.	22nd Aug. 1878.	
147	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, budget statement No. I of the Municipalities in the Kolar District for 1878—79 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
148	As submitted by Ashtagram Commissioner, budget estimates of the Húnsúr Town Municipality for 1878—79 were sanctioned and explanation called for on certain points.	23rd do	
149	A plan and estimate for constructing a clock tower at the Bangalore Pettah Market was returned to the President, Town Municipal Commission, unsanctioned, and with a request that all available funds be made use of to effect the many improvements of which the town is in need.	Do do	
150	Mr. Jackson, Lithographer, Government Lithograph Department, Fort Saint George, was requested to forward 2 colored copies of the map of Madras, 2nd edition, mounted on rollers to this office.	Do do	
151	Notification received from the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, posting certain medical subordinates, was gazetted and copy sent to the Deputy Surgeon General.	Do do	
152	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department telegram, dated the 21st instant, sanctioning further loan of five lakhs to this State, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
153	A grant (in duplicate) for a building site in the Town of Kolar in favor of Miss Anstey was returned signed to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
154	A pamphlet (with two spare copies) entitled "Suggestions for economy in the maintenance and supply of elephants to Government," received from the author Mr. G. P. Sanderson, formerly employed in the Mysore keddah establishment, was submitted as desired by that gentleman to the Government of India in the Foreign Department to receive such consideration as it may be deemed to merit.	Do do	
155	An estimate for Rs. 1,001 for constructing drains at the Siledar stables in Bangalore, submitted by the Military Assistant, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Chief Engineer and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
156	A recommendation from the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, for the grant of an extra allowance to the Hospital Assistant in charge of the Dispensary at Saklespur, was submitted for the consideration and orders of the Government of India, in the Home Department.	Do do	
157	Bi-monthly return of stores under provision by the Director General of Stores for India, up to 30th June 1878, was circulated amongst the officers concerned.	Do do	
158	Correspondence relating to an application from Surgeon P. H. Benson., M. D., Civil Surgeon, Nagar Division, and Superintendent, Shimoga Jail, for an extra allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, on the ground of an increase to the number of prisoners in the Jail, was submitted with the Chief Commissioner's opinion for the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
159	An estimate amounting to Rs. 1,549 for repairing the Siledar huts at Mysore was sanctioned and forwarded to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Divison, with the necessary instructions.—Communicated to Military	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Assistant in reply, Secretary, Department Public Works, and Deputy Accountant General.		
160	The receipt from the Foreign Post Office Department of four copies of the book containing specimens of various vernacular characters passing through the post office in India was acknowledged with thanks.	23rd Aug. 1878	*Vide* this statement No. 130.
161	Copies of extract from list of civil servants granted extensions of leave in which Mr. Marsden, Inspector of Schools, is noted as having been granted an extension of three months' leave by Her Majesty's Secretary of State, were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
162	Copy of Government of India, Home Department, No. 11—423, relative to the control and punishment of Hospital Assistants in civil employ was forwarded (with 3 spare copies) to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	Do do	
163	As submitted by Ashtagram Commissioner, two district fund notifications of sanction amounting to Rs. 101—11—0 for tolls, &c., in the Hassan District were sanctioned.	Do do	
164	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of a notification submitted removing 1st class Hospital Assistant F. Joseph from the Dispensary at Sagar to the Deputy Commissioner's establishment, Mysore District, on account of ill health.—Gazetted.	24th do	
165	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report more fully as to the urgent necessity of repairing the Golikere tank in the Dobbagatta hobli, Kadaba Taluk.	Do do	
166	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on a reference made by Colonel Benson, Honorary Secretary, Friend-in need Society, in regard to the submission by him of a monthly statement to the Special Relief Officer of the Cantonment in regard to the expenditure denoted, were communicated to that officer.—Communicated to President, General Relief Committee.	Do do	
167	An application for gratuity on behalf of 2nd class Asham Peon Papareddi was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for verification.	Do do	
168	Copy of Government of India, Home Department Resolution, No. 36—1445, dated 7th August 1878, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Registration for information and communication to the District Registrars.	Do do	
169	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks relative to the repair of certain tents belonging to the Bangalore District were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
170	Copies of report on municipal taxation and expenditure in the Lower Provinces of Bengal during the financial year 1876—77 received from the Government of India in the Home Department, were circulated to Commissioners of Divisions.	Do do	
171	Returns of sickness and mortality in the jails of this Province and Coorg for month of June 1878 were forwarded to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, Simla.	Do do	
172	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 1625 P., communicating instructions as to the procedure to be observed in the execution of treaties or formal agreements between the British Government and the Chief of a Native State, was forwarded to the Guardian to His Highness the Maha Raja.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
173	Notification granting Ramasamaiya, Amildar, Lakvalli Taluk, leave on medical certificate up to 18th July 1878 in extension, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	26th Aug. 1878.	
174	On the representation of the Military Assistant, the transfer to the pension list of two Siledars, declared unfit for further service, with effect from the 15th August 1878, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
175	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was granted to an excess expenditure of Rs. 78—13—4 incurred on account of the Dispensary at Tumkur being passed in account (District Funds.)	Do	do
176	Twenty copies of the report on the administration of the Province for 1876—77 were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction for sale at the Book and Tract Depository at Rs. two per copy.	27th	do
177	Notification granting Police Assistant Commissioner Panchanath Rao, privilege leave of absence for five days, was gazetted.	Do	do
178	In reply to No. 79, dated 6th March last, a report was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, that the planters in Coorg and a small portion of those in the Nagar Division seemed to consider that the proposed visit of M. Lapeyrere to examine the question of coffee disease would be of no practical use, and that they are not therefore inclined to avail themselves of his services. Another copy of Monsieur. J. Lapeyrere's work on the subject was asked for for the perusal of the Honorary Secretary, Mysore Planters' Association.	Do	do	*Vide* Vol. of Pro. for Mar. 1878 Part I, General
179	Notification granting T. R. Malhari Rao, Munsiff, Chelakere Sub-Division, three months' leave without allowances, under Section 9, supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, was gazetted and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do	do	*Vide* Vol fo Feb. 1878, Part II Genl No
180	Under the circumstances denoted, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed in reply that the Chief Commissioner declined to sanction a refund bill of Rs. 37—8—0, payable to one Narsimmaiya on account of duty paid by him on certain tobacco which is said to have been subjected to additional municipal duty on being brought into the Cantonment of Bangalore.	Do	do	
181	Copies of Government of India Notification, placing the services of Mr. G. K. Betham, Assistant Superintendent, 3rd grade, Mysore Revenue Survey, at the disposal of the Government of Bombay were gazetted and copy sent to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner and Deputy Accountant General.	28th	do	
182	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was instructed as to the rates of duty on salt pans applicable to the Channagiri and Honnalli Taluks	Do	do	
183	A petition from Mannar Pille, Annasami Pille and other arrack vendors in the Town of Mysore, was forwarded with remarks to Ashtagram Commissioner for enquiry and disposal.	Do	do	
184	Copy of Government of India Resolution. No. 2087, dated 10th instant regarding the grant of certain concessions to officers of all departments, employed in carrying out famine relief operations in Madras, Bombay and Mysore, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.—Resolution re-published with Chief Commissioner's Notification in local gazette for information.	Do	do	
185	The sanction of the Government of India in the Home Department was solicited to the adoption to the extent proposed of certain draft rules	Do	do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	(copy annexed) which have been drawn up with the object of providing regulations for the guidance of the municipal committees in towns other than Bangalore.		
186	The Chief Commissioner's order in the case of Lakshminarayanappa of the Banavar Taluk *vs.* Mele Gauda, was communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division.—Endorsement to parties concerned.	26th Aug. 1878.	
187	A hill and a baggage tent were forwarded to the Superintendent, Bangalore Central Jail, to submit an estimate of the repairs required to each.	Do do	
188	A report on the operations of the Bangalore Anglo-Indian-Aid Association was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, and confirmation was solicited to the orders of the Chief Commissioner directing the payment to the association for a further period of one year, from 1st January last, of a grant-in-aid of Rs. 100 per mensem.	Do do	
189	Under circumstances represented, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was authorized to continue the collection of tolls on the Harihar bridge by Government agency.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
190	A district fund notification of sanction amounting to Rs. 2 for purchasing two measuring tapes for the Pavagada and Budihal Taluks in the Chitaldroog District, was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
191	An estimate amounting to Rs. 28 for putting up tattis to the walls of the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Palyam, Hassan District, was sanctioned, and full appropriation made for the same in the civil budget.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
192	A district fund notification of sanction for Rs. 199, submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for constructing a tunnel near Timmayakanhalli on the Chintamani-Bagepalli road, was accepted and appropriation made.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
193	In reply, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed that his proposal to debit the salaries of the Assistant Surveyor and two Lascars from 1st November 1877 to 31st October 1878, against the district fund budget for 1878—79, was approved.—Communicated to Nagar Commissioner and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
194	One hundred copies of the Mysore Civil List as it stood on the 1st July 1878 were submitted to the Government of India, in the Financial Department.	29th do	
195	Six do do were transmitted to the Assistant Under-Secretary of State for India, India Office, London.	Do do	
196	As submitted by Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, an estimate for Rs. 91 for repairing the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Belur, Hassan District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Chief Engineer, Department Public Works.	Do do	
197	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on the suggestions denoted, made by the Army Sanitary Commission on the Bengal Sanitary Report for 1876, were submitted to the Government of India, in the Home Department, with an intimation that a notification will be published in the next issue of the *Mysore Gazette* announcing the offer of a reward of Rs. 500 for the best Sanitary Primer in English, which may meet with the approval of the Government of India.—Notification gazetted.	30th do	
198	Copies of Government of India, Financial Department Resolution No. 1455, complying with the application from this office on behalf of Lieutenant-Colonel Mollet and Dr. McGann for certain concessions in regard	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	to pay and period counting as service in India, were forwarded to the officers concerned and to the Government of Madras, Military Department.		
199	Referring to a communication on the subject, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Deputy Commissioners of Districts were required to circulate among Munsiffs the copies of the Indian Law Reports furnished to them, and that no additional copies for the purpose could be procured.	30th Aug. 1878.	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that the Chief Commissioner would reserve the proposals made by him relative a change in the curriculum of studies in the School of Engineering and Natural Science for Officers and Subordinates of the Forest Department, together with the suggestions of the committee thereon, for consideration hereafter when the orders of the Government of India regarding the future organization of the Forest Department are received.—Communicated to Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, and Director of Public Instruction.	14th Aug. 1878.	
2	Referring to a communication from him submitting for sanction the Hubli School Fund Budget Estimate for 1878—79, the Director of Public Instruction was requested to submit a budget of receipts as well as of expenditure shewing in each the actual figures of 1877—78 in addition to the estimates of that year and 1878—79.	22nd do	
3	The Director of Public Instruction was requested to report whether the text books now used in Government schools, &c., provide any information and instruction on the subject of sanitation, and if not, to what extent it may be practicable to introduce such teaching in an elementary form.	26th do	

Mysore Forest Commissioner's Office,
[illegible] 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copies of Government of India, Military Department No. 366, dated 30th July 1878, relative to the staff pay and allowances of Adjutants of Volunteer, Corps, were forwarded to the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers and the Deputy Accountant General.	9th Aug. 1878	
2	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Military Department that there was no post in this Province in which it would be practicable to employ Honorary Surgeon J. Slane, Subordinate Medical Department, who is unemployed.	13th do	
3	As submitted by the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, sanction was granted to six months' leave on private affairs to Captain Nepean Smith in extension of that granted in December last.	28th do	*Vide* Vol. for Dec. 1877, Part II, Genl. No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

FAMINE DEPARTMENT.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1878.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, a memo by the late Famine Commissioner on the taking of the census was forwarded to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the General Department.	1st Aug. 1878.	
2	As requested, the transfer of 14 orphans at the Mercara Relief Camp and Virajendrapet Hospital to the charge of the Revd. H. A. Kaundinya at Anandapur was sanctioned if the orphans are able to travel without injury.	Do do	
3	In reply, copy of the Deputy Accountant General's letter dated 25th ultimo anent his travelling allowance from Bombay to Fyzabad was forwarded to Lieutenant S. C. F. Peile, R. S. C., late a Special Relief Officer in this Province.	Do do	
4	At the request of the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, the transfer of girls from the Government orphanage to the care of the Revd. Noyce, was sanctioned—Communicated to the Honorary Secretary, Mysore General Relief Committee, for information.	1st do	
5	Mr. Lee's report of the desertion of the orphan boys from his Woollen Factory was communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and the Civil Surgeon, Mysore Commission, for information.	2nd do	
6	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, was informed that it does not seem expedient to start a new work for relief at Bowringpete, and that with the now reduced budget it is very questionable whether the Yedarur tank can ever be resumed by the Department Public Works.	Do do	
7	On the representation of the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, in respect to the execution of the Hadya tank work, Narsipur Taluk, it was ordered that the Amildar and the Relief Officer be each fined in a sum of Rs. 25 as a punishment for neglect of duty.	Do do	
8	With reference to a communication from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the General Department, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that it is intended that Mr. W. E. A. James should take up the duty of fixing the valuation of land required for the Mysore State Railway in addition to his Relief Work.	Do do	*Vide* order, dated 30th July 1878, Part II, Revenue.
9	The map of the Budihal Taluk, received from Mr. W. E. Taylor, late a Special Relief Officer, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, was informed that the Chief Commissioner does not see any necessity for sanctioning the grant required for the destruction of locusts should they re-appear in the District.	Do do	*Vide* order, dated 19th ultimo, Part II, Famine.
11	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, was informed that the rainfall slips may be discontinued, and that no printed forms of the grain-dole return are available.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Orders relative to the unexpended balance of the estimates for the metalling of the Dod Arsikere road and for the repairs to the Hadya and Hunsinkere tanks, were passed and communicated to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, and to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	2nd Aug. 1878.	
13	Deputy Commissioners of Districts were informed that the submission of diaries of Special Relief Officers may in future be dispensed with, and they were requested to also discontinue submission of their own diaries; but all officers, however, were instructed to report when anything worth noting occurs.	Do do	
14	The Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay was informed that the services of Mr. J. Davidson, B.C.S., (temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, have been replaced at the disposal of that Government and that he has been directed to report himself to him for duty.	Do do	
15	Copy of the Notification placing the services of Lieutenant H. C. Lamb, 4th Bengal Cavalry, at the disposal of the Government of Madras, was forwarded to the Additional Secretary to that Government in the Revenue Department with the intimation that that officer has been directed to report himself to the Collector of Salem.—Communicated to the Collector for information.	Do do	
16	Mr. C. A. Elliott, Secretary to the Famine Commission, was informed by telegraph that the return of imports and exports for the Nundydroog Division will take six weeks to come in; those for the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions are expected in a fortnight.	Do do	
17	A telegram relative to the departure of officers was sent to the Government of India in the Famine Department.	Do do	
18	A telegram reporting the prospects of the season for the week ending 27th ultimo, was sent to the Government of India in the Famine Department.	Do do	
19	The returns of relief camps and village relief for the week ending 20th ultimo, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
20	The notifications of sanction by the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, for the pay of Relief Inspectors, &c., were returned to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly accepted.	Do do	
21	As requested, Rai-Bahadur Arcot Narayanasami Modaliar was authorized to select 50 additional boys from the Palace Orphanage and he was informed that the bond in question will be awaited.	Do do	
22	The Special Famine Report of the Province for the week ending 27th ultimo was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
23	The Deputy Accountant General was requested to arrange for Major F. M. Maynard's pay bill for June 1878 amounting to Rs. 1,188 —8—0 being disbursed to him to-day, that officer having to leave Bangalore by to-night's mail train.	5th do	
24	The attention of the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, was drawn to the omission of any information in his intermediate report of the district for the week ending 27th ultimo, of the quantity of rain gauged at Chikmagalur and of the health of the people, and he was requested to supply these wants in future.	Do do	
25	Copy of the docket dated 30th March last from the Commissioner, Nagar Division, explaining the discrepancies pointed out by the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, in the appropriations for the Shimoga and Kadur Districts, was forwarded to the Examiner in reply.	6th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	In reply, Lieutenant W. J. Orr, Special Relief Officer, was informed that no copies of the map of the Tarikere Taluk are available in this Office.	6th Aug. 1878.	
27	Doctor J. Henderson's report dated 1st instant that he has taken charge of the Pettah Famine Relief Camp and Hospitals from Dr. E. Ferrand, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
28	The Government of India in the Public Works Department was informed by telegraph that the rain in Mysore is abundant and all going on well.	Do do	
29	An extract from Dr. Lincoln's report on the Department Public Works Camp near Chikballapur was forwarded to Mr. Mahomed Ali, Khan-Bahadur, through the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, with a request that clothing may be issued to such of the laborers as are in need of it, from the Mansion-House Funds at his disposal.	Do do	
30	Copy of letter dated 6th instant from the Chief Engineer of Mysore to the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division (communicated to this Office by endorsement) anent the closing of the Hulimangala tank work and the drafting of the coolies to the State Railway works, was forwarded with instructions to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, to Mr. W. James, and to Dr. J. Henderson.	Do do	
31	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was informed that if Amildar Venkatrangaiengar is ill, he should produce a medical certificate, when the 15 days' privilege leave applied for will be granted.	8th do	
32	On the representation of the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, instructions were issued to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, authorizing takavi advances to the extent of Rs. 2,000 being made for the purchase of seed grain in the Chanagiri Taluk, subject to conditions.	Do do	
33	The sanction of the Government of India, dated 26th ultimo, to the payment to Mr. E. Ludlow, from famine funds, of a gratuity at the rate of Rs. 450 per mensem from the 6th to the 28th June 1878, he being employed during that period on the test census returns of the Province, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General, to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the General Department, and to Mr. Ludlow, for information.	9th do	
34	In accordance with the recommendation of Mr. Ozanne, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, an allowance at the rate of one rupee a day was sanctioned to the Head Peshkar of the Bangalore Taluk, for the time he was employed as Village Relief Officer.	Do do	
35	The revised travelling allowance bills of Lieutenant C. M. Fitz-Gerald for September, October, November, and December 1877, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General with remarks.	Do do	
36	As recommended, sanction to the allowance of the Supervisor of the Civil Relief Work on the Magadi road being raised from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per mensem, was conveyed to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
37	As requested, extracts from the reports submitted to this Office speaking unfavorably of a few Hospital Assistants, were forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	Do do	
38	On the report of the Deputy Accountant General, two lakhs of rupees were made available, and to which it was directed that the grants amounting to Rs. 1,65,000, made on the 4th April last, should be debited.	Do do	*Vide* order dated 4th April 1878, Part I, Fav.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
39	Dr. E. Ferrand's report dated 1st instant, that he gave over charge of the Pettah Camp on that date to Dr. J. Henderson, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	9th Aug. 1878.	
40	The docket dated 31st ultimo from the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, reporting Lieutenant C. O. Nicholett's departure for Bangalore on the 30th ultimo, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
41	The letter dated 1st instant from Messrs. E. C. Ozanne and W. E. A. James, reporting that they have respectively handed over and received charge of the offices of Civil Officer, Mysore State Railway, and Special Relief Officer in charge Kengeri Circle, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
42	The docket dated 31st ultimo from the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, reporting Mr. J. Davidson's departure for Bangalore, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
43	The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, was requested to inform this Office at an early date what rates have been adopted in his District for payment of rewards for the destruction of locusts.	Do do	
44	Copy of letter dated 26th ultimo from the Secretary to the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Calcutta, was forwarded to Mr. W. E. A. James, Civil Officer, Mysore State Railway, for communication to Hospital Assistant Din Mahomed, in reply to his application addressed to the Surgeon General.	Do do	
45	The docket from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, anent the accounts of expenditure on gratuitous relief, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
46	The replacing of the services of Major F. M. Maynard, District Superintendent of Police, Unao, at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, was gazetted and communicated to the parties concerned.	Do do	
47	The Túmkúr Deputy Commissioner's intimation dated 5th instant, that the accounts of expenditure in relief camps in his District from April to June 1878 have been forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	10th do	
48	The Deputy Surgeon General's report dated 6th instant, that 3rd class Hospital Assistant Sheik Abdula of the Bengal Medical Establishment made his departure to Calcutta on the 4th idem, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
49	As recommended by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, the payment of Rs. 25 to Sriramasetti of Tyamagondlu to enable him to clean up his chatram which had been used as a relief camp was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
50	Dr. J. Henderson was informed of the despatch of blank forms of Camp return No. I as asked for by him.	Do do	
51	Receipt of the transfer receipt for Rs. 12—10—0, forwarded by the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, was acknowledged.	Do do	
52	A commendatory letter was addressed to Lieutenant P. E. Anderson, 25th Punjab N. I., Umballa, late a Special Relief Officer in this Province, expressive of the Famine Commissioner's greatest satisfaction with his steady and laborious efforts in the distribution of relief in the Town of Bangalore.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
53	The replacing of the services of Major F. M. Maynard, temporarily employed on Famine Duty in this Province, at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces, was intimated to the Secretary to that Government.—Major Maynard left Bangalore on the 6th instant.	10th Aug. 1878.	
54	In reply, copy of a docket dated 31st ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, stating that Mr. Beckmayers has left Kunigal, was forwarded to Lieutenant S. C. F. Poile, 2nd Q. O. Bengal L. Infantry, Murree.	Do do	
55	Enquiries were made of the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, as to why the names of the officials in the Túmkúr and Tiptur camps have been omitted in the statement submitted by him of inferior famine officials employed in his District on the 1st July 1878.	Do do	
56	Orders relative to the grave neglect of duty evinced by Butchi Venkaiya, Acting Amildar of Koratagere, in a matter connected with famine relief, were passed and communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, and to the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District.	Do do	
57	Copy of Mr. Lincoln's report of his visit to the Santekoppa relief work dated 27th July 1878, was forwarded to Captain D. Cowie, Special Relief Officer, with instructions.	Do do	
58	The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was informed that the two bills submitted by him for cart hire incurred by the Special Relief Officer of the District are sanctioned and forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for audit.	13th do	
59	The Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, was informed that the bill for mileage due to the Special Relief Officer of the Sira Taluk, for the month of April last, is countersigned and forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for audit.	Do do	
60	The President of the Town Municipal Commission was requested to expedite the submission of the return of deaths in houses.	Do do	
61	The report of the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, dated 7th instant, that Mr. G. K. Betham and Captain A. H. Macintire have respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Special Relief Officer of the District on the 1st idem, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
62	The report of the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, dated 7th instant, that Lieutenant E. A. Mostyn, Special Relief Officer of the Túmkúr Taluk, left for Chitaldroog on the 6th idem, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General, for information.	Do do	
63	As requested, the Kanarese estimates alluded to by him were returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
64	That the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, reports that the accounts of gratuitous relief expenditure from April to June 1878 have been submitted to the Deputy Accountant General was intimated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
65	Copy of Mr. Lincoln's report of his visit to the civil work at Doddballapur, dated 27th ultimo, was forwarded to Captain D. Cowie, with instructions.	Do do	
66	In reply, Mr. Lee of the Woollen Factory was informed that the Chief Commissioner is not prepared to comply with his request by making over to his charge the 60 girls he applies for.	Do do	
67	A supplemental estimate amounting to Rs. 607, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, for repairing the Somesvaradda-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of Previous Orders.
	palya tank, Mulbagal Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.		
68	Explanation was requested of the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, with reference to the fall of rain registered at the head-quarters of the Nagar Taluk during the week ending 3rd instant.	13th Aug. 1878.	
69	The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was informed that his suggestion that the permanent Amildar of the Nagamangala Taluk, now employed on Famine Duty, be directed to resume charge of the current work of the taluk, the present Acting Amildar being relegated to his substantive appointment, is approved.—Communicated to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, for information and guidance, and to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the General Department for issue of necessary orders.	Do do	
70	An estimate amounting to Rs. 1,944, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for collecting metal on the Bangalore-Magadi road, was sanctioned and full appropriation made.	Do do	
71	On a report submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, it was directed that Mahomed Mainuddin, Amildar of the Anekal Taluk, be suspended at once pending further orders. The Deputy Commissioner was requested to report the length of the Amildar's service and whether he is entitled to a pension.—Communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, and to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the General Department for issue of the necessary orders.	Do do	
72	Under the explanations rendered, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that the notifications of sanction denoted are accepted.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	14th do	
73	Copy of the Kolar Deputy Commissioner's docket dated 4th instant, stating that the estimate for the Hebbari tank has been submitted to the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation, was forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, in reply.	Do do	
74	At the request of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the payment of Rs. 87—8—0, to one Narayan Singh as compensation for his kandayam land taken up for the Hoskote-Sulibele road, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
75	Lieutenant Lamb's statement of relief works for the week ending 20th ultimo was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
76	The Government of India was informed by telegraph that all is going well in Mysore and that prices show a downward tendency.	Do do	
77	Returns of relief camps and village relief for the week ending 27th July 1878 were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	15th do	
78	Mr. Elliott's Report on the test census taken in certain selected hoblis of the Mysore Province on the night of the 19th January last, together with the Chief Commissioner's Minute thereon, was submitted to the Government of India in Public Works Department.	Do do	
79	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, was informed that the Famine Commissioner is unable to recommend an increase to the pay of Mrs. Johnson which is as much as any nurse gets.	Do do	
80	Enquiries were made of the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, relative to discrepancies noticed in the list of inferior famine officials serving in his District on the 1st instant submitted by him.	Do do	
81	Information concerning the Patels deserving of mention for good work done during the famine, and a table of monthly rain-fall as re-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	quoted, were forwarded to the Secretary to the Famine Commission at Simla.		
82	The report of the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, dated 3rd instant, that Mr. Lovery of the Inam Superintendent's Office has been directed to rejoin his appointment, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	16th Aug. 1878.	
83	The necessary instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner Chitaldroog District, and to the other officers concerned, with reference to the request of the Chief Engineer that a Special Relief Officer may be present when the Public Works relief works in the Pavagada Taluk are being completed.	Do do	
84	In reply, the Special Relief Officer of the Malur Taluk was informed that as long as coolies are kept in the special gang, they should not be punished for short work, but transferred to the B gang if able to do 50 per cent of the full task.	Do do	
85	The sanction of the Commander-in-Chief, dated Simla 8th instant, to the grant of 60 days' privilege leave to Lieutenant C. H. Des Vœux, 4th Bengal Infantry, from the date of being relieved of his Famine Duties in Mysore, was communicated to that officer.	Do do	
86	Copy of the Chief Engineer's letter dated 14th instant, anent the Devanur Kerosanto work, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, with instructions.	Do do	
87	The Special Famine Report of the Province for the fortnight ending 10th instant was submitted to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.	17th do	
88	A report of the season was, by telegraph, submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
89	As requested, the information necessary for the purpose was sent to Lieutenant P. E. Anderson, Bijapur, with a request that he will prepare and forward to this Office a bill for the allowance due to Jamadar Sheik Mehtab for dearness of grain.	Do do	
90	In reply to the explanation of the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, anent the decrease in the number of laborers in the Rosdurga Taluk, a hope was expressed that the wages of the A class coolies were cut for neglecting to do full tasks and not for inability to finish the task as stated; for, in the latter case they must have been incorrectly ganged.	Do do	
91	Deputy Commissioners of Districts were instructed to discontinue submitting the daily reports of rain fall, as owing to the assured prospects of the season, the report of the daily fall given in the condition reports of their Districts submitted weekly will be sufficient.	Do do	
92	The report of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, dated 13th instant, that Mr. G. K. Betham handed over, and Captain A. H. Macintire assumed, charge of the Famine Duties in the Túmkúr District, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	19th do	
93	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the Chief Commissioner considers it scarcely necessary that the amount drawn by Major Maynard for travelling in Coorg in connection with the relief operations in the Mysore District, should be recovered from that Province.	Do do	
94	With reference to his grain-dole return for the week ending 11th instant, the Officer in charge of the Poitah Relief Operations, Bangalore, was asked to explain why the total cost up to date is shewn to be the same as the cost of the week.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
95	The Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to submit a completion report for the Hulgar road relief work to enable the expenditure thereon being finally adjusted.	19th Aug. 1878.	
96	Approval of the suggestion made by the Deputy Commissioner Hassan District, that the Harnhalli-Pomasandra road work may be closed, and that the *specials* employed thereon be transferred to the A register of their villages, was conveyed to that officer in reply.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	20th do	
97	A cheque for Rs. 205 was forwarded to the Agent of the Madras Bank at Bangalore, with a request that the amount may be credited to the account of Mr. G. K. Betham recently transferred to Bombay.	Do do	
98	Lieutenant W. J. Orr's travelling allowance bills were returned to him for revision.	Do do	
99	The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was requested to direct Hospital Assistant Nilkamal to report himself to Mr. Winckler for charge of a hospital on the Bellary-Doderi road.	Do do	
100	With reference to his remark in the condition report of his District for the week ending 17th instant, the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was requested to report the circumstances under which the two deaths referred to occurred and what is known of the deceased.	Do do	
101	Mr. G. K. Betham was informed that the sum of Rs. 205 refunded to him by the Mysore General Relief Committee out of the Mansion House Fund has been remitted as requested to the Madras Bank to be credited to his account.	Do do	Order dated 26th June 1878, Part II, Famine.
102	Receipt of the sum of Rs. 205 remitted by the Honorary Secretary to the Mysore General Relief Committee on Mr. Betham's account, was acknowledged.	Do do	Order dated 26th June 1878, Part II, Famine
103	The replacing of the services of Hospital Assistant Morat-Lall of the Bengal Medical Establishment, temporarily employed in this Province on Famine Duty, at the disposal of the Surgeon General, Calcutta, was gazetted, and communicated to that officer, to whom the Hospital Assistant has been directed to report himself.	Do do	
104	Copy of letter dated Shimoga 9th instant from the Reverend P. E. Barre, anent the future of the orphans under his charge, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, for consideration and report.	21st do	
105	Explanation was asked of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, why the expenditure incurred on account of village relief in the Yelahanka and Yesvanchpur hoblis from 21st April to 30th June last, has now been shewn in the report for the week ending 10th instant in a lump sum, and not in the accounts of the weeks in which it was incurred.	Do do	
106	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was informed that the payment of Rs. 50 to one Rangasamaiengar for damages done to his tope at Hoskote by the establishment therein of a relief kitchen, is sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
107	Approval to the arrangements reported by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, to have been made for the transfer to the grain-dole list, of fitting objects who have been passed out of the Pettah Hospital, was conveyed to that officer in reply.—Communicated to Chief Engineer.	Do do	
108	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, was instructed to send the 100 orphan girls at once to the Roman Catholic Convent at Bangalore; and the handing over of 20 boys to the Wesleyan Mission at Túmkúr was sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
109	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was informed that the circular he proposes to issue to Shekdars authorizing them to place paupers on the grain-dole list is not approved of.	21st Aug. 1878.	
110	The telegram of the prospects of the season for the week ending 17th instant, was sent to the Government of India.	Do do	
111	The report of the Chief Engineer, dated 21st August 1878, that Hospital Assistant Hemchander Banerji is available for employment in the Relief Hospital at Túmkúr, was communicated to the Deputy Commissioner for information and guidance.	23rd do	
112	The President, Town Municipal Commission, was requested to furnish a statement of the number of deaths in houses in the town from the 6th to the 12th January last inclusive.	Do do	
113	The draft bond submitted to this Office by Mr. A. Naraiuswamy Modaliar, Rai-Bahadur, in which he undertakes to place in trust for the benefit o the orphanage instituted by him, Rs. 20,000 and the house in which the orphans are located, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, with a request that the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, may be asked to arrange for the due preparation by a competent person, of a valid and clear deed, and to submit the draft thereof for approval.	Do do	Order dated 27th March 1878, Part I, Famine.
114	Approval to the stopping of the grain-dole in the Channagiri Taluk was conveyed in reply to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, with the request that the accounts of the village relief expenditure should be finally closed and rendered to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
115	Under the circumstances reported, the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was informed that the money spent without authority by the Shekdars in question may be recovered from them as recommended.	Do do	
116	Approval to the statement of amounts realized by the sale of materials of abolished relief camps, was conveyed in reply to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, and enquiries were made anent the materials of the abolished camps at Burudakunte and Tipparhalli, Sidlagatta Taluk.	Do do	
117	The confirmation of the Government of India, dated 31st ultimo, to the sanction accorded by the Chief Commissioner to the expenditure from the revenues of Coorg of the sum of Rs. 8,000 for the continuance of relief measures in that Province, was communicated to the Superintendent.	26th do	
118	A transfer receipt for Rs. 361—15—0, being the travelling allowance of Lieutenant C. M. Fitz Gerald, was forwarded to that officer.	Do do	Order dated 9th instant, Part II, Famine.
119	Explanations were asked of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, anent discrepancies noticed in his condition report for the week ending 10th instant.	Do do	
120	Explanation was asked of the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, as to what works the officials of the Túmkúr and Tiptur camps are paid from, and why.	Do do	Order dated 10th instant, Part II, Famine.
121	The reports of the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Shimoga Districts, anent the submission to him of the accounts of expenditure on gratuitous relief incurred since April last, were communicated to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	Do do	
122	Approval to the action of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, in the matter of the Mysore paupers in the relief camp at Punganur, North Arcot, being taken charge of by the Mulbagal Amildar, was conveyed in reply to that officer.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
123	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 296—7—0, being the amount of his travelling allowance for June and July, was forwarded to Lieutenant C. O. Nicholetts, Poona.	26th Aug. 1878.	
124	Returns of relief camps and village relief for the fortnight ending 10th instant, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
125	The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was asked if the Totis in the Hassan camp cannot be paid in grain with perhaps one rupee per mensem in addition.	27th do	
126	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was informed that no special return of rain fall need be submitted for August 1878, the information given in the condition report of the District being sufficient.	Do do	
127	The receipt of the Agent of the Madras Bank for the sum of Rs. 205 credited to the account of Mr. Betham, was forwarded to that officer at Poona.	Do do	Orders dated 20th instant, Part II, Famine.
128	Under the circumstances represented by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction to the expenditure of Rs. 350 incurred for metalling and gravelling a portion of the Bangalore-Kankanhalli road being met, as suggested, from the balance of relief works grant at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was conveyed in reply to the Commissioner, and communicated to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	28th do	
129	At the suggestion of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, the sum of Rs. 799 sanctioned for the purchase of the tools required for the Shimoga District, was directed to be debited to the 47th Lakh grant of 7th instant.	29th do	
130	A petition from Channegauda and other ryots of Ugani, Koratagere Taluk, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkúr District, for disposal.	Do do	
131	A telegram of the prospects of the season for the week ending 24th instant, was forwarded to the Government of India.	Do do	
132	In reply, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed that the allowance of the Supervisor on the Magadi road is debitable to the work on which he is employed.	30th do	Order dated 9th instant, Part II, Famine.
133	Information was asked of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, concerning the tools required for the collection of metal on the Bangalore-Magadi road.	Do do	
134	Captain D. Cowie and Mr. W. James's replies to the questions on special sanitary and medical subjects, were forwarded to the Member of the Famine Commission accredited to Mysore.	Do do	
135	The estimate for repairing the Chambanhalli tank in the Anekal Taluk, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was returned to him, with a request that a completion report for the work done to the tank as a civil work, may be submitted.	Do do	
136	The Special Famine Report of the Province for the fortnight ending 24th instant was submitted to the Government of India.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 1878.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Addl. Secretary.